BECKER COUNTY DETROIT LAKES, MINNESOTA YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024



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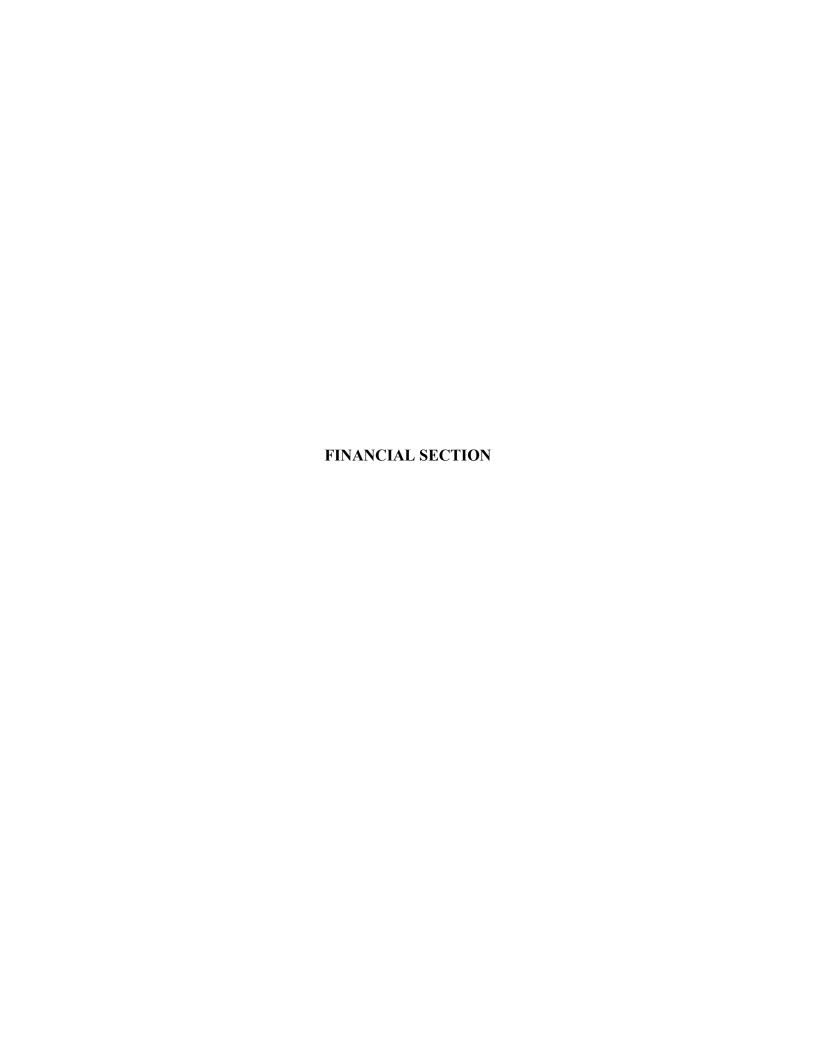
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BECKER COUNTY DETROIT LAKES, MINNESOTA ORGANIZATION DECEMBER 31, 2024

Office	Name	Term Expires
Commissioners 1st District 2nd District 3rd District 4th District 5th District	Erica Jepson David Meyer** John Okeson* Richard Vareberg Barry Nelson	January 2027 January 2027 January 2025 January 2025 January 2025
Officers Elected Attorney Auditor-Treasurer Sheriff	Brian McDonald Mary Hendrickson Todd Glander	January 2027 January 2027 January 2027
Appointed Administrator Assessor Highway Engineer Coroner Human Services Director Human Resources Director Recorder/ Registrar of Titles Land Use Director Surveyor	Carrie Smith Lee Brekke Jim Olson Nicole Strand Denise Warren Teaira Christen Susan Syvertson Steve Skoog Josh Pfeffer	Indefinite Appointed Indefinite Appointed Indefinite Indefinite Indefinite Indefinite Appointed

^{*2024} Chair

^{**2024} Vice Chairman





INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Board of County Commissioners Becker County Detroit Lakes, Minnesota

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Becker County (the County), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, based on our report and the report of other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County, as of December 31, 2024, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

We did not audit the financial statements of the Sunnyside Care Center, which represents the amounts shown as the business-type activities and major enterprise fund as of December 31, 2024. Those statements were audited by other auditors whose report has been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for the Sunnyside Care Center enterprise fund, is based solely on the report of the other auditors.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the County and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the County's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
 opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is
 expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.

• Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the County's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison schedules, schedule of changes in the County's total OPEB liability and related ratios, schedules of proportionate share of net pension liability (asset) and schedules of pension contributions be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with GAAS, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and budgetary schedules, combining statement of fiduciary net position, combining statement of changes in fiduciary net position, schedule of intergovernmental revenue, and schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with GAAS. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules, combining statement of fiduciary net position, combining statement of changes in fiduciary net position, schedule of intergovernmental revenue, and schedule of expenditures of federal awards, are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Board of County Commissioners Becker County

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the introductory section but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditors' report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated September 23, 2025, on our consideration of the County's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the County's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

Clifton Larson Allen LLP

Alexandria, Minnesota September 23, 2025



The management of Becker County offers readers of the County's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of Becker County for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2024. The Management's Discussion and Analysis provides comparisons with the previous year and is designed to focus on the current year's activities, resulting changes, and currently known facts, and should be read in conjunction with the County's basic financial statements that follow this section.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

The total net position of governmental activities is \$153,645,702 of which \$128,939,409 is net investment in capital assets, \$11,217,558 is restricted for specific purposes, and \$13,488,735 is unrestricted. The total net position of governmental activities increased by \$5,448,529 for the year ended December 31, 2024.

The total net position of business-type activities is \$1,251,566, of which \$355,419 is net investment in capital assets, \$11,561 is restricted for capital projects, and \$884,586 is unrestricted. The total net position of business-type activities increased by \$186,904 for the year ended September 30, 2024.

At the close of 2024, the County's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$39,583,525 an increase of \$717,488 from the prior year. Of the total fund balance amount, \$2,397,842 is nonspendable, \$8,719,070 is legally or contractually restricted, \$82,246 is formally committed for specific purposes, \$15,271,946 is assigned for specific purposes, and \$13,112,421 is noted as unassigned fund balance. Maintaining an adequate fund balance is necessary to provide County services throughout the year.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to Becker County's basic financial statements, which are comprised of three components: (1) government-wide financial statements, (2) fund financial statements, and (3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the County's finances. These statements include all assets and deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources using the full accrual basis of accounting, which is similar to the accounting used by most private-sector businesses. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The Statement of Net Position presents information on all of the County's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources with the difference reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the County is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (such as uncollected taxes).

In the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, we divide the County into two kinds of activities:

- Governmental activities--Most of the County's basic services are reported here, including general government, public safety, public transportation, highways and streets, sanitation, human services, health, culture and recreation, and conservation of natural resources. Property taxes and state and federal grants finance most of these activities.
- Business-type activities--The County charges fees to cover the costs of certain services it provides. Included here are the operations of the Sunnyside Care Center.
- Component unit--The County includes one separate legal entity in its report. The Becker County Economic Development Authority is presented in a separate column. Although legally separate, this "component unit" is important because the County is financially accountable for it. Complete financial statements of the Becker County Economic Development Authority can be obtained from the Becker County Auditor-Treasurer's Office located at 915 Lake Avenue, Detroit Lakes, Minnesota 56501.

The government-wide financial statements can be found as Exhibits 1 and 2 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. Becker County, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the County can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental Funds: Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, fund-level financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's short-term financing decisions. Both the Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Governmental Funds provide a reconciliation to facilitate the comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The County reports three governmental fund types: General, Special Revenue, and Debt Service. Information is presented separately in the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet and in the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance for the General Fund, Public Safety Special Revenue Fund, Road and Bridge Special Revenue Fund, Human Services Special Revenue Fund, and the Environmental Affairs Special Revenue Fund, all of which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other five special revenue funds and the Debt Service Fund are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these nonmajor governmental funds is provided in combining statements after the notes to the financial statements.

Becker County adopts annual budgets for its general, special revenue and debt service funds. Budgetary comparisons have been provided for these funds to demonstrate compliance with their budgets.

Proprietary Funds: Becker County maintains one proprietary fund. The Sunnyside Care Center Enterprise Fund is used to account for the operations of the Sunnyside Care Center. Financing is provided by charges to residents for services. Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements and are included in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities as business-type activities.

Fiduciary Funds: Fiduciary funds are used to account for assets held by the County as an agent for others. Fiduciary Funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because those resources are not available to support the County's programs. The County is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes and by those to whom the assets belong. All of the County's fiduciary activities are reported in a separate statement of fiduciary net position and statement of changes in fiduciary net position.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes to the financial statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found beginning on page 38 of this report.

Other Information--In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information. The County also provides supplementary information and other schedules, including combining statements, budgetary comparison schedules, a schedule of intergovernmental revenue, and a schedule of expenditures of federal awards.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Over time, net position serves as a useful indicator of the County's financial position. The County's assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources by \$154,897,268 at the close of 2024. The largest portion of the County's net position (approximately 83.5%) reflects its net investment in capital assets (land, right-of-way, construction in progress, infrastructure, buildings and improvements, land improvements, machinery, furniture and equipment), less any related outstanding debt or contracts payable used to acquire those assets. It should be noted that this amount is not available for future spending. Approximately 7.2% of the County's net position is restricted, and 9.3% of the County's net position is unrestricted. The unrestricted net position amount of \$14,373,321 as of December 31, 2024, may be used to meet the County's ongoing obligations to citizens.

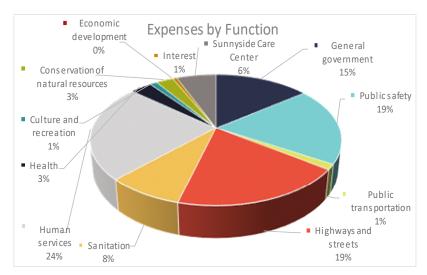
The County's overall financial position increased \$5,635,433 from last year. Total assets increased by \$2,804,563 from the prior year as a result of various road projects that were added to infrastructure and increases in the fair market value of investments.

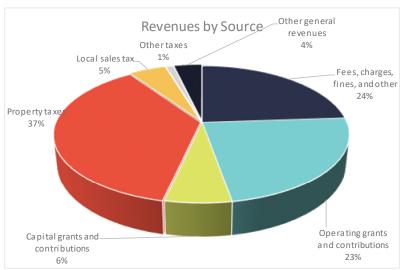
Net Position

	Governmen	tal Activities	Business-Ty	pe Activities	Total Primary Government			
	2024	2023	2024	2023	2024	2023		
Assets								
Current and other assets	\$ 48,271,701	\$ 50,516,092	\$ 2,064,261	\$ 1,758,603	\$ 50,335,962	\$ 52,274,695		
Capital assets	146,604,449	141,854,622	991,118	997,649	147,595,567	142,852,271		
Total Assets	194,876,150	192,370,714	3,055,379	2,756,252	197,931,529	195,126,966		
Deferred Outflows of Resources	6,296,688	8,734,075	428,696	634,189	6,725,384	9,368,264		
Liabilities								
Other liabilities	5,163,480	6,927,119	483,913	491,691	5,647,393	7,418,810		
Long-term liabilities outstanding	31,841,819	36,152,691	912,866	1,108,929	32,754,685	37,261,620		
Total Liabilities	37,005,299	43,079,810	1,396,779	1,600,620	38,402,078	44,680,430		
Deferred Inflows of Resources	10,521,837	9,827,806	835,730	725,159	11,357,567	10,552,965		
Net Position								
Net investment in capital assets	128,939,409	120,977,977	355,419	351,115	129,294,828	121,329,092		
Restricted	11,217,558	11,499,991	11,561	11,341	11,229,119	11,511,332		
Unrestricted	13,488,735	15,719,205	884,586	702,206	14,373,321	16,421,411		
Total Net Position	\$ 153,645,702	\$ 148,197,173	\$ 1,251,566	\$ 1,064,662	\$ 154,897,268	\$ 149,261,835		

Changes in Net Position

	G	overnmen	tal A	ctivities	Business-Type Activities			ctivities	Total Primary Government			
	20)24		2023		2024		2023		2024		2023
Revenues												
Program Revenues:												
Fees, charges, fines, and other	\$ 12	,953,186	\$	12,240,283	\$	4,194,940	\$	3,470,391	\$	17,148,126	\$	15,710,674
Operating grants and contributions	16	,602,318		18,413,276		137,103		13,805		16,739,421		18,427,081
Capital grants and contributions	4	,436,225		6,040,419		220		300		4,436,445		6,040,719
General Revenues:												
Property taxes	26	,552,398		24,945,549		-		-		26,552,398		24,945,549
Local sales tax	3	,490,413		3,789,716		-		-		3,490,413		3,789,716
Other taxes		709,971		634,586		-		-		709,971		634,586
Grants and contributions, not												
restricted to specific programs	2	,436,362		1,658,582		-		-		2,436,362		1,658,582
Other general revenues	2	,618,831		2,180,233		3,201		18	_	2,622,032	_	2,180,251
Total Revenues	69	,799,704		69,902,644		4,335,464		3,484,514		74,135,168		73,387,158
Expenses												
General government	9	,917,426		9,426,738		-		-		9,917,426		9,426,738
Public safety	13	,172,467		12,724,968		-		-		13,172,467		12,724,968
Public transportation		889,783		1,021,682		-		-		889,783		1,021,682
Highways and streets	13	,059,210		12,247,652		-		-		13,059,210		12,247,652
Sanitation	5	,704,812		6,803,374		-		-		5,704,812		6,803,374
Human services	16	,367,486		15,502,768		-		-		16,367,486		15,502,768
Health	2	,228,455		1,964,079		-		-		2,228,455		1,964,079
Culture and recreation		760,327		921,422		-		-		760,327		921,422
Conservation of natural resources	1	,809,284		1,418,013		-		-		1,809,284		1,418,013
Economic development		-		285,294		-		-		-		285,294
Interest		441,925		460,552		-		-		441,925		460,552
Sunnyside Care Center		-				4,148,560		3,323,026	_	4,148,560	_	3,323,026
Total Expenses	64	,351,175		62,776,542		4,148,560		3,323,026	_	68,499,735		66,099,568
Increase in net position	5	,448,529		7,126,102		186,904		161,488		5,635,433		7,287,590
Net Position, January 1	148	,197,173		141,071,071		1,064,662		903,174		149,261,835		141,974,245
Net Position, December 31	\$ 153	,645,702	\$	148,197,173	\$	1,251,566	\$	1,064,662	\$	154,897,268	\$	149,261,835







FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE GOVERNMENT'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, the County uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements, with a focus on short-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. In particular, unrestricted fund balance may serve as a useful measure of the County's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

Governmental Funds

At the end of 2024, the County's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$39,583,525. Of this amount, approximately 6.1% constitutes nonspendable fund balance, 22.0% constitutes legally or contractually restricted fund balance, 0.2% constitutes formally committed fund balance, 38.6% constitutes specifically assigned fund balance, and 33.1% constitutes unassigned fund balance.

The General Fund is the operating fund of the County. At the end of the current fiscal year, the General Fund's total fund balance was \$20,619,999. The General Fund's nonspendable fund balance was \$1,702,104, restricted fund balance was \$148,503, committed fund balance was \$82,246, assigned fund balance was \$0, and unassigned fund balance was \$18,687,146. As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it is useful to compare both unrestricted fund balance and total fund balance to total fund expenditures for 2024. Unassigned fund balance represents 149.4% of total General Fund expenditures, while total fund balance represents 164.9% of that same amount.

In 2024, the fund balance in the General Fund increased by \$1,460,347 primarily due to more than budgeted investment earnings revenue.

The fund balance of the Public Safety Special Revenue Fund decreased \$585,067 from the prior year balance primarily due to sheriff expenditures coming in over budget. Ending fund balance totals \$2,807,819.

The fund balance of the Road and Bridge Special Revenue Fund decreased \$2,110,151 in 2024, due to a increase in highways and streets expenditures from the prior year.

The fund balance of the Human Services Special Revenue Fund increased \$574,547 from the prior year, due mainly to expenditures coming in under budget.

The fund balance of the Environmental Affairs Special Revenue Fund increased \$1,474,192 due to the completion of the bonded building project in the prior year.

Proprietary Fund

The Sunnyside Care Center Enterprise Fund's total operating revenues increased \$724,549, or approximately 20.9%. Nursing facility occupancy for fiscal year 2023 was 91.1% compared to 82.4% in fiscal year 2024. Operating expenses increased \$857,881, or 26.2%. This resulted in operating income of \$66,837. When the nonoperating revenues and expenses and capital contributions are added to the analysis, the total change in net position was a positive \$186,904.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

There were amendments to the original budget as approved for 2024.

Actual revenues were more than overall final budgeted revenues by \$3,111,739, due to a higher amount of intergovernmental revenue and higher investment earnings.

Actual expenditures were more than overall final budgeted expenditures by \$1,198,392, as a result of an increase in general government and conservation of natural resources expenditures.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND LONG-TERM DEBT

Capital Assets

The County's investment in capital assets for its governmental activities as of December 31, 2024, and business-type activities, amounted to (net of accumulated depreciation and amortization). The total increase in the County's investment in capital assets for the current fiscal year was approximately. This was primarily due to building projects for both highway and environmental services.

		Governmen	ntal Activities Business-Ty			ype Activities			Total Primary Governme			
		2024		2023	2024 2023			2024	2023			
Land	\$	2,039,801	\$	2,039,801	\$	118,625	\$	118,625	\$	2,158,426	\$	2,158,426
Right-of-way	Ψ	1,361,866	Ψ	1,361,016	Ψ	-	Ψ	-	Ψ	1,361,866	Ψ	1,361,016
Construction in progress		6,706,530		3,149,552		-		-		6,706,530		3,149,552
Infrastructure		83,267,809		81,391,872		-		-		83,267,809		81,391,872
Buildings and improvements		45,066,782		46,414,111		763,571		779,533		45,830,353		47,193,644
Land improvements		858,879		953,686		17,215		22,067		876,094		975,753
Machinery, furniture, and equipment		7,274,275		6,488,231		65,316		45,588		7,339,591		6,533,819
Right-to-Use Assets		28,507		56,353		26,391		31,836		54,898		88,189
Total Capital Assets	\$	146,604,449	\$	141,854,622	\$	991,118	\$	997,649	\$	147,595,567	\$	142,852,271

Additional information on the County's capital assets can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

Long-Term Debt

At the end of the current fiscal year, the County had total debt outstanding of \$16,940,000 which is backed by the full faith and credit of the government.

	Governmental Activities			Business-Type Activities				Total Primary Government			
	2024		2023		2024		2023		2024		2023
General obligation bonds Advanced from other fund	\$ 16,940,000	\$	18,145,000	\$	606,073	\$	- 654,516	\$	16,940,000 606,073	\$	18,145,000 654,516
Total Long-Term Debt	\$ 16,940,000	\$	18,145,000	\$	606,073	\$	654,516	\$	17,546,073	\$	18,799,516

The County's long-term debt decreased due to the repayment of outstanding debt during 2024.

Minnesota Statutes limit the amount of debt that a county may have to three percent of its total market value, excluding revenue bonds. At the end of 2024, overall debt of the County is below the 3% debt limit.

Becker County's bond rating is "AA+" from Standard and Poor's.

Additional information on the County's long-term debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET

- The County depends on financial resources flowing from, or associated with, both the Federal Government and the State of Minnesota. Because of this dependency, the County is subject to changes in specific flows of intergovernmental revenues based on modifications to Federal and State laws and Federal and State appropriations. It is also subject to changes in investment earnings and asset values associated with U.S. Treasury Securities because of actions by foreign governments and other holders of publicly held U.S. Treasury Securities.
- The unemployment rate for Becker County was 3.5% as of December 31, 2024. This is higher than statewide rate of 3.0%.
- Becker County's 2024 population estimation was 35,444, an increase of 262 since 2020.
- On December 12, 2024, Becker County set its 2025 revenue and expenditure budgets.

REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

This annual financial report is designed to provide a general overview of Becker County for all those with an interest in the County's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Becker County Auditor-Treasurer's Office, 915 Lake Avenue, Detroit Lakes, Minnesota 56501.





BECKER COUNTY DETROIT LAKES, MINNESOTA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION – EXHIBIT 1 DECEMBER 31, 2024

		I	Prima	ry Governmer	ıt			Discretely Presented
	G	overnmental		siness-Type			C	omponent
		Activities		Activities	Total			Unit
Assets								
Cash and pooled investments	\$	37,576,010	\$	2,300,750	\$	39,876,760	\$	1,311,647
Restricted cash		-		_		-		1,340,059
Petty cash and change funds		8,900		-		8,900		-
Taxes receivable		1,394,043		-		1,394,043		5,372
Special assessments receivable		78,221		-		78,221		-
Accounts receivable, net		1,298,888		332,408		1,631,296		21,485
Accrued interest receivable		149,788		-		149,788		_
Notes and loans receivable		915,263		_		915,263		22,977
Property held for resale		-		-		-		46,188
Internal balances		606,073		(606,073)		-		-
Due from other governments		5,238,386		_		5,238,386		121,221
Loans receivable - noncurrent		-		_		-		245,060
Prepaid items		876,506		22,485		898,991		6,009
Lease receivable		129,623		-		129,623		-
Restricted assets								
Donor restricted assets		-		11,766		11,766		_
Resident trust funds		-		2,925		2,925		_
Capital assets								
Nondepreciable		10,108,197		118,625		10,226,822		370,997
Depreciable/Amortizable - net of								
accumulated depreciation/amortization		136,496,252		872,493		137,368,745		2,655,977
Total Assets	\$	194,876,150	\$	3,055,379	\$	197,931,529	\$	6,146,992
Deferred Outflows of Resources								
Deferred pension outflows	\$	5,675,974	\$	428,696	\$	6,104,670	\$	_
Deferred OPEB outflows	_	620,714	_	<u>-</u>	_	620,714		
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$	6,296,688	\$	428,696	\$	6,725,384	\$	_

BECKER COUNTY DETROIT LAKES, MINNESOTA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION – EXHIBIT 1 (CONTINUED) DECEMBER 31, 2024

		I	Prima	ry Governme	nt			Discretely Presented	
	G	overnmental		siness-Type			Component		
		Activities		Activities		Total		Únit	
<u>Liabilities</u>									
Accounts payable	\$	1,231,394	\$	64,891	\$	1,296,285	\$	13,063	
Salaries payable		2,253,927		67,355		2,321,282		-	
Contracts payable		368,806		-		368,806		-	
Due to other governments		785,406		-		785,406		52,419	
Due to fiduciary funds		60,099		-		60,099		-	
Deposits		186,015		-		186,015		<u>-</u>	
Other liabilities		_		-		-		16,730	
Accrued interest payable		131,333		1,630		132,963		-	
Unearned revenue		146,500		347,112		493,612		-	
Security deposits		-		2.025				25,170	
Customer deposits		-		2,925		2,925		-	
Long-term liabilities		2 120 402		07.045		2 227 720			
Due within one year		3,130,483		97,245		3,227,728		2 417 200	
Due in more than one year		17,803,951		24,478		17,828,429		2,417,300	
Other postemployment benefits - current		86,833		-		86,833		-	
Other postemployment benefits		1,395,861		701 142		1,395,861		-	
Net pension liability		9,424,691		791,143		10,215,834			
Total Liabilities	\$	37,005,299	\$	1,396,779	\$	38,402,078	\$	2,524,682	
Deferred Inflows of Resources									
Deferred pension inflows	\$	10,240,354	\$	835,730	\$	11,076,084	\$	_	
Lease related		119,215		-		119,215		_	
Deferred OPEB inflows		162,268		_		162,268		-	
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$	10,521,837	\$	835,730	\$	11,357,567	\$		
Net Position									
Net investment in capital assets Restricted for	\$	128,939,409	\$	355,419	\$	129,294,828	\$	609,674	
General government		295,828		_		295,828		_	
Public safety		1,208,662		_		1,208,662		_	
Highways and streets		4,675,584		_		4,675,584		_	
Human services		615,326		_		615,326		_	
Capital projects		-		11,561		11,561		_	
Opioid endemic response		1,516,360		,		1,516,360		_	
Conservation of natural resources		1,546,583		_		1,546,583		_	
Debt service		1,359,215		_		1,359,215		-	
Housing		-		_		-		1,554,406	
Unrestricted		13,488,735		884,586		14,373,321		1,458,230	
Total Net Position	\$	153,645,702	\$	1,251,566	\$	154,897,268	\$	3,622,310	

BECKER COUNTY DETROIT LAKES, MINNESOTA STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES – EXHIBIT 2 YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

		nues					
		Expenses	Fees, arges, Fines, and Other	(Operating Grants and ontributions	_	Capital Frants and ntributions
Functions/Programs							
Governmental activities							
General government	\$	9,917,426	\$ 1,933,357	\$	384,917	\$	_
Public safety		13,172,467	713,363		1,064,128		_
Public transportation		889,783	90,786		807,168		-
Highways and streets		13,059,210	1,347,546		3,039,542		4,138,659
Sanitation		5,704,812	6,492,876		156,926		297,566
Human services		16,367,486	1,186,872		8,750,469		-
Health		2,228,455	628,780		1,261,185		-
Culture and recreation		760,327	17,854		244,927		-
Conservation of natural resources		1,809,284	541,752		893,056		-
Interest		441,925	 -				
Total governmental activities	\$	64,351,175	\$ 12,953,186	\$	16,602,318	\$	4,436,225
Business-type activities							
Sunnyside Care Center		4,148,560	4,194,940		137,103		220
Total Primary Government	\$	68,499,735	\$ 17,148,126	\$	16,739,421	\$	4,436,445
Component unit							
Economic Development Authority	\$	1,052,763	\$ 357,214	\$	312,685	\$	130,467

General Revenues

Property taxes

Gravel taxes

Mortgage registry and deed tax

Taxes - other

Taxes - local sales tax

Grants and contributions not restricted to specific

programs

Payments in lieu of tax

Investment earnings

Miscellaneous

Total general revenues

Change in Net Position

Net Position - Beginning

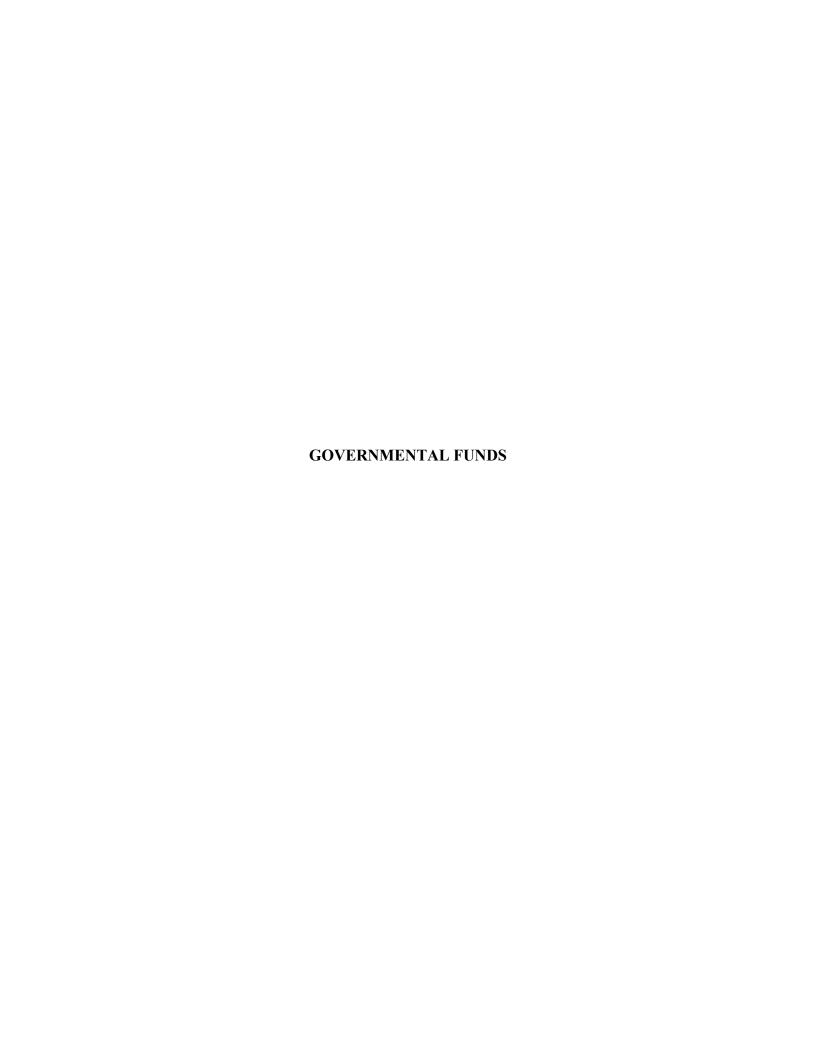
Net position - Ending

BECKER COUNTY DETROIT LAKES, MINNESOTA STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES – EXHIBIT 2 (CONTINUED) YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

Net (Expense)	Revenue ai	nd Change	in Net	Position

	Net (Expense) Revenue and Change in Net Position									
			ry Governmer	ıt		Discretely				
-G	Governmental Activities		siness-Type Activities		Total	Presented Component Unit				
\$	\$ (7,599,152) (11,394,976) 8,171 (4,533,463) 1,242,556 (6,430,145) (338,490) (497,546) (374,476) (441,925)		\$		(7,599,152) (11,394,976) 8,171 (4,533,463) 1,242,556 (6,430,145) (338,490) (497,546) (374,476) (441,925)					
\$	(30,359,446)	\$	-	\$	(30,359,446)					
	(30,359,446)	<u> </u>	183,703 183,703	<u> </u>	183,703 (30,175,743)					
						\$	(252,397)			
\$	26,268,540 236,518 47,340 352 3,490,413 2,436,362 709,619 2,297,148	\$	3,201	\$	26,268,540 236,518 47,340 352 3,490,413 2,436,362 709,619 2,300,349	\$	123,202 - - - - 36,476 - 20,000			
_	321,683	•	2 201		321,683		4,210			
<u>\$</u>	35,807,975 5,448,529	<u>\$</u> \$	3,201 186,904	<u>\$</u>	35,811,176 5,635,433	<u>\$</u> \$	183,888 (68,509)			
_	148,197,173		1,064,662		149,261,835		3,741,179			
\$	153,645,702	\$	1,251,566	\$	154,897,268	\$	3,672,670			





BECKER COUNTY DETROIT LAKES, MINNESOTA BALANCE SHEET – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS – EXHIBIT 3 DECEMBER 31, 2024

	Public General Safety				Road and Bridge		
<u>Assets</u>							
Cash and pooled investments	\$	16,136,941	\$	4,048,437	\$	-	
Petty cash and change funds		7,550		200		100	
Taxes receivable							
Current		74,252		148,253		908,044	
Delinquent		22,874		50,735		14,109	
Special assessments receivable							
Delinquent		-		-		-	
Deferred		33,600		=		-	
Accounts receivable, net		14,495		878		12,792	
Accrued interest receivable		149,788		-		-	
Notes and loans receivable		915,263		-		-	
Due from other funds		3,352,429		-		44,122	
Due from other governments		473,155		55,478		2,681,731	
Lease receivable		129,623		=		-	
Prepaid items		180,768		37,577		646,655	
Advance to other funds		606,073		-		-	
Total Assets	\$	22,096,811	\$	4,341,558	\$	4,307,553	
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances							
Liabilities							
Accounts payable	\$	151,501	\$	206,461	\$	346,401	
Salaries payable		637,204		607,705		151,937	
Contracts payable		-		· -		368,806	
Due to other funds		5,485		7,825		3,339,013	
Due to other governments		16,355		442,693		3,806	
Due to fiduciary fund		-		-		-	
Deposits		186,015		-		-	
Unearned revenue		83,111		63,389			
Total Liabilities	\$	1,079,671	\$	1,328,073	\$	4,209,963	
Deferred Inflows of Resources							
Unavailable revenues	\$	277,926	\$	205,666	\$	1,527,256	
Lease related		119,215				-	
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		397,141		205,666		1,527,256	

BECKER COUNTY DETROIT LAKES, MINNESOTA BALANCE SHEET – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS – EXHIBIT 3 (CONTINUED) DECEMBER 31, 2024

Human Services		Environmental Affairs		Other vernmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds		
\$ 11,095,609 200	\$	2,807,273 850	\$	3,487,750	\$	37,576,010 8,900	
104,344 41,256		-		22,583 7,593		1,257,476 136,567	
\$ 1,163,099 13,230 1,878,273 2,902 - 14,298,913	\$	44,085 536 28,511 - - 6,598 - 142 - 2,887,995	\$	79,113 - 143,151 - 8,462 - 3,748,652	\$	44,085 34,136 1,298,888 149,788 915,263 3,409,781 5,238,386 129,623 876,506 606,073 51,681,482	
\$ 424,416 742,531 - 21,176 124,539 60,099	\$	101,018 93,733 - 25,553	\$	1,597 20,817 - 36,282 172,460	\$	1,231,394 2,253,927 368,806 3,409,781 785,406 60,099 186,015 146,500	
\$ 1,372,761	\$	220,304	\$	231,156	\$	8,441,928	
\$ 1,448,664	\$	47,126	\$	30,176	\$	3,536,814	

BECKER COUNTY DETROIT LAKES, MINNESOTA BALANCE SHEET – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS – EXHIBIT 3 (CONTINUED) DECEMBER 31, 2024

	General	Public Safety	Road and Bridge	
<u>Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of</u> <u>Resources, and Fund Balances</u> (continued)				
Fund Balances				
Nonspendable				
Advances to other funds	\$ 606,073	\$ -	\$	-
Notes and loans receivable	915,263	-		-
Prepaid items	180,768	37,577		646,655
Restricted				
Debt service	-	-		_
Law library	27,007	-		-
Recorder's technology equipment	9,824	-		_
Enhancements	111,672	-		_
E-911	-	327,348		_
MA unwinding	-	-		-
Public safety aid	-	874,635		-
Road projects - sales tax	-	-		3,498,404
Gravel pit closure	-	-		_
Conservation of natural resources	-	-		_
Opioid settlement	-	-		_
Committed				
Attorney contingencies	82,246	-		_
Assigned				
Environmental affairs	-	-		_
Public safety	-	1,568,259		_
Human services	-	-		_
Culture and recreation	-	-		_
Unassigned	 18,687,146	 -		(5,574,725)
Total Fund Balances	\$ 20,619,999	\$ 2,807,819	\$	(1,429,666)
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances	\$ 22,096,811	\$ 4,341,558	\$	4,307,553

BECKER COUNTY DETROIT LAKES, MINNESOTA BALANCE SHEET – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS – EXHIBIT 3 (CONTINUED) DECEMBER 31, 2024

Human Services		En	vironmental Affairs	Other Governmental Funds		Total Governmental Funds		
\$	- -	\$	- -	\$	- -	\$	606,073 915,263	
	2,902		142		8,462		876,506	
	252,950		- - - - - - -		1,460,515 - - - - - 451,049 1,095,534		1,460,515 27,007 9,824 111,672 327,348 252,950 874,635 3,498,404 451,049 1,095,534 610,132	
	-		-		-		82,246	
	10,611,504		2,620,423		471,760		2,620,423 1,568,259 10,611,504 471,760 13,112,421	
\$	11,477,488	\$	2,620,565	\$	3,487,320	\$	39,583,525	
\$	14,298,913	\$	2,887,995	\$	3,748,652	\$	51,681,482	

BECKER COUNTY DETROIT LAKES, MINNESOTA

RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION – GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES – EXHIBIT 4 YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

\$ 39,583,525

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:

Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.

146,604,449

Deferred outflows of resources resulting from pension and OPEB obligations are not available resources and, therefore, are not reported in governmental funds.

6,296,688

Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current period expenditures and, therefore, are unavailable in the governmental funds.

3,536,814

Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.

General obligation bonds	\$ (16,940,000)	
Bond premiums	(326,712)	
Other postemployment benefits	(1,482,694)	
Accrued interest payable	(131,333)	
Compensated absences	(3,638,200)	
Lease liability	(29,522)	
Net pension liability	(9,424,691)	(31,973,152)

Deferred inflows resulting from pension and OPEB obligations are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in governmental funds.

(10,402,622)

Net Position of Governmental Activities (Exhibit 1)

\$ 153,645,702

BECKER COUNTY DETROIT LAKES, MINNESOTA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS – EXHIBIT 5 YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

	General			Public Safety	Road and Bridge		
Revenues	Φ.	5.226.201	Φ.	10.026.040	Φ.	2 242 401	
Taxes Sales tax	\$	5,236,381	\$	10,036,848	\$	2,242,491	
Special assessments		-		-		3,490,413	
Licenses and permits		421,253		35,623		16,700	
Intergovernmental		4,525,728		1,055,169		9,052,880	
Charges for services		1,218,896		688,339		673,632	
Fines and forfeits		46,924		122,295		-	
Gifts and contributions		-		55,871		_	
Investment earnings		2,297,148				_	
Miscellaneous		218,226		47,482		1,372,564	
Total Revenues	\$	13,964,556	\$	12,041,627	\$	16,848,680	
Expenditures							
Current							
General government	\$	9,099,257	\$	-	\$	-	
Public safety		-		11,761,468		-	
Public transportation		843,307		-		-	
Highways and streets		-		-		6,343,423	
Sanitation		-		-		-	
Human services		-		-		-	
Health		16,114		-		-	
Culture and recreation		577,131		-		-	
Conservation of natural resources		1,227,365		-		-	
Economic development		42,672		-		-	
Intergovernmental							
General government		-		-		-	
Highways and streets		-		-		1,258,028	
Conservation of natural resources		-		-		-	
Capital outlay		((5.77)					
General government		665,776		-		-	
Highways and streets		-		065.107		11,359,929	
Public safety		-		865,107		-	
Sanitation		-		-		-	
Debt service		20.706					
Principal Interest		30,796 1,791		119		26	
	_		_		_	26	
Total Expenditures		12,504,209	\$	12,626,694	\$	18,961,406	
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	\$	1,460,347	\$	(585,067)	\$	(2,112,726)	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)							
Transfers in	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	
Transfers out		-		-		-	
Proceeds from leases						2,575	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	_\$_		\$		\$	2,575	

BECKER COUNTY DETROIT LAKES, MINNESOTA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS – EXHIBIT 5 (CONTINUED) YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

 Human Services	En	vironmental Affairs	Go	Other vernmental Funds	 Total
\$ 7,073,728	\$	_	\$	1,626,030	\$ 26,215,478
-		-		-	3,490,413
-		1,769,347		-	1,769,347
- 700 005		454 402		257 122	473,576
9,799,905		454,492		357,132	25,245,306
1,532,759		3,987,726		80,245	8,181,597 169,219
10,708		_ _		_ _	66,579
-		-		_	2,297,148
 561,552		730,449		545,931	 3,476,204
\$ 18,978,652	\$	6,942,014	\$	2,609,338	\$ 71,384,867
\$ - - -	\$	- - -	\$	- - -	\$ 9,099,257 11,761,468 843,307 6,343,423
_		5,023,222		_	5,023,222
16,321,237		-		_	16,321,237
2,082,537		-		-	2,098,651
-		-		460,309	1,037,440
-		-		604,231	1,831,596
-		-		-	42,672
-		-		36,762	36,762
-		-		-	1,258,028
-		-		20,231	20,231
-		-		-	665,776
-		-		-	11,359,929
-		<u>-</u>		-	865,107
-		334,347		-	334,347
331		- -		1,205,000 489,438	1,235,796 491,705
\$ 18,404,105	\$	5,357,569	\$	2,815,971	\$ 70,669,954
\$ 574,547	\$	1,584,445	\$	(206,633)	\$ 714,913
\$ - - -	\$	(110,253)	\$	123,225 (12,972)	\$ 123,225 (123,225) 2,575
\$ 	\$	(110,253)	\$	110,253	\$ 2,575

BECKER COUNTY DETROIT LAKES, MINNESOTA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS – EXHIBIT 5 (CONTINUED) YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

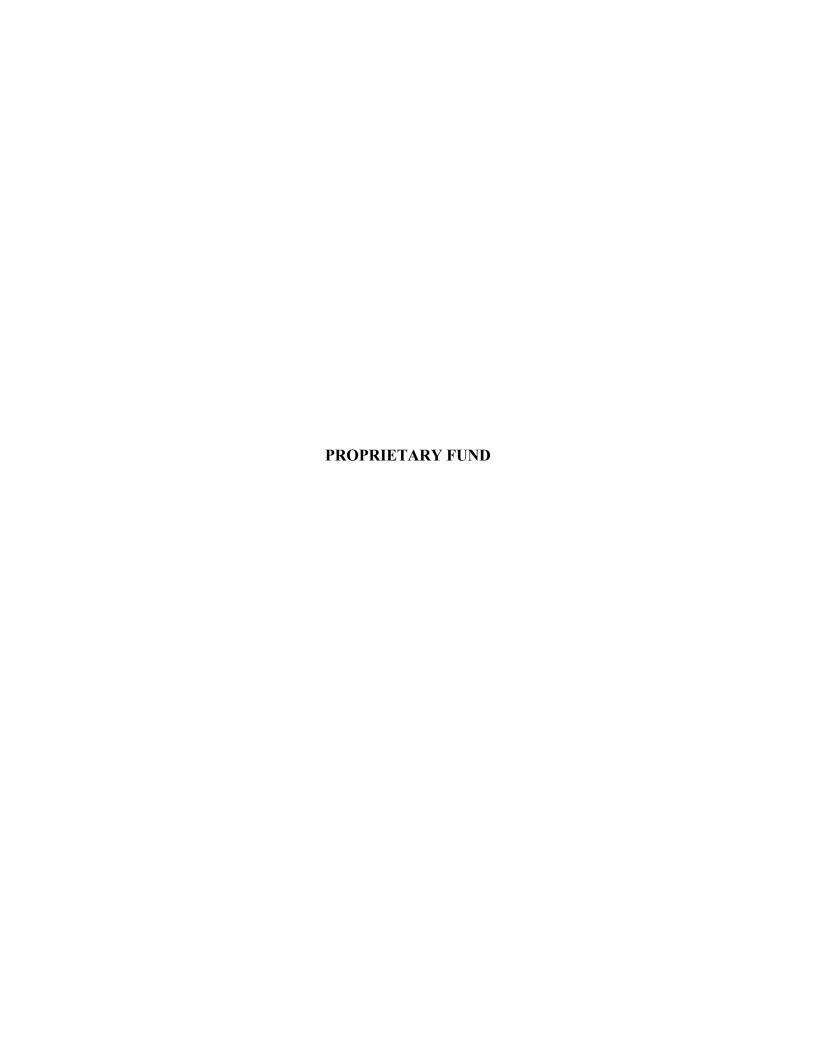
	 General	Public Safety	Road and Bridge
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$ 1,460,347	\$ (585,067)	\$ (2,110,151)
Fund Balances - January 1	 19,159,652	3,392,886	680,485
Fund Balances - December 31	\$ 20,619,999	\$ 2,807,819	\$ (1,429,666)

BECKER COUNTY DETROIT LAKES, MINNESOTA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS – EXHIBIT 5 (CONTINUED) YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

Human Services	En	vironmental Affairs	Go	Other evernmental Funds	Total
\$ 574,547	\$	1,474,192	\$	(96,380)	\$ 717,488
10,902,941		1,146,373		3,583,700	38,866,037
\$ 11,477,488	\$	2,620,565	\$	3,487,320	\$ 39,583,525

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES – GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES – EXHIBIT 6 YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds (Exhibit 5)		\$ 717,488
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
In the funds, under the modified accrual basis, receivables not available for expenditure are deferred. In the statement of activities, those revenues are recognized when earned. The adjustment to revenue between the fund statements and the statement of activities is the increase or decrease in revenue deferred as unavailable.		
Unavailable revenue - December 31 Unavailable revenue - January 1	\$ 3,536,814 (4,742,908)	(1,206,094)
Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation or amortization expense.		
Expenditures for general capital assets and infrastructure	13,025,831	
Net book value of assets disposed Current year depreciation and amortization	(8,276,004)	4,749,827
Issuing long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of debt consumes current financial resources. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the net effect of premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued; whereas, those amounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the debt in the statement of net position.		
Principal repayments	1,205,000	
Amortization of premiums Lease repayments	38,920 30,796	1,272,141
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.		
Change in accrued interest payable Change in compensated absences Change in other postemployment benefits Change in net pension liability Change in deferred outflows of resources	10,860 (783,636) (128,285) 3,950,652 (2,437,387)	
Change in deferred inflows of resources	 (697,037)	(84,833)
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities (Exhibit 2)		\$ 5,448,529



BECKER COUNTY DETROIT LAKES, MINNESOTA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION – SUNNYSIDE CARE CENTER ENTERPRISE FUND – EXHIBIT 7 SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

Assets

Current assets Cash and equivalents Accounts receivable, net Prepaid items	\$ 2,300,750 332,408 22,485
repaid items	 22,103
Total current assets	\$ 2,655,643
Restricted assets	
Donor restricted assets	\$ 11,766
Resident trust funds	 2,925
Total restricted assets	\$ 14,691
Noncurrent assets	
Capital assets	
Nondepreciable	\$ 118,625
Depreciable - net	 872,493
Total noncurrent assets	\$ 991,118
Total Assets	\$ 3,661,452
Deferred outflows of resources	
Deferred pension outflows	\$ 428,696

BECKER COUNTY DETROIT LAKES, MINNESOTA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION – SUNNYSIDE CARE CENTER ENTERPRISE FUND – EXHIBIT 7 (CONTINUED) SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

Liabilities

Current liabilities	Ф	64.001
Accounts payable	\$	64,891
Salaries payable		67,355 92,097
Compensated absences payable Lease liablity		5,148
Advance from other funds		3,148 49,907
		1,630
Accrued interest payable		
Resident trust funds payable		2,925
Unearned revenue		347,112
Total current liabilities	\$	631,065
Noncurrent liabilities		
Lease liability	\$	24,478
Advance from other funds	·	556,166
Net pension liability		791,143
Total noncurrent liabilities	\$	1,371,787
Total Liabilities	\$	2,002,852
Deferred inflows of resources		
Deferred pension inflows	\$	835,730
Net Position		
Net investment in capital assets		355,419
Restricted for capital acquisitions		11,561
Unrestricted		884,586
Total Net Position	\$	1,251,566
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BECKER COUNTY

DETROIT LAKES, MINNESOTA

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION – SUNNYSIDE CARE CENTER ENTERPRISE FUND – EXHIBIT 8 YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

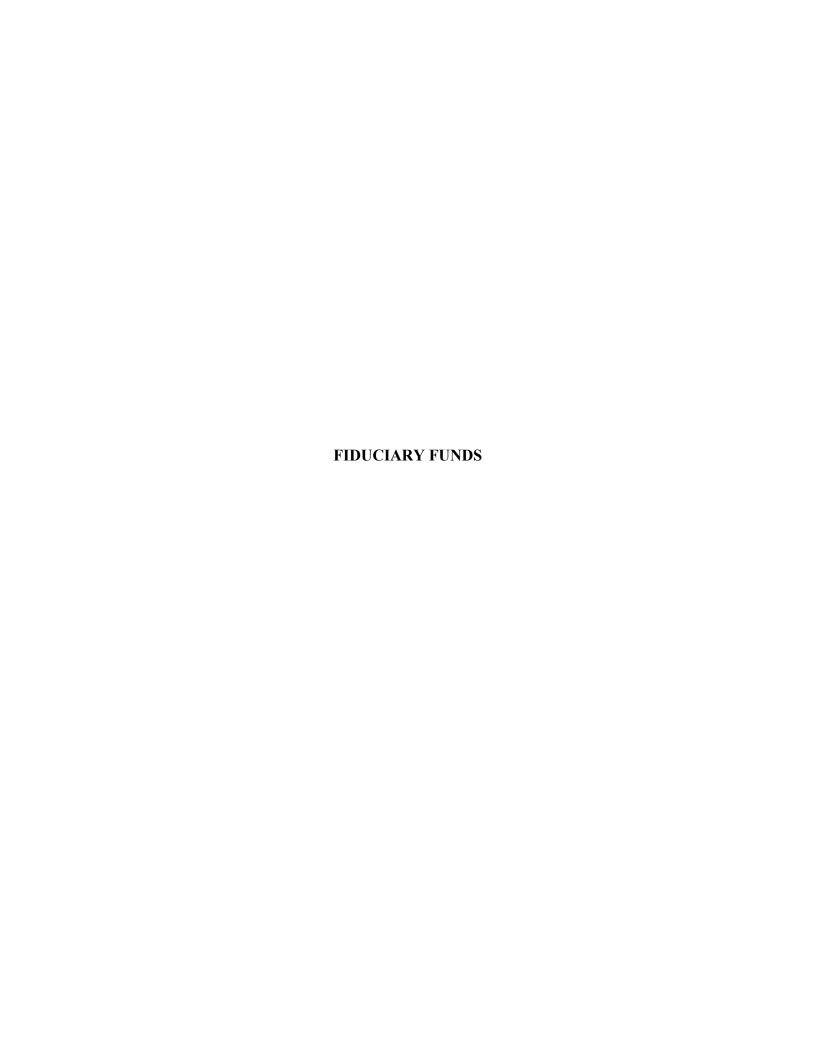
Operating Revenues	
Charges for services	\$ 4,134,453
Other operating revenue	60,487
Total Operating Revenues	\$ 4,194,940
Operating Expenses	
Employee benefits	\$ 771,519
Ancillary services	131,391
Nursing	1,645,441
Social services and activities	118,646
Plant operations	216,198
Administrative	589,005
Medical care surcharge	84,450
Laundry and linen	52,231
Dietary	363,111
Housekeeping	56,499
Amortization	10,464
Depreciation	89,148
Total Operating Expenses	\$ 4,128,103
Operating Income	\$ 66,837
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses) Noncapital grants and contributions Interest income Interest expense	\$ 137,103 3,201 (20,457)
Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)	\$ 119,847
Income (loss) before contributions and transfers	\$ 186,684
Capital grants and contributions	 220
Change in Net Position	\$ 186,904
Net Position - October 1	 1,064,662
Net Position - September 30	\$ 1,251,566

BECKER COUNTY DETROIT LAKES, MINNESOTA STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS – SUNNYSIDE CARE CENTER ENTERPRISE FUND – EXHIBIT 9 YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

Cash Flows from Operating Activities		
Receipts from residents	\$	3,994,173
Receipts from other operating revenue		60,487
Payments to suppliers		(1,173,560)
Payments to employees		(2,867,622)
Net cash provided by operating activities		13,478
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities		
Noncapital grants and contributions	\$	261,467
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities		
Principal paid on long-term debt	\$	(48,443)
Interest paid on long-term debt		(20,596)
Contributions received for capital expenses		220
Financing long-term lease obligations		(4,693)
Purchases of capital assets		(93,081)
Net cash used in capital and related financing activities	_\$	(166,593)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities		
Interest received	\$	3,201
Net Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents		111,553
Cash and Cash Equivalents at October 1	_\$	2,203,888
Cash and Cash Equivalents at September 30	\$	2,315,441
Reconciliation of Cash and Cash Equivalents to		
the Statement of Net Position:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	2,300,750
Donor restricted assets	J.	11,766
Resident trust funds		2,925
Total Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	2,315,441

BECKER COUNTY DETROIT LAKES, MINNESOTA STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS – SUNNYSIDE CARE CENTER ENTERPRISE FUND – EXHIBIT 9 (CONTINUED) YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	
Operating Income	\$ 66,837
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash	
used in operating activities	
Depreciation expense	\$ 89,148
Amortization expense	10,464
Pension expense	111,851
Effect of changes in assets, deferred inflows, liabilities and deferred outflows:	
Accounts receivable	(140,280)
Prepaid items and other assets	(5,382)
Accounts payable	(142,649)
Accrued liabilities	24,457
Resident trust funds payable	(968)
Total adjustments	\$ (53,359)
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	\$ 13,478



BECKER COUNTY DETROIT LAKES, MINNESOTA STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION – EXHIBIT 10 DECEMBER 31, 2024

	Social Welfare Private Purpose Trust Fund		Custodial Funds	
Assets Cash and pooled investments	\$	9,562	\$	1,642,237
Taxes receivable for other governments	Ψ	-	Ψ	912,264
Due from other governments		_		4,521
Due from primary government		_		60,099
Accounts receivable		-		1,522
Total Assets	\$	9,562	\$	2,620,643
Liabilities				
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	2,341
Due to other governments		-		1,346,981
Total Liabilities	\$		\$	1,349,322
Deferred Inflows of Resources				
Taxes levied for subsequent period	\$		\$	111,060
Net Position				
Restricted for:	6	0.5(2	•	1 160 261
Individuals, organizations and other governments	\$	9,562	\$	1,160,261

BECKER COUNTY DETROIT LAKES, MINNESOTA STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION – EXHIBIT 11 YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

	Social Welfare Private Purpose			Custodial		
Additions	Tr	ust Fund	Funds			
Contributions:						
Individuals	\$	91,626	\$	227,849		
Taxes for other governments		-		40,773,093		
Licenses and fees collected for state		-		6,067,619		
Miscellaneous		-		197,029		
Total Additions	\$	91,626	\$	47,265,590		
Deductions						
Beneficiary payments	\$	88,047	\$	222,973		
Payments to state		-		6,067,619		
Payment to the collaborative		-		244,637		
Payments to other governments		-		40,712,392		
Total Deductions	\$	88,047	\$	47,247,621		
Net Increase (Decrease) in Fiduciary Net Position	\$	3,579	\$	17,969		
Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning of Year		5,983		1,142,292		
Fiduciary Net Position - End of Year	\$	9,562	\$	1,160,261		

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The County's financial statements are prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) in the United States of America as of and for the year ended December 31, 2024. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is responsible for establishing GAAP for state and local governments through its pronouncements (statements and interpretations). The more significant accounting policies established in GAAP and used by the County are discussed below.

A. Financial Reporting Entity

Becker County was established March 18, 1858, and is an organized county having the powers, duties, and privileges granted counties by Minn. Stat. ch. 373. As required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, these financial statements present Becker County (primary government) and its component unit for which the County is financially accountable. The County is governed by a five-member Board of Commissioners elected from districts within the County. The Board is organized with a chair and vice chair elected at the annual meeting in January of each year.

Discretely Presented Component Unit

While part of the reporting entity, the discretely presented component unit is presented in a separate column in the government-wide financial statements to emphasize that it is legally separate from the County. The following component unit of Becker County is discretely presented:

Component Unit is Included in Reporting Entity Recause	Separate Financial Statements
in responding Entity Because	T manerar statements
County appoints members and the Economic Development Authority provides a financial benefit/burden.	Becker County Auditor- Treasurer's Office 915 Lake Avenue Detroit Lakes, Minnesota 56501
	in Reporting Entity Because County appoints members and the Economic Development Authority provides a financial

Joint Ventures and Jointly-governed Organizations

The County participates in several joint ventures described in Note 6.B. The County also participates in the jointly-governed organizations described in Note 6.C.

B. Basic Financial Statements

1. Government-Wide Statements

The government-wide financial statements (the statement of net position and the statement of activities) display information about the primary government and its component unit. These statements include the financial activities of the overall County government, except for fiduciary activities. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges to external parties for support.

In the government-wide statement of net position, both the governmental and business-type activities columns: are presented on a consolidated basis by column; and are reported on a full accrual, economic resource basis, which recognizes all long-term assets and receivables as well as long-term debt and obligations. The County's net position is reported in three parts: (1) net investment in capital assets, (2) restricted net position, and (3) unrestricted net position. The County first utilizes restricted resources to finance qualifying activities.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of each function of the County's governmental activities and different business-type activities are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those clearly identifiable with a specific function or activity. Program revenues include: (1) fees, fines, and charges paid by the recipients of goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or activity; and (2) grants and contributions restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or activity. Revenues not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

2. Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide information about the County's funds, including its fiduciary funds. Separate statements for each fund category-governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary--are presented. The emphasis of governmental and proprietary fund financial statements is on major individual governmental and enterprise funds, with each displayed as separate columns in the fund financial statements. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds.

Proprietary fund operating revenues, such as charges for services, result from exchange transactions associated with the principal activity of the fund. Exchange transactions are those in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values. Nonoperating revenues, such as subsidies and investment earnings, result from nonexchange transactions or incidental activities.

The County reports the following major governmental funds:

The <u>General Fund</u> is the County's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those accounted for in another fund.

The <u>Public Safety Special Revenue Fund</u> is used to account for all funds to be used for public safety. Some of the activities covered under this fund include County Sheriff, County Jail, Sentence to Serve, Probation and Parole, County Coroner, Emergency Services, and Boat and Water Safety. Financing is provided by an annual property tax levy and special appropriations from the State of Minnesota.

The <u>Road and Bridge Special Revenue Fund</u> is used to account for revenues and expenditures of the County Highway Department, which is responsible for the construction and maintenance of roads, bridges, and other projects affecting County roadways. Revenues include property taxes, intergovernmental assistance, and charges for services.

The <u>Human Services Special Revenue Fund</u> is used to account for economic assistance and community social services programs. Revenues include property taxes, intergovernmental assistance, and charges for services.

The <u>Environmental Affairs Special Revenue Fund</u> is used to account for the operations of a solid waste transfer station. Revenues are provided by charges for services and a special assessment against property owners.

The County reports the following major enterprise fund:

The Sunnyside Care Center Enterprise Fund is used to account for the operations of the Sunnyside Care Center, which operates a 30-bed licensed long-term health care facility in Lake Park, Minnesota, and was managed by Ecumen Services Inc. Effective August 1, 2023 the Care Center entered into a management agreement with Minnewaska Management Group LLC. The initial term of the management agreement is for three years and it will expire on June 28, 2026. The agreement will automatically renew for an additional year on the expiration of the initial term. The monthly management fee is \$12,500. Management fees related to the management agreements amounted to \$150,000 and \$101,776 for the years ended September 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively. The Care Center's financial position and operations are presented as of and for the year ended September 30, 2024.

Additionally, the County reports the following fund types:

<u>The Debt service fund</u> is used to account for and report the accumulation of resources for, and payment of, principal and interest on the long-term debt.

The Private-purpose trust fund is used to report trust agreements other than pension or investment trusts, under which principal and income benefit individuals, private organizations, or other governments. The County reports one private-purpose trust fund, the Social Welfare Fund, which accounts for the activity related to income received and payments on behalf of individuals for whom the county is responsible to assist.

<u>Custodial funds</u> are custodial in nature. These funds are used for a variety of purposes. Some of the activities include collecting taxes for other governments, state revenues and amounts collected and held on behalf of inmates.

C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The government-wide, proprietary fund, and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the full accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned, and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Becker County considers all revenues as available if collected within 60 days after the end of the current period. Property and other taxes, licenses, and interest are all considered susceptible to accrual. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, compensated absences, and claims and judgments, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent that they have matured. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under leases are reported as other financing sources.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the County's policy to use restricted resources first and then unrestricted resources as needed.

D. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position or Equity

1. Cash and Cash Equivalents

The County has defined cash and cash equivalents to include cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. Additionally, each fund's equity in the County's investment pool is treated as a cash equivalent because the funds can deposit or effectively withdraw cash at any time without prior notice or penalty. Cash and cash equivalents, for the enterprise fund, include cash on hand and all restricted and unrestricted pooled investments.

2. Deposits and Investments

The cash balances of substantially all funds are pooled and invested by the County Auditor-Treasurer for the purpose of increasing earnings through investment activities. Investments are reported at their fair value at December 31, 2024. A market approach is used to value all investments other than external investment pools, which are measured at the net asset value. Pursuant to Minn. Stat. § 385.07, investment earnings on cash and pooled investments are credited to the General Fund. Other funds received investment earnings based on other state statutes, grant agreements, contracts, and bond covenants. Pooled investment earnings for 2024 were \$2,297,148.

Becker County invests in an external investment pool, the Minnesota Association of Governments Investing for Counties (MAGIC) Fund, which was created under a joint powers agreement pursuant to Minn. Stat. § 471.59. The MAGIC Fund is not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission. The County's investment in the pool is measured at the amortized cost per share provided by the pool. More information including the most recent audited financial statement is available on their website www.magicfund.org.

3. Receivables and Payables

Property taxes are levied as of January 1 on property values assessed as of the same date. The tax levy notice is mailed in March with the first half payment due May 15 and the second half payment due October 15. Unpaid taxes at December 31 become liens on the respective property and are classified in the financial statements as delinquent taxes receivable.

Activities between funds representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year is referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (the noncurrent portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds." Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

Advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by a nonspendable fund balance account in applicable government funds to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources.

All receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectible accounts which is calculated on a case by case basis. As of December 31, 2024, the allowance for doubtful accounts is \$866,850.

The Care Center provides an allowance for doubtful accounts which is offset against the gross amount of receivables. The allowance for doubtful accounts is an estimate of collection losses that may be incurred in the collection of all receivables. The allowance is based upon historical experience, coupled with management's review of the current status of the existing receivables. Payment for services is required upon receipt of invoice or claim submitted. Accounts more than 30 days old are considered past due and individually analyzed for collectability. As of September 30, 2024, the allowance for doubtful accounts is \$20,833.

4. Special Assessments Receivable

Special assessments receivable consist of delinquent special assessments payable in the years 2019 through 2024 and deferred special assessments payable in 2024 and after. Unpaid special assessments at December 31 are classified in the financial statements as delinquent special assessments.

5. <u>Prepaid Items</u>

Prepaid items consist of prepaid supplies held for consumption. Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future account periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund level financial statements. The cost of prepaid items is recorded as expenditures during the periods benefited.

6. Restricted Assets

Certain funds of the County are classified as restricted assets on the statement of net position because the restriction is either imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation or imposed externally by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments. Therefore, their use is limited by applicable laws and regulations.

7. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include land, right-of-way, construction in progress, infrastructure (roads, bridges, and similar items), buildings and improvements, land improvements, machinery, furniture, equipment and right-to-use assets are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities column in the government-wide financial statements. Governmental activities capital assets have initial useful lives extending beyond one year and a dollar amount for capitalization per asset of \$25,000, except all land, buildings and improvements, construction in progress, and infrastructure, which are capitalized regardless of cost. Business-type activities capital assets have a dollar amount for capitalization per asset of \$2,000. Capital assets are recorded at cost if purchased or at fair market value on the date received, if donated.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized.

Infrastructure, buildings and improvements, land improvements, and machinery, furniture, and equipment of the governmental activities are depreciated or amortized using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Infrastructure	25 to 50 Years
Buildings and improvements	5 to 40 Years
Land improvements	8 to 22 Years
Machinery, furniture, and equipment	4 to 12 Years

All capital assets other than land and construction in progress of business-type activities are depreciated or amortized using the straight-line of method over the following estimated useful lives:

Land improvements	5 to 15 Years
Buildings	13 to 35 Years
Building improvements	5 to 19 Years
Equipment	5 to 20 Years
Vehicles	5 Years

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed.

8. Unearned Revenue

Governmental funds, proprietary funds, and government-wide financial statements report unearned revenue in connection with resources that have been received, but not yet earned.

9. Compensated Absences

The liability for compensated absences reported in the financial statements consists of unpaid, accumulated vacation and sick leave balances that are attributable to services already rendered, accumulates, and is more likely than not to be used to time off or otherwise paid in cash or settles through noncash means. Compensated absences are accrued when incurred in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. A liability for amounts is reported in the governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements. The government-wide statement of net position reports both current and noncurrent portions of compensated absences. The current portion consists of the earned balances of vacation and sick leave for all full-time employees during the year calculated at an overall average rate of pay.

10. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position reports a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net assets that applies to a future period(s) and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expenditure/expense) until then. The County has two items, deferred pension and deferred OPEB outflows that qualify for reporting in this category. These outflows arise only under the full accrual basis of accounting and consist of pension plan and OPEB contributions paid subsequent to the measurement date, differences between expected an actual pension plan economic experience, changes in actuarial assumptions, pension plan changes in proportionate share, and also the differences between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments and, accordingly, are reported only in the statement of net position.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position reports a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The County has different types of deferred inflows. The governmental funds report lease related deferred inflows and unavailable revenue from delinquent taxes receivable, delinquent and noncurrent special assessments receivable and for amounts that are not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period. The fiduciary funds report taxes collected for subsequent year tax levy.

Unavailable revenue arises only under the modified accrual basis of accounting and, accordingly, is reported only in the governmental funds balance sheet. The unavailable revenue amount is deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available. The County also has deferred pension and OPEB inflows. These inflows arise only under the full accrual basis of accounting and consist of differences between expected and actual pension plan economic experience and also pension or OPEB plan changes in proportionate share and, accordingly, are reported only in the statement of net position. The deferred inflows related to leases are recognized as lease revenue in a systematic and rational manner over the lease term.

11. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position.

Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are recognized as an expense in the period incurred.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of the debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources, while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

12. Pension Plan

For the County's governmental activities, for purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows/inflows of resources, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Public Employees Retirement Association (PERA) and additions to/deductions from PERA's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by PERA, except that PERA's fiscal year-end is June 30. The Care Center has a September 30 fiscal year-end. For this purpose, plan contributions are recognized as of employer payroll paid dates and benefit payments, and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms for both the governmental activities and business-type activities. Plan investments are reported at fair value. For the governmental activities, the net pension liability is liquidated through the General Fund, and other governmental funds that have personal services. For the business-type activities, the net pension liability is liquidated by the Sunny Side Care Center Enterprise Fund.

13. Leases

The County determines if an arrangement is a lease at inception. Leases are included in lease receivables and deferred inflows of resources in the statement of net position when the County is the lessor, and as right-to-use assets and lease liabilities when the County is the lessee.

Lessor - Lease receivables represent the County's claim to receive lease payments over the lease term, as specified in the contract, in an exchange or exchange-like transaction. Lease receivables are recognized at commencement date based on the present value of expected lease payments over the lease term, reduced by any provision for estimated uncollectible amounts. Interest revenue is recognized ratably over the contract term.

Deferred inflows of resources related to leases are recognized at the commencement date based on the initial measurement of the lease receivable, plus any payments received from the lessee at or before the commencement of the lease term that relate to future periods, less any lease incentives paid to, or on behalf of, the lessee at or before the commencement of the lease term. The deferred inflows related to leases are recognized as lease revenue in a systematic and rational manner over the lease term. Amounts to be received under residual value guarantees that are not fixed in substance are recognized as a receivable and an inflow of resources if (a) a guarantee payment is required, and (b) the amount can be reasonably estimated. Amounts received for the exercise price of a purchase option or penalty for lease termination are recognized as a receivable and an inflow of resources when those options are exercised.

Lessee - Right-to-use assets represent the County's control of the right to use an underlying asset for the lease term, as specified in the contract, in an exchange or exchange like transaction. Right-to-use assets are recognized at the commencement date based on the initial measurement of the lease liability, plus any payments made to the lessor at or before the commencement of the lease term and certain direct costs. Right-to-use assets are amortized in a systematic and rational manner over the shorter of the lease term or the useful life of the underlying asset.

Lease liabilities represent the County's obligation to make lease payments arising from the lease. Lease liabilities are recognized at the commencement date based on the present value of expected lease payments over the lease term, less any lease incentives. Interest expense is recognized ratably over the contract term. The lease term may include options to extend or terminate the lease when it is reasonably certain that the County will exercise that option.

The County accounts for contracts containing both lease and nonlease components as separate contracts when possible. In cases where the contract does not provide separate price information for lease and nonlease components, and it is impractical to eliminate the price of such components, the County treats the components as a single lease unit.

14. Classification of Net Position

Net position in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are classified in the following categories:

<u>Net investment in capital assets</u> - the portion of net position representing capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and amortization, and reduced by outstanding debt or lease liability attributed to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of the assets.

<u>Restricted</u> - the portion of net position for which external restrictions have been imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments and restrictions imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

<u>Unrestricted</u> - the portion of net position that does not meet the definition of net investment in capital assets or restricted components.

15. Classification of Fund Balances

Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the County is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the governmental funds. The classifications are as follows:

<u>Nonspendable</u> - amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form, or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" criterion includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash.

<u>Restricted</u> - amounts in which constraints have been placed on the use of resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or is imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

<u>Committed</u> - amounts that can be used for the specific purposes imposed by formal action (resolution) of the County Board. Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Board removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (resolution) it employed to previously commit those amounts.

<u>Assigned</u> - amounts the County intends to use for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. In governmental funds other than the General Fund, assigned fund balance represents the remaining amount that is not restricted or committed. In the General Fund, assigned amounts represent intended uses established by the County Board or the County Auditor-Treasurer who has been delegated that authority by Board resolution.

<u>Unassigned</u> - the residual classification for the General Fund includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other fund balance classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is used only to report a deficit balance resulting from overspending for specific purposes for which amounts had been restricted or committed.

The County applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) amounts are available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

16. Minimum Fund Balance

The County will maintain an unrestricted fund balance in the General Fund of an amount not less than 35 to 50 percent of next year's budgeted expenditures of the General Fund. Unrestricted fund balance can be "spent down" if there is an anticipated budget shortfall in excess of \$150,000. If spending unrestricted funds in designated circumstances has reduced unrestricted fund balance to a point below the minimum targeted level, as noted above, the County Administrator shall create a plan to restore fund balance to an appropriate level and provide this to the County Board for action. The plan for replenishment should not be longer than three years.

17. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources; and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

• Adoption of New Accounting Standards

In June 2022, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) issued GASB Statement No. 101, *Compensated Absences*. This statement updated the recognition and measurement guidance for compensated absences and associated salary-related payments and amended certain previously required disclosures.

The County adopted the requirements of the guidance effective January 1, 2024, and has applied the provisions of this standard to the beginning of the period of adoption. The implementation of this standard did not result in any material modifications.

• Net Resident Service Revenue

Net resident service revenues include room charges to residents and are recorded at established billing rates, net of contractual adjustments, resulting from agreements with third-party payors.

Provisions for estimated third-party payor settlements are provided in the period the related services are rendered. Differences between the estimated amounts accrued and subsequent settlements are recorded in revenues in the year of settlement.

Following is a reconciliation of gross resident service revenues to net resident service revenues as of September 30:

	2024		
Gross Residential Service Revenues	\$	4,333,172	
Adjustments and Allowances		(198,719)	
Net Resident Service Revenues	\$	4,134,453	

• Charity Care

The Care Center does not provide charity care to its residents.

• Third-Party Reimbursement Agreements

Medicaid

The Care Center participates in the Medicaid program which is administered by the Minnesota Department of Human Services (DHS). Medicaid and private paying residents are classified into one of 48 Resource Utilization Groups (RUG) for purposes of establishing payment rates.

Nursing facilities are paid under the Value Based Nursing Facility Reimbursement System (VBR). Under the VBR system, care related costs are reimbursed at actual cost subject to certain limitations. Other operating costs are reimbursed using a pricing model, which results in the rates of these costs being the same for all nursing facilities in the state. Certain other costs, such as qualifying employer health insurance costs, are reimbursed at an external fixed payment rate and will be cost based with no limitations. Reimbursement for historic property related costs is a separate component of the rate that has been frozen since 2010. Additional reimbursement for new property related costs is possible under certain conditions.

The VBR system includes a hold harmless provision which protects nursing home facilities from being paid at rates lower than those in effect December 31, 2015.

Nursing facilities are also protected from significant decreases in rates in a single year due to changes in care related costs.

By Minnesota Statute, a nursing facility may not charge private paying residents in multiple occupancy rooms per diem rates in excess of the approved Medicaid rates for similar services.

Medicare

The Organization participates in the Medicare program. This federal program is administered by the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS). The Organization is paid under the Medicare Prospective Payment System (PPS) for residents who are Medicare Part A eligible and meet the coverage guidelines for skilled nursing facility services (SNFs). The PPS is a per diem price-based system. Annual cost reports are required to be submitted to the designated Medicare Administrative Contractor; however, they do not contain a cost settlement. CMS recently finalized the Patient Driven Payment Model (PDPM) to replace the existing Medicare reimbursement system effective October 1, 2019. Under PDPM, therapy minutes are removed as the primary basis for payment and instead uses the underlying complexity and clinical needs of a patient as a basis for reimbursement. In addition, PDPM introduces variable adjustment factors that change reimbursement rates during the resident's length of stay.

Nursing facilities licensed for participation in the Medicare and Medicaid programs are subject to annual surveys. If it is determined that a nursing facility is not in substantial compliance with the requirements of participation, CMS may impose sanctions and penalties during the period of noncompliance, which would have a negative impact on the revenues of the nursing facility.

2. Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability

A. Excess of Expenditures Over Budget

The following is a table of the individual funds with expenditures in excess of budget for the year ended December 31, 2024:

	Expenditures		Final Budget		Excess
General Fund	\$	12,504,209	\$	11,305,817	\$ 1,198,392
Public Safety		12,626,694		12,025,484	601,210
Road and Bridge		18,961,406		16,446,459	2,514,947
Gravel Tax		36,762		-	36,762
Natural Resource Management		502,774		425,413	77,361

B. Deficit Fund Balance

On December 31, 2024, the Road and Bridge Special Revenue Fund had a deficit fund balance of \$1,429,666. This was due to road construction costs being incurred prior to funding being received by the County. This deficit will be eliminated with future intergovernmental and property tax revenues.

C. <u>Land Management</u>

The County manages approximately 74,085 acres of state-owned tax-forfeited land. This land generates revenues primarily from recreational land leases and land and timber sales. Land management costs, including forestry costs such as site preparation, seedlings, tree planting, and logging roads are accounted for as current operating expenditures. Revenues in excess of expenditures are distributed to the County and cities, towns, and school districts within the County according to state statute.

3. Detailed Notes on All Funds

A. Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources

1. Deposits and Investments

Governmental Activities

Reconciliation of the County's total cash and investments to the basic financial statements follows:

Governmental Activities		
Cash and pooled investments	\$	37,576,010
Petty cash and change funds		8,900
Business-Type Activities		
Cash and pooled investments		2,300,750
Restricted cash		
Donor-restricted cash		11,766
Resident trust funds		2,925
Fiduciary funds		
Cash and pooled investments		1,651,799
Total Cash and Investments	•	41 552 150
Total Cash and investments	2	41,552,150

a. Deposits

The County is authorized by Minn. Stat. §§ 118A.02 and 118A.04 to designate a depository for public funds and to invest in certificates of deposit. The County is required by Minn. Stat. § 118A.03 to protect deposits with insurance, surety bond, or collateral. The market value of collateral pledged shall be at least ten percent more than the amount on deposit at the close of the financial institution's banking day, not covered by insurance or bonds.

Authorized collateral includes treasury bills, notes and bonds; issues of U.S. government agencies; general obligations rated "A" or better and revenue obligations rated "AA" or better; irrevocable standby letters of credit issued by the Federal Home Loan Bank; and certificates of deposit. Minnesota statutes require that securities pledged as collateral be held in safekeeping in a restricted account at the Federal Reserve Bank or in an account at a trust department of a commercial bank or other financial institution that is not owned or controlled by the financial institution furnishing the collateral.

Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a financial institution failure, the County's deposits may not be returned to it. It is the County's policy to obtain collateral or surety bond for all uninsured amounts on deposit and obtain necessary documentation to show compliance with state law and a perfected security interest under federal law. As of December 31, 2024, the County's deposits were not exposed to custodial credit risk.

b. Investments

The County may invest in the following types of investments as authorized by Minn. Stat. §§ 118A.04 and 118A.05:

- (1) securities which are direct obligations or are guaranteed or insured issues of the United States, its agencies, its instrumentalities, or organizations created by an act of Congress, except mortgage-backed securities defined as "high risk" by Minn. Stat. § 118A.04, subd. 6;
- (2) mutual funds through shares of registered investment companies provided the mutual fund receives certain ratings depending on its investments;
- (3) general obligations of the state of Minnesota and its municipalities, and in certain state agency and local obligations of Minnesota and other states provided such obligations have certain specified bond ratings by a national bond rating service;
- (4) bankers' acceptances of United States banks;
- (5) commercial paper issued by United States corporations or their Canadian subsidiaries that is rated in the highest quality category by two nationally recognized rating agencies and matures in 270 days or less; and
- (6) with certain restrictions, in repurchase agreements, securities lending agreements, joint powers investment trusts, and guaranteed investment contracts.

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in the market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The County has a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities to meet cash requirements for ongoing operations as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates or the need to sell securities on the open market prior to maturity.

Credit Risk

Generally, credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. It is the County's policy to invest only in securities that meet the ratings requirements set by state statute.

Custodial Credit Risk

The custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty to a transaction, a government will not be able to recover the value of investment or collateral securities in the possession of an outside party. It is the County's policy to allow brokers to hold County investments to the extent there is SIPC and excess SIPC coverage available.

At December 31, 2024, the County's investments were not exposed to custodial credit risk.

Concentration of Credit Risk

The concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss that may be caused by the County's investment in a single issuer. The County policy minimizes concentration of credit risk by diversifying the investment portfolio. The following table represents the County's deposit and investment balances at December 31, 2024, and information relating to potential investment risks:

	Cred	it Risk	Concentration Risk	Interest Rate Risk	
	Credit	Rating	Over 5 Percent	Maturity	Carrying
Investment Type	Rating	Agency	of Portfolio	Date	 Fair Value
U.S. government agency securities					
U.S. Treasury Notes	N/R	N/A	N/A	4/30/2027	\$ 319,034
U.S. Treasury Bill	N/R	N/A	N/A	4/17/2025	1,358,308
U.S. Treasury Bill	N/R	N/A	N/A	1/30/2025	2,083,103
Federal Home Loan Bank	N/R	N/A	N/A	3/16/2026	437,387
Federal Home Loan Bank	N/R	N/A	N/A	6/29/2026	496,610
Federal Home Loan Bank	N/R	N/A	N/A	2/17/2028	 247,375
Total U.S. government agency securities					\$ 4,941,817
Local government securities					
Connecticut State Taxable General Obligation Bond	Aa3	S&P	<5.0%	1/15/2026	\$ 494,805
Lake Park Audubon General Obligation Bonds	AA	S&P	<5.0%	2/1/2026	506,015
Montgomery County Revenue Bonds	AAA	S&P	<5.0%	4/1/2025	297,504
Alcoa Tenn, Taxable General Obligation	AA-	S&P	<5.0%	3/1/2026	 235,149
Total local government securities					\$ 1,533,473
Negotiable certificates of deposit	N/R	N/A	<5.0%	< 1 year	\$ 736,551
Negotiable certificates of deposit	N/R	N/A	<5.0%	1-5 years	 2,649,482
Total negotiable certificates of deposit					\$ 3,386,033
MAGIC Fund					
Portfolio	AAA	Fitch	N/A	N/A	\$ 19,480,374
Total Investments					\$ 29,341,697
Deposits					12,077,158
Change funds					8,900
Restricted cash at Sunnyside Care Center					14,691
Change in Enterprise Fund cash from					
September 30 to December 31, 2024					 109,704
Total Cash and Investments					\$ 41,552,150

N/R - Not Rated; N/A - Not Applicable

The County measures and records its investments using fair value measurement guidelines established by generally accepted accounting principles. These guidelines recognize a three-tiered fair value hierarchy, as follows:

- Level 1: Quoted prices for identical investments in active markets;
- Level 2: Observable inputs other than quoted market prices; and,
- Level 3: Unobservable inputs.

At December 31, 2024, the County had the following recurring fair value measurements.

			Fair Value Measurements Using					
	D	ecember 31		nuoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets	:	Significant Other Observable Inputs		Significant Unobservable Inputs
		2024		(Level 1)		(Level 2)		(Level 3)
Investments by fair value level Debt securities U.S. government agency securities Local government securities Negotiable certificates of deposit Total Investments included in the	\$	4,941,817 1,533,473 3,386,033	\$	3,760,445	\$	1,181,372 1,533,473 3,386,033	\$	- - -
Fair value hierarchy	\$	9,861,323	\$	3,760,445	\$	6,100,878	\$	-
Investments at amortized cost MAGIC portfolio external investment pool	\$	19,480,374						
Total investments	\$	29,341,697						

Debt securities classified in Level 2 are valued using matrix pricing based on the securities' relationship to benchmark quoted prices.

The MAGIC Portfolio is valued using amortized cost. Shares of the MAGIC Portfolio are available to be redeemed upon proper notice without restrictions under normal operating conditions. There are no limits to the number of redemptions that can be made as long as the County has a sufficient number of shares to meet their redemption request. The MAGIC Fund's Board of Trustees can suspend the right of withdrawal or postpone the date of payment if the Trustees determine that there is an emergency that makes the sale of a Portfolio's securities or determination of its net asset value not reasonably practical.

2. Receivables

Receivables as of December 31, 2024, for the County's governmental activities and as of September 30, 2024, for the County's business-type activities, including any applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts, are as follows:

			A	mounts Not		
			Sc	heduled for		
			(Collection		
		Total		During the		
	R	Receivables		sequent Year		
Governmental Activities						
Taxes	\$	1,394,043	\$	-		
Special assessments		78,221		33,600		
Accounts, net		1,298,888		865,845		
Interest		149,788		-		
Notes and loans		915,263		829,039		
Due from other governments		5,238,386				
Total Governmental Activities	\$	9,074,589	\$	1,728,484		
Business-Type Activities						
Accounts, net	\$	332,408	\$	_		

The Care Center is located in Lake Park, Minnesota. The Care Center grants credit without collateral to its residents, most of who are local individuals and are insured under third-party payor agreements. The mix of receivables from residents and third-party payors was as follows:

	2024
Medicare	\$ 76,454
Medicaid	236,010
Third-Party Payors and Other	19,944
	\$ 332,408

3. <u>Lease Receivable</u>

The County, acting as lessor, leases land under a long-term, non-cancelable lease agreement. The lease term is 99 years commencing on May 1, 2006, and bears interest at 2.2%. During the year ended December 31, 2024, the County recognized \$- and \$2,803 in lease revenue and interest revenue, respectively, pursuant to this contract.

		ities		
Year Ending December 31,	P	Principal Intere		
2025	\$	-	\$	2,827
2026		-		2,851
2027		-		2,874
2028		-		2,896
2029		-		2,919
2030-2034		-		14,920
2035-2039		-		15,422
2040-2044		-		15,854
2045-2049		-		16,194
2050-2054		-		16,418
2055-2059		-		16,495
2060-2064		-		16,391
2065-2069		-		16,064
2070-2074		-		15,467
2075-2079		211		14,544
2080-2084		13,804		13,232
2085-2089		18,396		11,454
2090-2094		23,832		9,125
2095-2099		30,242		6,144
2100-2104		37,777		2,396
2105		5,361		<u> </u>
Total	\$	129,623	\$	214,487

4. <u>Capital Assets</u>

Capital asset activity for the governmental activities for the year ended December 31, 2024, and for the business-type activities for the year ended September 30, 2024 was as follows:

Governmental Activities

	Beginning			Ending
	 Balance	 Increase	 Decrease	 Balance
Capital assets not depreciated				
Land	\$ 2,039,801	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,039,801
Right-of-way	1,361,016	850	<u>-</u>	1,361,866
Construction in progress	 3,149,552	 11,013,377	 (7,456,399)	 6,706,530
Total capital assets not depreciated	 6,550,369	11,014,227	(7,456,399)	 10,108,197
Capital assets depreciated				
Building and improvements	61,714,465	49,653	-	61,764,118
Land improvements	2,232,627	-	-	2,232,627
Machinery, furniture, and equipment	16,931,463	2,187,889	(500,249)	18,619,103
Infrastructure	 167,153,912	 7,227,886	 	 174,381,798
Total capital assets depreciated	248,032,467	9,465,428	(500,249)	256,997,646
Less: accumulated depreciation for				
Buildings and improvements	15,300,354	1,396,982	-	16,697,336
Land improvements	1,278,941	94,807	_	1,373,748
Machinery, furniture, and equipment	10,443,232	1,401,845	(500,249)	11,344,828
Infrastructure	 85,762,040	 5,351,949	 	91,113,989
Total accumulated depreciation	 112,784,567	8,245,583	(500,249)	120,529,901
Total capital assets depreciated, net	 135,247,900	1,219,845	 	136,467,745
Intangible right-to-use assets:				
Leased equipment	189,086	2,575	-	191,661
Less accumulated amortization	132,733	30,421	 	 163,154
Net intangible right-to-use assets	 56,353	(27,846)		28,507
Governmental Activities				
Capital Assets, Net	\$ 141,854,622	\$ 12,206,226	\$ (7,456,399)	\$ 146,604,449

Business-Type Activities

	Beginning Balance Increase		ъ.		Ending Balance			
		Balance Increase Decrease			Balance			
Capital assets not depreciated								
Land	\$	118,625	\$	_	\$		\$	118,625
Capital assets depreciated								
Land improvements		213,345		-		-		213,345
Buildings and improvements		2,771,978		59,231		-		2,831,209
Equipment		494,508		33,849		-		528,357
Total capital assets depreciated		3,479,831		93,080				3,572,911
Less: accumulated depreciation for								
Land improvements		191,278		4,852		-		196,130
Buildings and improvements		1,992,445		75,193		-		2,067,638
Equipment		448,920		14,121				463,041
Total accumulated depreciation		2,632,643		94,166				2,726,809
Total capital assets depreciated, net		847,188		(1,086)		<u>-</u>		846,102
Intangible right-to-use assets:								
Leased equipment		42,300		-		-		42,300
Less accumulated amortization		10,464		5,445				15,909
Net intangible right-to-use assets		31,836		(5,445)				26,391
Business-Type Activities								
Capital assets, Net	\$	997,649	\$	(6,531)	\$	-	\$	991,118

Depreciation and amortization expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental Activities		
General government	\$	488,404
Public safety		888,267
Highways and streets		6,107,036
Human services		33,056
Health		1,351
Sanitation		689,499
Public transportation		50,906
Culture and recreation		13,052
Conservation of natural resources		4,433
Total Depreciation/Amortization Expense	\$	8,276,004
Dusings Type Activities		
Business-Type Activities	¢	00 611
Sunnyside Care Center	D	99,611

B. <u>Interfund Receivables</u>, Payables, and Transfers

The composition of interfund balances as of December 31, 2024 is as follows:

1. Advances To/From Other Funds

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	 Α	Amount
General Fund	Sunnyside Care Center Enterprise Fund	\$	606,073

The Sunnyside Care Center Enterprise Fund advance is a result of Becker County calling and redeeming the Care Center's Series 2004 General Obligation Nursing Home bonds with an outstanding balance of \$1,190,000 in February 2010. The County then advanced \$1,102,184 to the Care Center which bears interest of 3 percent and is to be paid back by March 2035 with semi-annual principal and interest payments.

2. <u>Due To/From Other Funds</u>

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund		Amount
General Fund	General Fund Public Safety Special Revenue Fund Road and Bridge Special Revenue Fund Human Services Special Revenue Fund Gravel Tax Fund	\$	1,441 421 3,339,013 7,598 3,956
Total due to General Fund		\$	3,352,429
Road and Bridge Special Revenue			
Fund	General Fund	\$	4,044
	Public Safety Special Revenue Fund Human Services Special Revenue Fund		7,404 348
	Natural Resource Management Fund		385
	Gravel Tax Special Revenue Fund		31,941
Total due to Road and Bridge Special Revenue Fund		\$	44,122
Human Services Fund			
Truman Services I und	Human Services Special Revenue Fund	\$	13,230
Total Due To/From Other Funds		\$	3,409,781

The outstanding balances between funds result mainly from the time lag between the dates that (1) interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, (2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system, and (3) payments between funds are made. The \$3,339,013 above payable to the General Fund from the Road and Bridge Fund is to cover the deficit cash balance as of December 31, 2024. These funds are not expected to be repaid in the coming year, however the county is working on increasing charges for services fees and tax levy to cover deficit balances.

3. <u>Due To Fiduciary Fund/Due From Primary Government</u>

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	A	mount
Children Initative Fund	Human Services Fund	\$	60,099

The outstanding balances between fiduciary fund and primary government result from the time lag between the dates that (1) interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, (2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system, and (3) payments between funds are made.

4. <u>Transfers In/Transfers Out at December 31, 2024 were as follows:</u>

Transfer to Debt Service from			
Solid Waste Fund	\$	110,253	Bond payment for new MRF building.
Transfer to Debt Service from			
Natural Resourse Management Fund		12,972	NRM Lease
S	-		
Total Transfers	\$	123,225	

C. <u>Liabilities</u>

1. Payables

Payables at December 31, 2024, were as follows:

	Go	Business-Type Activities		
Accounts	\$	1,231,394	\$	64,891
Salaries		2,253,927		67,355
Contracts		368,806		_
Due to other governments		785,406		-
Customer deposits		-		2,925
Interest		131,333		1,630
Total Payables	\$	4,770,866	\$	136,801

2. <u>Construction Commitments</u>

The government has active construction projects as of December 31, 2024.

	_	Remaining Commitment		
Governmental Activities Various Road Projects	_	\$	44,782	

3. Long-Term Debt

Governmental Activities

The payments on the General Obligation Bonds are being made from the Debt Service Fund.

					Outstanding
			Interest	Original	Balance
	Final	Installment	Rates	Issue	December 31
Type of Indebtedness	Maturity	Amounts	(Percent)	Amount	2024
General obligation bonds					
2012 Capital Improvement Bonds	2027	\$ 195,000	2.00%	\$ 5,340,000	\$ 1,035,000
		425,000	3.00%		
2017 Jail Bonds	2037	260,000	2.00%	9,670,000	6,945,000
		620,000	3.00%		
2022 Bonds	2042	355,000	2.00%	9,315,000	8,960,000
		615,000	4.00%		
					\$ 16,940,000
Business-Type Activities					
					Outstanding
			Interest	Original	Balance
	Final	Installment	Rates	Issue	September 30,
Type of Indebtedness	Maturity	Amounts	(Percent)	Amount	2024
Notes payable*	2035	48,443	3.00%	\$ 1,102,184	\$ 606,073

^{*}See Note 3.B.1., this note is payable to the General Fund and is reported on the government-wide statement of net position as internal balances.

4. <u>Debt Service Requirements</u>

Debt service requirements at December 31, 2024, for governmental activities and September 30, 2024, for business-type activities were as follows:

Governmental Activities

		General Obligation Bonds			Lease Liability			
Year Ending December 31,	`	Principal		Interest		Principal		nterest
2025	\$	1,245,000	\$	447,521	\$	16,585	\$	468
2026		1,285,000		408,330		8,693		202
2027		1,080,000		370,680		3,846		56
2028		920,000		337,293		398		8
2029		950,000		310,093		-		-
2030-2034		5,140,000		1,131,098		-		-
2035-2039		4,525,000		480,989		-		-
2040-2042		1,795,000		67,324		-		-
Total	\$	16,940,000	\$	3,553,328	\$	29,522	\$	734

Business-Type Activities

	Notes				Lease Liability			
Year Ending December 31,	I	Principal		Interest	Principal			Interest
2025	\$	49,907	\$	17,811	\$	5,148	\$	1,106
2026		51,416		16,302		5,630		883
2027		52,970		14,748		6,144		640
2028		54,571		13,147		6,692		375
2029		56,220		11,498		5,543		97
2029-2033		307,641		30,949		469		7
2034-2035		33,348		200				
Total	\$	606,073	\$	104,655	\$	29,626	\$	3,108

5. Changes in Long-Term Liabilities

Long-term liability activity for the year ended December 31, 2024, for governmental activities and September 30, 2024, for business-type activities was as follows:

Governmental Activities

		Beginning						Ending	Γ	Oue Within
	_	Balance		Additions		Reductions		Balance		One Year
D 1 11										
Bonds payable										
General obligation bonds	\$	18,145,000	\$	-	\$	1,205,000	\$	16,940,000	\$	1,245,000
Bond premium		365,632		-		38,920		326,712		-
Lease Liability		57,743		2,575		30,796		29,522		16,586
Compensated absences*		2,854,564		783,636				3,638,200		1,868,897
Governmental Activities				J						
Long-Term Liabilities	\$	21,422,939	\$	786,211	\$	1,274,716	\$	20,934,434	\$	3,130,483

^{*}Compensated absences additions and reductions are netted as allowed by GASB 101.

Business-Type Activities

	В	eginning						Ending	Du	e Within
	Balance Additions		litions	Reductions		Balance		One Year		
General obligation revenue										
Lease Liability	\$	34,319	\$	-	\$	4,693	\$	29,626	\$	5,148
Note payable*		654,516				48,443		606,073		49,907
Business-Type Activities										
Long-Term Liabilities	\$	688,835	\$		\$	53,136	\$	635,699	\$	55,055

^{*}Reported in the government-wide statements as internal balance and in the Enterprise Fund statements as an advance from other funds.

Compensated absences are paid by the applicable fund where each employee is regularly paid primarily the General Fund, Public Safety, Road and Bridge Fund, and Human Services Fund.

The County has several long-term, noncancelable lease agreements with for copiers, printers mail machines, propane tank, and tower or facility space with commencement dates ranging from January 1, 2018 to July 1, 2024. The leases will expire on various dates through 2028.

6. Unearned Revenues/Deferred Inflows of Resources

Deferred inflows of resources - unavailable revenues consist of state and/or federal grants, taxes, special assessments, and state highway users tax allotments, and other receivables not collected soon enough after year-end to pay liabilities of the current period. The governmental funds reported \$146,500 in unearned revenues at December 31, 2024. The fiduciary funds reported deferred inflows of resources of \$111,060 for taxes collected as prepayments for taxes levied for the subsequent year.

Unavailable revenue at December 31, 2024 is summarized below by fund.

		Special		Grants and				
	 Taxes	Ass	sessments	Allotments		Other		 Total
M: (10.1								
Major governmental funds								
General	\$ 97,124	\$	33,600	\$	147,202	\$	-	\$ 277,926
Public Safety	198,989		-		-		6,677	205,666
Road and Bridge	350,076		-		1,177,180		-	1,527,256
Human Services	145,600		-		374,772		928,292	1,448,664
Environmental Affairs	-		44,621		-		2,505	47,126
Nonmajor governmental funds								
Parks and Recreation	143		-		-		-	143
Debt Service	30,033							 30,033
Total	\$ 821,965	\$	78,221	\$	1,699,154	\$	937,474	\$ 3,536,814

The Care Center has a contract with the Minnesota Department of Health to earn performance incentive Medicaid Assistance payments. Certain performance-based criteria needs to be met in order to keep the payments. At September 30, 2024 approximately \$50,000 is reported as unearned revenue and included in current liabilities. These payments will be recognized into revenue as noncapital grants and contributions on the statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position as the Care Center meets certain criteria in accordance with the contract.

4. Pension Plans

A. Defined Benefit Plans

1. Plan Description

The County and Sunnyside Care Center participate in the following cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plans administered by the Public Employees Retirement Association of Minnesota (PERA). These plan provisions are established and administered according to Minnesota Statutes chapters 353, 353D, 353E, 353G, and 356. Minnesota Statutes chapter 356 defines each plan's financial reporting requirements. PERA's defined benefit pension plans are tax qualified plans under Section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code.

General Employees Retirement Plan

All full-time and certain part-time employees of the County and Sunnyside Care Center in non-certified positions are covered by the General Employees Plan. Membership in the General Plan includes employees of counties, cities, townships, schools in non-certified positions, and other governmental entities whose revenues are derived from taxation, fees, or assessments. Plan membership is required for any employee who is expected to earn more than \$425 in a month, unless the employee meets exclusion criteria

Public Employees Police and Fire Plan

Membership in the Police & Fire Plan includes full-time, licensed police officers and firefighters who meet the membership criteria defined in Minnesota Statutes section 353.64 and who are not earning service credit in any other PERA retirement plan or a local relief association for the same service. Employers can provide Police & Fire Plan coverage for part-time positions and certain other public safety positions by submitting a resolution adopted by the entity's governing body. The resolution must state that the position meets plan requirements.

Local Government Correctional Plan

Membership in the Correctional Plan includes correctional officers serving in county and regional adult and juvenile corrections facilities. Participants must be responsible for the security, custody, and control of the facilities and their inmates

2. Benefits Provided

PERA provides retirement, disability, and death benefits. Benefit provisions are established by state statute and can only be modified by the state Legislature. Vested, terminated employees who are entitled to benefits, but are not receiving them yet, are bound by the provisions in effect at the time they last terminated their public service. When a member is "vested," they have earned enough service credit to receive a lifetime monthly benefit after leaving public service and

reaching an eligible retirement age. Members who retire at or over their Social Security full retirement age with at least one year of service qualify for a retirement benefit.

General Employees Plan Benefits

General Employees Plan requires three years of service to vest. Benefits are based on a member's highest average salary for any five successive years of allowable service, age, and years of credit at termination of service. Two methods are used to compute benefits for General Plan members. Members hired prior to July 1, 1989, receive the higher of the Step or Level formulas. Only the Level formula is used for members hired after June 30, 1989. Under the Step formula, General Plan members receive 1.2% of the highest average salary for each of the first 10 years of service and 1.7% for each additional year. Under the Level formula, General Plan members receive 1.7% of highest average salary for all years of service. For members hired prior to July 1, 1989 a full retirement benefit is available when age plus years of service equal 90 and normal retirement age is 65. Members can receive a reduced requirement benefit as early as age 55 if they have three or more years of service. Early retirement benefits are reduced by .25% for each month under age 65. Members with 30 or more years of service can retire at any age with a reduction of .25% for each month the member is younger than age 62. The Level formula allows General Plan members to receive a full retirement benefit at age 65 if they were first hired before July 1, 1989 or at age 66 if they were hired on or after July 1, 1989. Early retirement begins at age 55 with an actuarial reduction applied to the benefit.

Benefit increases are provided to benefit recipients each January. The postretirement increase is equal to 50% of the cost-of-living adjustment (COLA) announced by the SSA, with a minimum increase of at least 1% and a maximum of 1.5%. The 2024 annual increase was 1.5%. Recipients that have been receiving the annuity or benefit for at least a full year as of the June 30 before the effective date of the increase will receive the full increase. Recipients receiving the annuity or benefit for at least one month but less than a full year as of the June 30 before the effective date of the increase will receive a prorated increase.

Police and Fire Plan Benefits

Benefits for Police and Fire Plan members hired before July 1, 2010, are vested after three years of service. Members hired on or after July 1, 2010, are 50% vested after five years of service and 100% vested after ten years. After five years, vesting increase by 10% each full year of service until members are 100% vested after ten years. Police and Fire Plan members receive 3 percent of highest average salary for all years of service. Police and Fire Plan members receive a full retirement benefit when they are age 55 and vested, or when their age plus their years of service equals 90 or greater if they were first hired before July 1, 1989. Early retirement starts at age 50, and early retirement benefits are reduced by 0.417% each month members are younger than age 55.

Benefit increases are provided to benefit recipients each January. The post-retirement increase is fixed at 1%. Recipients that have been receiving the annuity or benefit for at least 36 months as of the June 30 before the effective date of the increase will receive the full increase. Recipients receiving the annuity or benefit for at least 25 months but less than 36 months as of the June 30 before the effective date of the increase will receive a prorated increase.

Correctional Plan Benefits

Benefits for Correctional Plan members hired before July 1, 2010, are vested after three years of service. Members hired on or after July 1, 2010, are 50% vested after five years of service and 100% vested after ten years. After five years, vesting increase by 10% each full year of service until members are 100% vested after ten years. Correctional Plan members receive 1.9% of highest average salary for each year of service. Correctional Plan members receive a full retirement benefit when they are age 55 and vested or when their age plus their years of service equals 90 or greater if they were first hired before July 1, 1989. Early retirement begins at age 50 with an actuarial reduction applied to the benefit.

Benefit increases are provided to benefit recipients each January. The postretirement increase will be equal to 100% of the COLA announced by SSA, with a minimum increase of 1% and a maximum of 2.5%. The 2024 annual increase was 2.5%. If the plan's funding status declines to 85% or below for two consecutive years or 80% for one year, the maximum will be lowered from 2.5% to 1.5%. Recipients that have been receiving the annuity or benefit for at least a full year as of the June 30 before the effective date of the increase will receive the full increase. Recipients receiving the annuity or benefit for at least one month but less than a full year as of the June 30 before the effective date of the increase will receive a prorated increase.

3. Contributions

Minnesota Statutes chapters 353, 353E, 353G, and 356 set the rates for employer and employee contributions. Contribution rates can only be modified by the state Legislature.

General Employees Fund Contributions

General Plan members were required to contribute 6.50% of their annual covered salary in fiscal year 2024 and the County and Care Center were required to contribute 7.50% for General Plan members. The County's contributions to the General Employees Fund for the year ended December 31, 2024, were \$1,178,305. The Care Center's contributions for the year ended September 30, 2024, were \$147,209. The County and Care Center's contributions were equal to the required contributions as set by state statute.

Police and Fire Fund Contributions

Police and Fire Plan members were required to contribute 11.80% of their annual covered salary in fiscal year 2024 and the County was required to contribute 17.70% for Police and Fire Plan members. The County's contributions to the Police and Fire Fund for the year ended December 31, 2024, were \$428,041. The County's contributions were equal to the required contributions as set by state statute.

Correctional Fund Contributions

Correctional Plan members were required to contribute 5.83% of their annual covered salary in fiscal year 2024 and the County was required to contribute 8.75% for Correctional Plan members. The County's contributions to the Correctional Fund for the year ended December 31, 2024, were \$192,812. The County's contributions were equal to the required contributions as set by state statute.

4. Pension Costs

General Employees Retirement Plan

At December 31, 2024, the County reported a liability of \$6,862,553 and as of September 30, 2024 the business-type activities reported a liability of \$791,143 for its proportionate share of the General Employees Fund's net pension liability. The County's net pension liability reflected a reduction due to the State of Minnesota's contribution of \$16 million. The State of Minnesota is considered a non-employer contributing entity and the state's contribution meets the definition of a special funding situation. The State of Minnesota's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the County totaled \$222,939.

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2024, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The County's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the County's contributions received by PERA during the measurement period for employer payroll paid dates from July 1, 2023 through June 30, 2024, relative to the total employer contributions received from all PERA's participating employers. The County's proportionate share was 0.1856 percent at the end of the measurement period and 0.1826 percent for the beginning of the period.

County's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 7,653,696
State of Minnesota's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the County	222,939
Total	\$ 7,876,635

For the year ended December 31, 2024, the County recognized pension expense of \$590,593 for its proportionate share of the General Employees Plan's pension expense. In addition, the County recognized an additional \$2,199 as pension expense (and grant revenue) for its proportionate share of the State of Minnesota's contribution of \$16 million to the General Employees Fund.

For the year ended September 30, 2024, the business-type activities recognized pension expense (revenue) of \$147,209 for its proportionate share of the General Employees Plan's pension expense. In addition, the business-type activities recognized an additional \$3,902 as pension expense (and grant revenue) for its proportionate share of the State of Minnesota's contribution of \$16 million to the General Employees Fund.

During the plan year ended June 30, 2024, the State of Minnesota contributed \$170.1 million to the General Employees Fund. The State of Minnesota is not included as a non-employer contributing entity in the General Employees Plan pension allocation schedules for the \$170.1 million in direct state aid because this contribution was not considered to meet the definition of a special funding situation. The County recognized \$315,741 for the year ended December 31, 2024 and the business-type activities recognized \$36,316 for the year ended September 30, 2024 as revenue and an offsetting reduction of net pension liability for its proportionate share of the State of Minnesota's on-behalf contributions to the General Employees Fund.

At December 31, 2024 and September 30, 2024, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred		Deferred	
	C	outflows of]	Inflows of
	Resources]	Resources
Differences between expected and actual				
economic experience	\$	719,648	\$	536,296
Changes in actuarial assumptions		37,368		2,896,797
Net difference between projected and actual				
investment earnings		306,554		1,992,829
Changes in proportion		142,717		200,910
Contributions paid to PERA subsequent to				
the measurement date		649,959		
Total	\$	1,856,246	\$	5,626,832

The \$606,068 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from County contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be

recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended December 31, 2025. \$43,891 will be recognized by Sunnyside Care Center as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended September 30, 2025. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	Pension
	Expense
Year Ending December 31,	Amount
2025	\$ (2,526,692)
2026	(417,069)
2027	(890,174)
2028	(586,610)

Public Employees Police and Fire Plan

At December 31, 2024, the County reported a liability of \$2,297,579 for its proportionate share of the Police and Fire Fund's net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2024, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The County's proportionate share of the net pension liability was based on the County's contributions received by PERA during the measurement period for employer payroll paid dates from July 1, 2023 through June 30, 2024, relative to the total employer contributions received from all of PERA's participating employers. The County's proportionate share was 0.1746 percent at the end of the measurement period and 0.1621 percent for the beginning of the period.

The State of Minnesota contributed \$37.4 million to the Police and Fire Fund in the plan fiscal year ended June 30, 2024. The contribution consisted of \$9 million in direct state aid that meets the definition of a special funding situation, additional one-time direct state aid contribution of \$19.4 million, and \$9 million in supplemental state aid that does not meet the definition of a special funding situation. Additionally, \$9 million supplemental state aid was paid on October 1, 2024. Thereafter, by October 1 of each year, the state will pay \$9 million to the Police and Fire Fund until full funding is reached or July 1, 2048, whichever is earlier. The \$9 million in supplemental state aid will continue until the fund is 90% funded, or until the State Patrol Plan (administered by the Minnesota State Retirement System) is 90% funded, whichever occurs later. The State of Minnesota's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the County totaled \$87,583.

County's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 2,297,579
State of Minnesota's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the County	87,583
Total	\$ 2,385,162

For the year ended December 31, 2024, the County recognized pension expense of \$445,032 for its proportionate share of the Police and Fire Plan's pension expense. The County recognized \$34,431 as grant revenue and pension expense for its proportionate share of the State of Minnesota's pension expense for the contribution of \$9 million to the Police and Fire Fund special funding situation.

The State of Minnesota is not included as a non-employer contributing entity in the Police and Fire Pension Plan pension allocation schedules for the \$28.4 million in supplemental state aid because this contribution was not considered to meet the definition of a special funding situation. The County recognized \$49,593 for the year ended December 31, 2024 as revenue and an offsetting reduction of net pension liability for its proportionate share of the State of Minnesota's on-behalf contributions to the Police and Fire Fund.

At December 31, 2024, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources]	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual				
economic experience	\$	895,386	\$	-
Changes in actuarial assumptions		2,525,635		3,383,244
Net difference between projected and actual				
investment earnings		-		747,059
Changes in proportion		224,973		56,534
Contributions paid to PERA subsequent to				
the measurement date		237,527		
Total	\$	3,883,521	\$	4,186,837

The \$237,527 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from County contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended December 31, 2025. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

]	Pension
]	Expense
Year Ending December 31,		Amount
2025	\$	(89,470)
2026		607,513
2027		(298,357)
2028		(850,210)
2029		89,681

Public Employees Correctional Plan

At December 31, 2024, the County reported a liability of \$264,559 for its proportionate share of the Correctional Plan's net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2024, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The County's proportionate share of the net pension liability was based on the County's contributions received by PERA during the measurement period for employer payroll paid dates from July 1, 2023, through June 30, 2024, relative to the total employer contributions received from all of PERA's participating employers. The County's proportionate share was 0.868 percent at the end of the measurement period and 0.808 percent for the beginning of the period.

For the year ended December 31, 2024 the County recognized pension expense of \$425,038 for its proportionate share of the Correctional Plan's pension expense.

During the plan year ended June 30, 2024, the State of Minnesota contributed \$5.3 million to the Correctional Employees Fund. The State of Minnesota is not included as a non-employer contributing entity in the Correctional Plan pension allocation schedules for the \$5.3 million in direct state aid because this contribution was not considered to meet the definition of a special funding situation. The County recognized \$45,623 for the year ended December 31, 2024 as revenue and an offsetting reduction of net pension liability for its proportionate share of the State of Minnesota's on-behalf contributions to the Correctional Employees Fund.

At December 31, 2024, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Oi	Deferred atflows of esources	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Differences between expected and actual					
economic experience	\$	187,528	\$	-	
Changes in actuarial assumptions		-		895,068	
Net difference between projected and actual					
investment earnings		-		367,347	
Changes in proportion		66,480		-	
Contributions paid to PERA subsequent to					
the measurement date		110,895		-	
Total	\$	364,903	\$	1,262,415	

The \$110,895 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from County contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended December 31, 2025. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	Pension
	Expense
Year Ending December 31,	Amount
2025	\$ (959,516)
2026	169,884
2027	(119,894)
2028	(98,881)

5. <u>Summary</u>

The aggregate amount of net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and pension expense for the County's defined benefit pension plans are summarized below. These liabilities are typically liquidated by the individual activity in which the employees' costs are associated. The table below includes the County's portion of each plan.

	Public Em	ployees	Public Employees		Public Employees		
Description	Retiremen	nt Plan	Police and	Police and Fire Plan		al Plan	Total
Net Pension Liability	\$	7,653,696	\$	2,297,579	\$	264,559	\$ 10,215,834
Deferred Outflows of Resources	3	1,856,246		3,883,521		364,903	6,104,670
Related to Pensions							
Deferred Inflows of Resources		5,626,832		4,186,837		1,262,415	11,076,084
Related to Pensions							
Pension Expense		743,903		479,463		425,038	1,648,404

6. Long-Term Expected Return on Investment

The State Board of Investment, which manages the investments of PERA, prepares an analysis of the reasonableness on a regular basis of the long-term expected rate of return using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future rates of return are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce an expected long-term rate of return by weighting the expected future rates of return by the target asset allocation percentages. The target allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Domestic equity	33.5%	5.10%
Private markets	25.0%	5.90%
Fixed income	25.0%	0.75%
International equity	16.5%	5.30%
Total	100%	
International equity	16.5%	*****

7. Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

The total pension liability for each of the cost-sharing defined benefit plans was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2024, using the entry age normal actuarial cost method. The long-term rate of return on pension plan investments used to determine the total liability is 7%. The 7% assumption is based on a review of inflation and investment return assumptions from a number of national investment consulting firms. The review provided a range of investment return rates considered reasonable by the actuary. An investment return of 7% is within that range.

- Inflation is assumed to be 2.25% for the General Employees Plan, Police & Fire Plan, and the Correctional Plan.
- Benefit increases after retirement are assumed to be 1.25% for the General Employees Plan, 1% for the Police & Fire Plan, and 2% for the Correctional Plan.

Salary growth assumptions in the General Employees Plan range in annual increments from 10.25% after one year of service to 3% after 27 years of service. In the Police & Fire Plan, salary growth assumptions range in annual increments from 11.75% after one year of service to 3% after 24 years of service. In the Correctional Plan, salary growth assumptions range from 11% at age 20 to 3% at age 60.

Mortality rates for the General Employees Plan are based on the Pub-2010 General Employee Mortality Table. Mortality rates for the Police & Fire Plan and the Correctional Plan are based on the Pub-2010 Public Safety Employee Mortality tables. The tables are adjusted slightly to fit PERA's experience.

Actuarial assumptions for the General Employees Plan are reviewed every four years. The General Employees Plan was last reviewed in 2022. The assumption changes were adopted by the board and became effective with the July 1, 2023 actuarial valuation. The Police & Fire Plan and Correctional Plan were reviewed in 2024. PERA anticipates the experience study will be approved by the Legislative Commission on Pensions and Retirement and become effective with the July 1, 2025 actuarial valuation.

The following changes in actuarial assumptions and plan provisions occurred in 2024:

General Employees Fund

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions:

- Rates of merit and seniority were adjusted, resulting in slightly higher rates.
- Assumed rates of retirement were adjusted as follows: increase the rate of assumed unreduced retirements, slight adjustments to Rule of 90 retirement rates, and slight adjustments to early retirement rates for Tier 1 and Tier 2 members.
- Minor increase in assumed withdrawals for males and females.
- Lower rates of disability.
- Continued use of Pub-2010 general mortality table with slight rate adjustments as recommended in the most recent experience study
- Minor changes to form of payment assumptions for male and female retirees.
- Minor changes to assumptions made with respect to missing participant data.

Changes in Plan Provisions:

• The workers' compensation offset for disability benefits was eliminated. The actuarial equivalent factors updated to reflect the changes in assumptions.

Police and Fire Fund

Changes in Plan Provisions:

- The State contribution of \$9.0 million per year will continue until the earlier of 1) both the Police & Fire Plan and the State Patrol Retirement Fund attain 90% funded status for three consecutive years (on an actuarial value of assets basis) or 2) July 1, 2048. The contribution was previously due to expire after attaining a 90% funded status for one year.
- The additional \$9.0 million contribution will continue until the Police & Fire Plan is fully funded for a minimum of three consecutive years on an actuarial value of assets basis, or July 1, 2048, whichever is earlier. This contribution was previously due to expire upon attainment of fully funded status on an actuarial value of assets basis for one year (or July 1, 2048 if earlier).

Correctional Fund

Changes in Plan Provisions:

- Employee contribution rates will increase from 5.83% of pay to 6.83% of pay, effective July 1, 2025.
- Employer contribution rates will increase from 8.75% of pay to 10.25% of pay, effective July 1, 2025.
- The benefit multiplier changed from 1.9% to 2.2% for service earned after June 30, 2025.

8. Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability in 2024 was 7.0%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members and employers will be made at rates set in Minnesota Statutes. Based on these assumptions, the fiduciary net position of the General Employees, Police and Fire, and Correctional Plans were projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

9. Pension Liability Sensitivity

The following presents the County's proportionate share of the net pension liability for all plans it participates in, calculated using the discount rate disclosed in the preceding paragraph, as well as what the County's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current discount rate:

	Proportionate Share of the						
	Public	Employees	Public	Employees	Public Employees		
	Retir	ement Plan	Police and Fire Plan		Correctional Plan		
	Discount	Net Pension	Discount	Net Pension	Discount	Net Pension	
	Rate	Liability	Rate	Liability	Rate	Liability	
One Percent Decrease	6.00 %	\$ 16,716,904	6.00 %	\$ 5,429,627	6.00 %	\$ 2,149,848	
Current	7.00	7,653,696	7.00	2,297,579	7.00	264,559	
One Percent Increase	8.00	198,381	8.00	(274,489)	8.00	(1,237,371)	

10. Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in a separately issued PERA financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained on the Internet at www.mnpera.org.

B. Defined Contribution Plan

Six employees of Becker County are covered by the Public Employees Defined Contribution Plan, a multiple-employer deferred compensation plan administered by PERA. The Defined Contribution Plan is a tax qualified plan under Section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code and all contributions by or on behalf of employees are tax deferred until time of withdrawal.

Plan benefits depend solely on amounts contributed to the plan plus investment earnings, less administrative expenses. *Minnesota Statutes*, Chapter 353D and 356, specifies plan provisions, including the employee and employer contribution rates for those qualified personnel who elect to participate. An eligible elected official who decides to participate contributes five percent of salary which is matched by the elected official's employer. For ambulance service personnel, employer contributions are determined by the employer, and for salaried employees contributions must be a fixed percentage of salary. Employer contributions for volunteer personnel may be a unit value for each call or period of alert duty. Employees who are paid for their services may elect to make member contributions in an amount not to exceed the employer share. Employer and employee contributions are combined and used to purchase shares in one or more of the seven accounts of the Minnesota Supplemental Investment Fund. For administering the plan, PERA receives two percent of employer contributions and twenty-five hundredths of one percent (0.25%) of the assets in each member's account annually.

Total contributions by dollar amount and percentage of covered payroll made by County during the year ended December 31, 2024 were:

	En	Employee		
Contribution amount	\$	8,896	\$	8,896
Percentage of covered payroll		5%		5%

C. Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

Plan Description

Becker County provides a single-employer defined benefit health care plan to eligible retirees and their spouses. The plan offers medical insurance benefits. The County provides benefits for retirees as required by Minn. Stat. § 471.61, subd. 2b. As of December 31, 2024, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Total participants	278
Active plan members	270
Spouses receiving benefit payments	1
receiving benefit payments	7
Inactive plan members or beneficiaries currently	

As of December 31, 2024, the County had no inactive plan members entitled to but not yet receiving benefits.

No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of Statement 75. There are no inactive employees entitled to benefit payments but not yet receiving them.

The contribution requirements of the plan members and the County are established and may be amended by the Becker County Board of Commissioners. Retirees are required to pay 100 percent of the total premium cost. The County's total OPEB liability was measured as of January 1, 2024 was determined by an actuarial valuation as of January 1, 2024. Updating procedures were performed to roll forward the total OPEB liability to the measurement date.

Actuarial assumptions

The total OPEB liability in the actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Discount Rate	3.70%
Salary Increase	Service Graded Table
20-Year Municipal Bond Yield	3.70%
Inflation Rate	2.5%
Medical Trend Rate	6.50% grading
	to 5.00% over 6 years and then
	4.00% over the next 48 years
Mortality	Pub-2010 tables with MP-2021
	Generational Improvement Scale

The assumptions used in the January 1, 2024 valuation were based on input from a variety of published sources of historical and projected future financial data. Each assumption was reviewed for reasonableness with the source information as well for consistency with the other economic assumptions.

The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 3.70%. The discount rate is based on the estimated yield of 20-Year AA-rated municipal bonds.

Summary of Changes in the Actuarial Assumptions

The following assumption changes were reflected in the 2024 measurement:

- The health care trend rates were changed to better anticipate short term and long term medical increases
- The discount rate was changed from 4.00% to 3.70%

Total OPEB Liability

OPEB Liability as of January 1, 2024	\$ 1,354,409
Service Cost	76,906
Interest Cost	55,450
Assumption Changes	58,535
Differences between Expected and	
Actual Experience	28,419
Benefit Payments	 (91,025)
Net Changes	\$ 128,285
OPEB Liability as of December 31, 2024	\$ 1,482,694

Discount rate sensitivity

Sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the total OPEB liability of the County, as well as what the County's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1% lower or 1% higher than the current discount rate:

	Oı	ne Percent				One Percent	
	I	Decrease		Current		Increase	
	in Discount Rate		Discount Rate		i	in Discount Rate	
Total OPEB Liability	\$	1,583,030	\$	1,482,694	_\$	1,389,805	

Healthcare trend rate sensitivity

Sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates. The following presents the total OPEB liability of the County, as well as what the County's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percent lower or 1 percent higher than the current discount rate:

	Or	ne Percent			O	ne Percent
	De	ecrease in		Current	I	ncrease in
	Healthcare Cost Healthcare Cost			althcare Cost	Healthcare Cost	
	Trend Rates Trend Rat		rend Rates	Trend Rates		
Total OPEB Liability	\$	1,369,546	\$	1,482,694	\$	1,611,524

Expense and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended December 31, 2024, the County recognized OPEB expense of \$111,909.

	_	Deferred atflows of	_	Deferred nflows of
	R	esources	R	esources
Benefits paid subsequent to measurement date	\$	86,833	\$	-
Changes in actuarial assumptions		95,500		135,776
Liability Gains/(Losses)		438,381		26,492
Total	\$	620,714	\$	162,268

At December 31, 2024, the County reported \$86,833 in deferred outflows of resources resulting from benefits paid subsequent to the measurement date, which will be recognized as a reduction of the OPEB liability in the year ending December 31, 2024.

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

	(OPEB		
Year ending	Е	xpense		
2025	\$	68,962		
2026		72,133		
2027		72,131		
2028		73,103		
2029		63,550		
Thereafter		21.734		

5. Risk Management

The County is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, or destruction of assets; errors or omissions; injuries to employees; or natural disasters. The County has entered into a joint powers agreement with other Minnesota counties to form the Minnesota Counties Intergovernmental Trust (MCIT). The County is a member of both the MCIT Workers' Compensation and Property and Casualty Divisions. For other risk, the County carries commercial insurance. There were no significant reductions in insurance from the prior year. The amount of settlements did not exceed insurance coverage for the past three fiscal years.

The Workers' Compensation Division of MCIT is self-sustaining based on the contributions charged, so that total contributions plus compounded earnings on these contributions will equal the amount needed to satisfy claims liabilities and other expenses. MCIT participates in the Workers' Compensation Reinsurance Association with coverage at \$500,000 per claim in 2024. Should the MCIT Workers' Compensation Division liabilities exceed assets, MCIT may assess the County in a method and amount to be determined by MCIT.

The Property and Casualty Division of MCIT is self-sustaining, and the County pays an annual premium to cover current and future losses. MCIT carries reinsurance for its property lines to protect against catastrophic losses. Should the MCIT Property and Casualty Division liabilities exceed assets, MCIT may assess the County in a method and amount to be determined by MCIT.

6. Summary of Significant Contingencies and Other Items

A. Contingent Liabilities

Amounts received or receivable from grant agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, principally the federal government. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of the expenditures that may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time, although the County expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

The County, in connection with the normal conduct of its affairs, is involved in various judgments, claims, and litigation. The County Attorney identified no potential claims against the County that would materially affect the financial statements.

B. Joint Ventures

Prairie Lakes Municipal Solid Waste Authority

The Prairie Lakes Municipal Solid Waste Authority Joint Powers Board was established in 2010, under the authority conferred upon the member parties by Minn. Stat. § 471.59 and chs. 115A and 400, and includes the Counties of Becker, Clay, Otter Tail, Todd, and Wadena. The original Joint Powers Agreement was amended effective October 21, 2014, to include Clay County.

The purpose of the Prairie Lakes Municipal Solid Waste Authority Joint Powers Board is to jointly exercise powers common to each participating party dealing with the ownership and operation of the Perham Resource Recovery Facility, as well as cooperation with efforts in other solid waste management activities that affect the operations of the Perham Resource Recovery Facility. The Prairie Lakes Municipal Solid Waste Authority Joint Powers Board is composed of one Commissioner each from Becker, Todd, and Wadena Counties and two members from Otter Tail County. Each party may appoint alternate Board members and shall represent one vote on the Board. Becker County paid \$1,711,014 in 2024 for services purchased through this entity.

In the event of dissolution of the Prairie Lakes Municipal Solid Waste Authority Joint Powers Board, all assets and liabilities of the Board shall be distributed and/or retired based on the contracted debt obligation of each of the parties of the agreement providing such entity is a party to the agreement at the time of the discharge of assets and liabilities. There is no accumulation of resources or fiscal stress related to this entity.

Financial information can be obtained from:

Otter Tail County Solid Waste 1115 Tower Road North Fergus Falls, Minnesota 56537

Partnership4Health Community Health Board

Partnership4Health Community Health Board was originally established July 1, 2014, by a joint powers agreement among Becker, Clay, Otter Tail, and Wilkin Counties, pursuant to Minn. Stat. ch. 145A, and pursuant to Minn. Stat. § 471.59, for the purpose of transitioning grant contracts. The Community Health Board became operational as of January 1, 2015. The joint powers agreement remains in force until any single county provides a resolution of withdrawal, duly passed by its governing board, to the County Boards and the auditor of the other counties participating in the agreement, and the Commissioner of Health for the State of Minnesota, at least one year before the beginning of the calendar year in which it takes effect.

Partnership4Health Community Health Board's purpose is to engage in activities designed to protect and promote the health of the general population within a community health service area by emphasizing the prevention of disease, injury, disability, and preventable death through the promotion of effective coordination and use of community resources, and by extending health services into the community.

Control is vested in Partnership4Health's Board, which consists of five members comprised of four County Commissioners and one community member. Members of the Board serve an annual term, with no term limit.

The financial activities of Partnership4Health are accounted for in a custodial fund by Clay County. The individuals who administer the activity of Partnership4Health are considered to be employees of Clay County Public Health. During 2024, Becker County did not contribute to Partnership4Health Community Health Board. There is no accumulation of resources or fiscal stress related to this entity.

West Central Area Agency on Aging/Land of the Dancing Sky Area Agency on Aging

The West Central Area Agency on Aging was established June 2, 1992, by a joint powers agreement among Becker, Clay, Douglas, Grant, Otter Tail, Pope, Stevens, Traverse, and Wilkin Counties. In 2005, The Area Agency on Aging became part of a larger planning and service area covering 21 counties. This is a partnership between the Northwest Regional Development Commission, the 5-county service area of Region 2, and the West Central Area Agency on Aging.

The combined area on aging, known as the Land of the Dancing Sky Area on Aging, was established to administer all aspects of the Older Americans Act by providing programs to meet the needs of the elderly in the 21-county area. Each county may be assessed a proportional share of the 25% of the administrative costs incurred in carrying out this agreement. Each county's proportional share of this 25% of the administrative costs will be based upon the number of persons age 60 or older living within that county. In 2024, the County paid \$15,354 to the Northwest Regional Development Commission for Land of the Dancing Sky Area Agency on Aging as its share of the 2024 assessment.

The Land of the Dancing Sky umbrella board meets quarterly to discuss and approve major items such as the area plan and dollar allocations, while the advisory councils and joint powers boards continue to meet monthly to make decisions affecting their local counties.

Control is vested in the West Central Board on Aging. The Board consists of one Commissioner from each of the counties. Each member of the Board is appointed by the County Commissioners of the county he or she represents.

Any county may withdraw by providing notice to the chair of the Board 90 days prior to the beginning of the fiscal year. The chair shall forward a copy to each of the counties. Withdrawal shall not act to discharge any liability incurred or chargeable to any county prior to the effective date of withdrawal. There is no accumulation of resources or fiscal stress related to this entity.

Complete financial information can be obtained from:

Land of the Dancing Sky 109 S Minnesota St Warren, Minnesota 56762

West Central Minnesota Drug and Violent Crimes Task Force

The West Central Minnesota Drug and Violent Crime Task Force was established in 1996 under the authority of the Joint Powers Act, pursuant to Minnesota Statutes § 471.59, and includes Becker, Douglas, Grant, Otter Tail, Pope, and Wadena Counties, and the Cities of Alexandria, Fergus Falls, Glenwood, Starbuck, and Wadena. The Task Force's objectives are to detect, investigate, and apprehend controlled substance offenders in the six-county area.

Control of the Task Force is vested in a Board of Directors. The Board of Directors consists of department heads or a designee from each participating full-time member agency. In the event of dissolution of the Task Force, the equipment will be divided and returned to the appropriate agencies. However, if only one agency terminates its agreement and the unit continues, all equipment will remain with the Task Force. The Task Force is reported as a custodial fund in Douglas County's financial statements. Financing and equipment will be provided by the full-time and associate member agencies. Becker County provided \$1,000 to this organization in 2024. There is no accumulation of resources or fiscal stress related to this entity.

Northwest Minnesota Regional Emergency Communication Board

The Northwest Minnesota Regional Emergency Communication Board (formerly known as the Northwest Minnesota Regional Radio Board) was formed in 2008, pursuant to the authority conferred upon the member parties by Minn. Stat. §§ 471.59 and 403.39, and includes the City of Moorhead and the Counties of Becker, Beltrami, Clay, Clearwater, Hubbard, Kittson, Lake of the Woods, Mahnomen, Marshall, Norman, Pennington, Polk, Red Lake, and Roseau; and the White Earth Reservation.

The purpose of the Northwest Minnesota Regional Emergency Communications Board is to provide for regional administration of enhancements to the Statewide Public Safety Radio and Communication System (ARMER) owned and operated by the State of Minnesota and to enhance and improve interoperable public safety communications along with coordination of 911 and public safety broadband data services within the region.

The Northwest Minnesota Regional Emergency Communications Board is composed of one Commissioner of each county appointed by their respective County Board, one City Council member from the city appointed by their City Council, and one representative appointed by the Tribal Council from each tribal entity party to the agreement, as provided in the Northwest Minnesota Regional Emergency Communications Board's bylaws.

In the event of dissolution of the Northwest Minnesota Regional Emergency Communications Board, all property, assets, and funds of the Board shall be distributed to the parties of the agreement upon termination in direct proportion to their participation and contribution. Any city, county or tribal entity that has withdrawn from the agreement prior to termination of the Board shall share in the distribution of property, assets, and funds of the Board only to the extent they shared in the original expense.

The Northwest Minnesota Regional Emergency Communications Board has no long-term debt. Financing is provided by appropriations from member parties and by state and federal grants. Becker County had no contributions to this entity for 2024. There is no accumulation of resources or fiscal stress related to this entity.

Complete financial information can be obtained from:

Headwaters Regional Development Commission 403 - 4th Street Northwest, Suite 310 Bemidji, Minnesota 56601.

Northwestern Counties Data Processing Security Association

The Northwestern Counties Data Processing Security Association (NCDPSA) was formed in 1994 under the authority of the Joint Powers Act, pursuant to Minn. Stat. § 471.59, and includes Becker, Beltrami, Clay, Clearwater, Hubbard, Kittson, Lake of the Woods, Mahnomen, Marshall, Pennington, Polk, Roseau, and Wadena Counties. Mahnomen County withdrew from the NCDPSA in 2017. The purpose of the NCDPSA is to provide a mechanism whereby the counties may cooperatively provide for a data processing disaster recovery plan and backup system.

Control of the NCDPSA is vested in the NCDPSA Joint Powers Board, which is composed of one County Commissioner appointed by each member County Board. In the event of dissolution, the net position of the NCDPSA at that time shall be distributed to the respective member counties in proportion to their contributions.

The NCDPSA has no long-term debt. Financing is provided by grants from the State of Minnesota and appropriations from member counties. The County did not contribute to the NCDPSA in 2024. Clearwater County, in a custodial capacity, reports the cash transactions of the NCDPSA as a custodial fund on its financial statements. There is no accumulation of resources or fiscal stress related to this entity.

Complete financial information can be obtained from: Clearwater County, Auditor/Treasurer's Office, 213 North Main Avenue, Bagley, Minnesota 56621.

C. Jointly-Governed Organizations

Becker County, in conjunction with other governmental entities and various private organizations, has formed the jointly-governed organizations listed below:

Minnesota Rural Counties

The Minnesota Rural Counties Caucus was established in 1997 and includes Aitkin, Becker, Beltrami, Big Stone, Clay, Clearwater, Cottonwood, Douglas, Grant, Itasca, Kittson, Koochiching, Lake of the Woods, Mahnomen, Marshall, McLeod, Mille Lacs, Morrison, Norman, Pennington, Polk, Pope, Red Lake, Renville, Roseau, Stevens, Todd, Traverse, Wadena, Watonwan, and Wilkin Counties. Control of the Caucus is vested in the Minnesota Rural Counties Caucus Executive Committee, which is composed of 12 appointees, each with an alternate, who are appointed annually by each respective County Board they represent. Each county also appoints a delegate and alternate to the Board of Directors. The County's responsibility does not extend beyond making these appointments.

Becker County Airport Commission

Becker County and the City of Detroit Lakes created the Becker County Airport Commission. The County and the City each appoint two members to the Commission.

The County and the City alternately appoint the fifth Commission member for a three-year term. The Commission is reported as a special revenue fund in the financial statements of the City of Detroit Lakes. Becker County had no contributions to this entity for 2024.

Lake Agassiz Regional Library

The Lake Agassiz Regional Library was formed pursuant to Minn. Stat. §§ 134.20 and 471.59, effective January 1, 1961, and includes Becker, Clay, Clearwater, Mahnomen, Norman, Polk, and Wilkin Counties. Control of the Library is vested in the Agassiz Regional Library Board, with 23 members with staggered terms made up of the following: one member appointed by each Board of County Commissioners who may be a member of the Board of Commissioners; one member appointed by each participating city; and one additional member appointed by each county and city for each 6,000 of population or major percentage (85 percent) thereof. In 2024, Becker County provided \$427,690 in the form of an appropriation.

Lakeland Mental Health Center

Lakeland Mental Health Center was formed pursuant to Minn. Stat. ch. 317A as a 501-(c)3 nonprofit corporation on February 10, 1961, and includes Becker, Clay, Douglas, Grant, Otter Tail, and Pope Counties. The purpose of Lakeland Mental Health Center is to promote healthy individuals, families, and communities by providing high quality accessible mental health services.

The management of Lakeland Mental Health Center is vested in a Board of Directors consisting of one Commissioner and one community-at-large representative from each member county, plus one human service director, or equivalent position, rotated between the member counties. Services are provided to the member counties through purchase of service agreements. A member county may lose its membership, by action of the Board of Directors, if it fails to have a signed contract with Lakeland Mental Health Center. Becker County paid \$249,301 in 2024 for services purchased through Lakeland Mental Health Center.

D. Related Organizations

Buffalo-Red River Watershed District

The Buffalo-Red River Watershed District was formed pursuant to Minn. Stat. § 103D.201, effective June 17, 1963, and includes land within Becker, Clay, and Wilkin Counties. The purpose of the District is to conserve the natural resources of the state by land-use planning, flood control, and other conservation projects by using sound scientific principles for the protection of the public health and welfare and the provident use of natural resources. Control of the District is vested in the Buffalo-Red River Watershed District Board of Managers, which is composed of five members having staggered terms of three years each, with three appointed by the Clay County Board, one appointed by the Becker County Board, and one appointed by the Wilkin County Board.

Wild Rice Watershed District

The Wild Rice Watershed District was established in 1969, pursuant to Minn. Stat. ch. 103D, and includes Becker, Clay, Clearwater, Mahnomen, Norman, and Polk Counties. The purpose of the Wild Rice Watershed District is to oversee watershed projects, conduct studies for future project planning, administration of legal drainage systems, issuance of applications and permits, public education on conservation issues, and dispute resolution. Control of the Watershed District is vested in the Board of Managers, which is composed of seven members appointed by the County Commissioners of Becker, Clay, Mahnomen, and Norman Counties. Norman County appoints three members, Clay County appoints two members, and Mahnomen and Becker Counties each appoint one member.

Pelican River Watershed District

The Pelican River Watershed District was formed pursuant to Minn. Stat. § 103D.201 includes land within Becker County. Control of the District is vested in the Pelican River Watershed District Board of Managers, which is composed of seven members having staggered terms of three years each, appointed by the Becker County Board of Commissioners.

Cormorant Lakes Watershed District

The Cormorant Watershed District was formed pursuant to Minn. Stat. § 103D.201 includes land within Cormorant and Lake Eunice Townships in Becker County. Control of the District is vested in the Cormorant Lakes Watershed District Board of Managers, which is composed of five members having staggered terms of three years each, appointed by the Becker County Board of Commissioners.

E. Regulation

The health care industry is subject to numerous laws and regulations of federal, state, and local governments. These laws and regulations include, but are not necessarily limited to, matters such as licensure, accreditation, government health care program participation requirements, reimbursement for resident services, and Medicare and Medicaid fraud and abuse. Recently, regulatory activity has increased with respect to investigations and allegations concerning possible violations of fraud and abuse statutes and regulations by health care providers. Violations of these laws and regulations could result in expulsion from government health care programs together with the imposition of significant fines and penalties, as well as significant repayments for resident services previously billed.

F. Opioid Settlement Funds

Becker County is a participating government in the opioid settlement with pharmaceutical manufacturers, distributors, and pharmacy chains. The county is expected to receive \$928,292 over the next 15 years. The majority of the funds are intended for opioid abatement. The Minnesota Opioids State-Subdivision Memorandum of Agreement (MOA) identifies the requirements for Minnesota governments participating in the settlement. Pursuant to the terms of MOA the county created a special revenue fund. Funds are restricted until expended. For the year ended December 31, 2024, the County received \$434,249 as part of the settlement.

7. Becker County Economic Development Authority (EDA)

A. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The Becker County Economic Development Authority's (EDA) financial statements are prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) for the year ended December 31, 2024. In addition to those identified Note 1, the EDA has the following significant policies.

1. Financial Reporting Entity

The EDA was established May 27, 1997, having all of the powers and duties of an economic development authority under Minn. Stat. §§ 469.090 to 469.1081.

The Housing Department was added May 1, 1999, and has all of the powers and duties of a housing and redevelopment authority under Minn. Stat. §§ 469.001 to 469.047. The EDA is governed by a seven-member Board appointed by the Becker County Board of Commissioners.

The EDA is a component unit of Becker County because Becker County is financially accountable for the EDA. The EDA's financial statements are discretely presented in the Becker County financial statements.

2. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The EDA is reported in the County's government-wide financial statements using the economic resources measurement focus and the full accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned, and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

The EDA has no employees; it purchases employee services from Becker County and contracts for services from Midwest Minnesota Community Development Corporation.

3. Assets, Liabilities, and Net Position

A. Property Held for Resale

Real property acquired for subsequent resale for redevelopment purposes and not as an investment program is recorded at the lesser of cost or net realizable value.

B. Capital Assets

Capital assets are defined by the EDA as assets with an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated acquisition value (entry price) at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed. During the current period, the EDA did not have any capitalized interest.

Property, plant, and equipment of the EDA is depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Buildings 40 Years
Building improvements 40 Years
Furniture, equipment, and vehicles 3 to 7 Years

B. Detailed Notes on All Funds

1. Assets

A. Deposits and Investments

The EDA's total cash and investments are reported as follows:

Cash and pooled investments Restricted cash	\$ 1,311,647 1,340,059
Total Cash and Investments	\$ 2,651,706

Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a financial institution failure, the EDA's deposits may not be returned to it. The EDA does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. As of December 31, 2024, the EDA's deposits were not exposed to custodial credit risk.

B. Receivables

No allowance for uncollectable accounts has been made.

Contract for Deed (Loans Receivable)

The following is a summary of contracts for deed receivable resulting from the sale of Minnesota Urban and Rural Homesteading (MURL) homes to individuals for the year ended December 31, 2024.

Balance - January 1, 2024 Payments	\$ 276,082 (8,045)
Balance - December 31, 2024	\$ 268,037
Less: current portion	 (22,977)
Long-Term Portion	\$ 245,060

Contract for Deed	Date	Interest Rate (%)	Due Date	Monthly Date Payment		-	Balance cember 31
Federal Home Funds							
MURL #02	October 1, 1999	-	October 1, 2029	\$	330	\$	28,921
MURL #08	May 1, 2010	-	May 1, 2026		415		26,217
MURL #11	October 1, 2013	-	October 1, 2034		821		47,861
MURL #07	May 27, 2016	-	July 1, 2031		989		48,432
Total Federal Home Funds						\$	151,431
State Nonhome Funds							
MURL #17	May 1, 2009	-	May 1, 2039		768	\$	116,606
Total Contracts for Deed						\$	268,037

C. <u>Capital Assets</u>

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2024, was as follows:

	Beginning			_	_		Ending		
		Balance		Increase	Decrease		Balance		
Capital assets not being depreciated									
Land	\$	370,997	\$		\$		\$	370,997	
Capital assets being depreciated									
Buildings		5,226,971		108,779		-		5,335,750	
Equipment		180,478						180,478	
Total capital assets being depreciated		5,407,449		108,779		- -		5,516,228	
Less: accumulated depreciation for									
Buildings		2,553,273		140,063		-		2,693,336	
Equipment		164,452		2,463				166,915	
Total accumulated depreciation		2,717,725		142,526				2,860,251	
Total capital assets depreciated, net		2,689,724		(33,747)				2,655,977	
Capital Assets, Net	\$	3,060,721	\$	(33,747)	\$	-	\$	3,026,974	

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the EDA as follows:

Housing \$ 142,526

2. Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources

A. Payables

Payables at December 31, 2024, were as follows:

Accounts	\$	13,063
Due to other governments		52,419
Other liabilities		16,730
Security deposits		25,170
Total Davables	•	107 292
Total Payables	Þ	107,382

B. Long-Term Debt

The EDA entered into an \$800,000 mortgage loan agreement with the Minnesota Housing Finance Agency in 2004 for the modernization of rental units of low-income persons. The principal sum is due and payable on December 1, 2032. However, the Minnesota Housing Finance Agency has passed a resolution that the maturity date of the loan shall be co-terminus with the Annual Contribution Contract (ACC), with payments deferred until maturity, and with annual renewals thereafter for so long as the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development allows renewals of the ACC.

The EDA entered into a loan with the Greater Minnesota Housing Fund of \$217,300 on December 20, 2007, to start construction for a 12-unit supportive housing project. This loan is payable in full on December 20, 2037. The loan is secured by the supportive housing property. The loan agreement contains a provision that in the event of default the timing of repayment of outstanding amounts become immediately due. In addition, the Mortgagee may foreclose on the property pursuant to the statutes of Minnesota.

In 2008, the EDA received a deferred loan of \$1,400,000 from the Minnesota Housing Finance Agency (Publicly Owned Housing Program), which will be forgiven in 20 years if the EDA is in compliance with all covenants. This loan will remain a liability until January 1, 2028, at which time it will be recorded as revenue or repaid.

The loan is secured by the West River Townhomes. In the event of default, failing to comply with the provisions of the loan agreement, the borrower may be required to pay Minnesota Housing Finance Agency the amount of the loan balance.

The following is a schedule of long-term debt for at December 31, 2024.

Type of Indebtedness	Final Maturity	Installment Amounts	Interest Rates (Percent)	Original Issue Amount	Balance ecember 31 2024
MHFA mortgage loan	N/A	N/A	-	\$ 800,000	\$ 800,000
Greater Minnesota Housing Fund	2037	N/A	-	217,300	217,300
Minnesota Housing Finance	2028	N/A	-	1,400,000	 1,400,000
Total Long-Term Debt					\$ 2,417,300

C. Changes in Long-Term Liabilities

Long-term liability activity for the year ended December 31, 2024, was as follows:

]	Beginning Balance	Add	itions	s Reductions			Ending Balance	Due Within One Year	
MHFA mortgage loan Greater Minnesota Housing Fund Minnesota Housing Finance	\$	800,000 217,300 1,400,000	\$	- - -	\$	- - -	\$	800,000 217,300 1,400,000	\$	- - -
Business-Type Activity Long-Term Liabilities	\$	2,417,300	\$	_	\$	-	\$	2,417,300	\$	-

C. <u>Summary of Significant Contingencies and Other Items</u>

1. Risk Management

The EDA is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, or destruction of assets; errors or omissions; or natural disasters. The EDA is covered under Becker County's membership in the Minnesota Counties Intergovernmental Trust and through the purchase of commercial insurance. There were no significant reductions in insurance from the prior year. The amount of settlements did not exceed insurance coverage for the past three fiscal years.

2. <u>Contingent Liabilities</u>

Amounts received or receivable from grant agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, principally the federal government. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of the expenditures that may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time, although the EDA expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

3. Liens Receivable

Community Development Block Grant programs provided funds for economic development and rehabilitation of residences of qualifying low-income individuals. Provisions of the rehabilitation contracts resulted in loans to the homeowners secured by liens against the property. Those not requiring repayment until the property is sold or the owner dies are not recorded in the financial statements.

4. <u>Minnesota Housing Trust Fund Loans</u>

The EDA received loans from the Minnesota Housing Finance Agency Housing Trust Fund Program, the proceeds of which are for rental units for low-income persons. After ten years, these loans are forgiven by the state at a rate of five percent annually. The loans are for 30 years at zero percent interest. A summary of these loans which are not shown on the balance sheet are as follows:

Loan dated December 30, 1994 with a final	
maturity of December 30, 2024	\$ 3,058
Loan dated May 29, 2003 with a final maturity	
of May 29, 2033	13,046
Total	\$ 16,104

5. Minnesota Housing Revolving Fund Programs

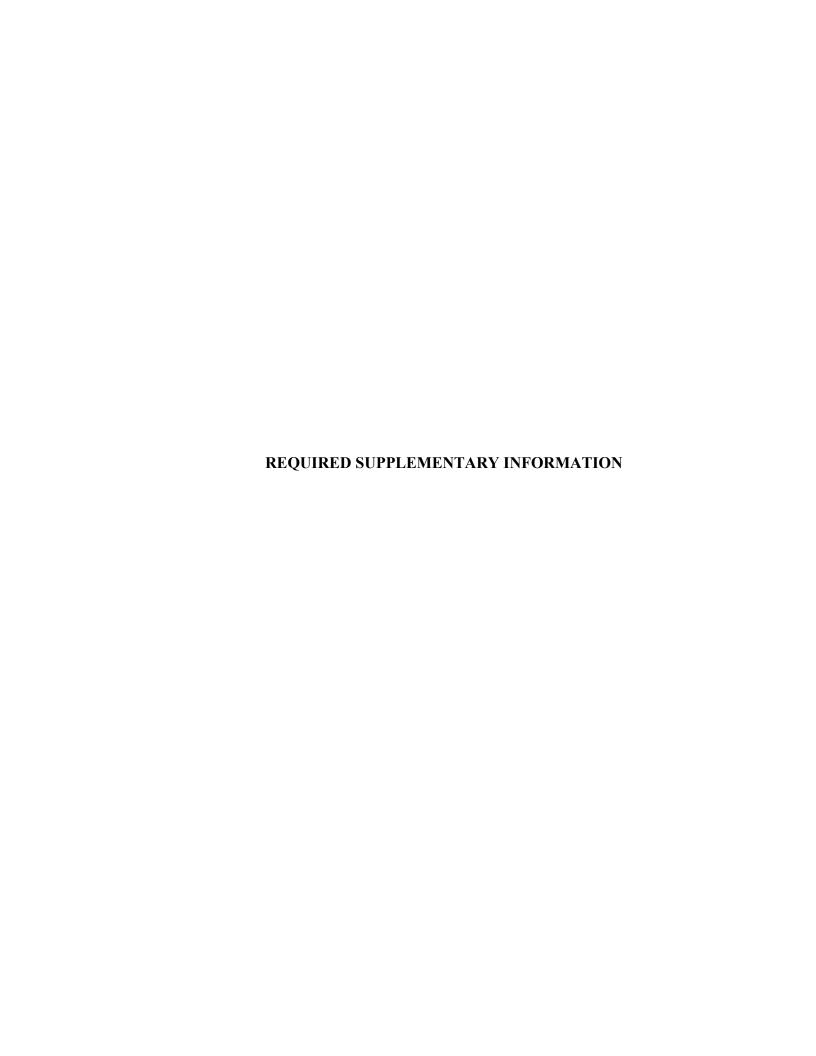
The EDA received grants from the Minnesota Housing Finance Agency (MHFA) to be used to construct homes for low-income residents of Becker County. When the houses are sold, the grant amounts become revolving funds to build additional housing. The EDA chose to discontinue these programs, and the revolving funds were returned to the MHFA. The amounts received and balances on hand at December 31, 2024 are as follows:

Contract

	Original Grant	evolving und Cash	f	for Deed Receivable		
Federal Home Minnesota Urban and Rural Homestead Loan State Home Minnesota Urban	\$ 1,810,100	\$ 853,148	\$	151,431		
and Rural Homesteading Loan	196,185	 96,928		116,606		
Total	\$ 2,006,285	\$ 950,076	\$	268,037		

6. Housing Program

The EDA has 74 units of Section 8 existing housing assistance payments (C-4101E). The EDA also has a contract with the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development to operate 25 dwelling units for lower-income housing (C-4161).



BECKER COUNTY DETROIT LAKES, MINNESOTA BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE – GENERAL FUND – EXHIBIT A-1 YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

	Budgeted Amounts		Actual		Variance with		
	 Original		Final		Amounts	Final Budget	
Revenues	 	_					
Taxes	\$ 5,387,847	\$	5,387,847	\$	5,236,381	\$	(151,466)
Licenses and permits	325,644		325,644		421,253		95,609
Intergovernmental	3,641,146		3,641,146		4,525,728		884,582
Charges for services	1,030,560		1,030,560		1,218,896		188,336
Fines and forfeits	11,600		11,600		46,924		35,324
Investment earnings	300,000		300,000		2,297,148		1,997,148
Miscellaneous	 156,020		156,020		218,226		62,206
Total Revenues	\$ 10,852,817	\$	10,852,817	\$	13,964,556	\$	3,111,739
Expenditures							
Current							
General government							
Commissioners	\$ 341,098	\$	341,098	\$	362,140	\$	(21,042)
Courts	46,250		46,250		59,452		(13,202)
County administrator	278,218		278,218		315,734		(37,516)
General administration	-		-		56,790		(56,790)
Auditor-Treasurer	933,007		933,007		1,593,122		(660,115)
License bureau	289,057		289,057		299,280		(10,223)
County assessor	521,238		521,238		502,474		18,764
Data processing	943,583		943,583		901,857		41,726
Elections	259,906		259,906		261,264		(1,358)
Human resources management	274,638		274,638		253,955		20,683
Attorney	1,477,158		1,477,158		1,240,107		237,051
Contracted legal services	123,200		123,200		140,400		(17,200)
Law library	37,100		37,100		29,574		7,526
Recorder	491,942		491,942		514,529		(22,587)
Surveyor	-		-		97,337		(97,337)
Planning and zoning	536,576		536,576		517,370		19,206
Buildings and plant	825,571		825,571		933,007		(107,436)
Veterans service officer	267,753		267,753		100,676		167,077
Unallocated	 570,000		570,000		920,189		(350,189)
Total general government	\$ 8,216,295	\$	8,216,295	\$	9,099,257	\$	(882,962)

BECKER COUNTY DETROIT LAKES, MINNESOTA BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE – GENERAL FUND – EXHIBIT A-1 (CONTINUED) YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

	Budgeted Amounts		Actual		Variance with		
		Original	Final	Amounts		Final Budget	
Expenditures							
Current (Continued)							
Public transportation							
Transit	\$	777,545	\$ 777,545	\$	734,008	\$	43,537
Airport		265,978	 265,978		109,299		156,679
Total public transportation	\$	1,043,523	\$ 1,043,523	\$	843,307	\$	200,216
Health							
Nursing service	\$	15,750	\$ 15,750	\$	16,114	\$	(364)
Culture and recreation							
Historical society	\$	103,289	\$ 103,289	\$	115,487	\$	(12,198)
Senior citizens		7,591	7,591		20,954		(13,363)
Agassiz regional library		440,690	 440,690		440,690		-
Total culture and recreation	\$	551,570	\$ 551,570	\$	577,131	\$	(25,561)
Conservation of natural resources							
County extension	\$	188,685	\$ 188,685	\$	200,308	\$	(11,623)
Aquatic invasive species		339,887	339,887		542,407		(202,520)
Soil and water conservation		332,176	332,176		332,464		(288)
Agricultural society/county fair		20,000	20,000		20,000		-
Water planning		17,844	17,844		35,688		(17,844)
Wetland challenge		33,088	 33,088		96,498		(63,410)
Total conservation of natural							
resources	\$	931,680	\$ 931,680	\$	1,227,365	\$	(295,685)

BECKER COUNTY DETROIT LAKES, MINNESOTA BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE – GENERAL FUND – EXHIBIT A-1 (CONTINUED) YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

	Budgeted Amounts			Actual	Variance with			
		Original		Final	Amounts		Final Budget	
Expenditures (Continued)				_		_		
Economic development								
Administration	\$	19,632	\$	19,632	\$	42,672	\$	(23,040)
Capital outlay								
General government	\$	527,367	\$	527,367	\$	665,776	\$	(138,409)
Debt service								
Principal	\$	-	\$	-	\$	30,796	\$	(30,796)
Interest						1,791		(1,791)
Total debt service	\$	-	\$	-	\$	32,587	\$	(32,587)
Total Expenditures	\$	11,305,817	\$	11,305,817	\$	12,504,209	\$	(1,198,392)
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	(453,000)	\$	(453,000)	\$	1,460,347	\$	1,913,347
Fund Balance - January 1						19,159,652		
Fund Balance - December 31					\$	20,619,999		

BECKER COUNTY DETROIT LAKES, MINNESOTA BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE – PUBLIC SAFETY SPECIAL REVENUE FUND – EXHIBIT A-2 YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

		Budgeted	geted Amounts Actual		Actual	Variance with		
		Original		Final		Amounts	Fir	nal Budget
Revenues		_		_		_		_
Taxes	\$	10,285,798	\$	10,285,798	\$	10,036,848	\$	(248,950)
Licenses and permits		41,000		41,000		35,623		(5,377)
Intergovernmental		1,000,467		1,000,467		1,055,169		54,702
Charges for services		684,500		684,500		688,339		3,839
Fines and forfeits		15,000		15,000		122,295		107,295
Gifts and contributions		14,000		14,000		55,871		41,871
Miscellaneous		70,000		70,000		47,482		(22,518)
Total Revenues	\$	12,110,765	\$	12,110,765	\$	12,041,627	\$	(69,138)
Expenditures								
Current								
Public safety								
Sheriff	\$	5,409,711	\$	5,409,711	\$	5,836,858	\$	(427,147)
Boat and water safety		101,552		101,552		104,058		(2,506)
Emergency services		86,411		86,411		79,854		6,557
Coroner		83,682		83,682		90,524		(6,842)
Jail		5,220,010		5,220,010		5,084,131		135,879
Probation and parole		468,086		468,086		471,761		(3,675)
Sentence to serve	_	109,032		109,032		94,282		14,750
Total public safety	\$	11,478,484	\$	11,478,484	\$	11,761,468	\$	(282,984)
Capital Outlay								
Public safety	\$	547,000	\$	547,000	\$	865,107	\$	(318,107)
Debt service Interest		_		_		119		(119)
		12 025 404		12.025.404			Φ.	
Total Expenditures		12,025,484		12,025,484	\$	12,626,694	\$	(601,210)
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	85,281	\$	85,281	\$	(585,067)	\$	(670,348)
Fund Balance - January 1						3,392,886		
Fund Balance - December 31					\$	2,807,819		

BECKER COUNTY DETROIT LAKES, MINNESOTA BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE – ROAD AND BRIDGE SPECIAL REVENUE FUND – EXHIBIT A-3 YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

	Budgeted			unts		Actual	Variance with		
		Original		Final		Amounts	Fi	nal Budget	
Revenues									
Taxes	\$	2,312,314	\$	2,312,314	\$	2,242,491	\$	(69,823)	
Sales tax		3,650,000		3,650,000		3,490,413		(159,587)	
Licenses and permits		15,000		15,000		16,700		1,700	
Intergovernmental		9,566,145		9,566,145		9,052,880		(513,265)	
Charges for services		250,000		250,000		673,632		423,632	
Miscellaneous		653,000		653,000		1,372,564		719,564	
Total Revenues	\$	16,446,459	\$	16,446,459	\$	16,848,680	\$	402,221	
Expenditures									
Current									
Highways and streets									
Administration	\$	455,793	\$	455,793	\$	432,943	\$	22,850	
Maintenance		3,654,112		3,654,112		4,090,194		(436,082)	
Equipment maintenance and shops		1,604,464		1,604,464		1,799,265		(194,801)	
Other highways and streets						21,021		(21,021)	
Total highways and streets	\$	5,714,369	\$	5,714,369	\$	6,343,423	\$	(629,054)	
Intergovernmental									
Highways and streets	\$		\$		\$	1,258,028	\$	(1,258,028)	
Capital outlay									
Highways and streets	\$	10,732,090	\$	10,732,090	\$	11,359,929	\$	(627,839)	
Debt service									
Interest	\$		\$		\$	26	\$	(26)	
Total Expenditures	\$	16,446,459	\$	16,446,459	\$	18,961,406	\$	(2,514,947)	
Excess of Revenues (Under) Expenditures		-		-		(2,112,726)		(2,112,726)	
Other Financing Sources									
Proceeds from leases	\$	_	\$	_	\$	2,575	\$	2,575	
Trocceds from reases	Ψ		Ψ		Ψ	2,373	Ψ	2,373	
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$		\$		\$	(2,110,151)	\$	(2,110,151)	
Fund Balance - January 1						680,485			
Fund Balance - December 31					\$	(1,429,666)			

BECKER COUNTY DETROIT LAKES, MINNESOTA BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE – HUMAN SERVICES SPECIAL REVENUE FUND – EXHIBIT A-4 YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

		Budgeted Amounts		Actual	Variance with			
		Original		Final	 Amounts	Final Budget		
Revenues								
Taxes	\$	7,151,761	\$	7,151,761	\$ 7,073,728	\$	(78,033)	
Intergovernmental		9,914,034		9,914,034	9,799,905		(114,129)	
Charges for services		1,651,200		1,651,200	1,532,759		(118,441)	
Gifts and contributions		20,500		20,500	10,708		(9,792)	
Miscellaneous		115,000		115,000	 561,552		446,552	
Total Revenues	_\$	18,852,495	\$	18,852,495	\$ 18,978,652	\$	126,157	
Expenditures								
Current								
Human services								
Income maintenance	\$	4,187,135	\$	4,187,135	\$ 4,356,044	\$	(168,909)	
Social services		12,286,469		12,286,469	11,702,597		583,872	
Collaborative		200,000		200,000	 262,596		(62,596)	
Total human services	\$	16,673,604	\$	16,673,604	\$ 16,321,237	\$	352,367	
Health								
Nursing service	\$	2,178,891	\$	2,178,891	\$ 2,082,537	\$	96,354	
Debt service								
Interest	\$		\$		\$ 331	\$	(331)	
Total Expenditures	_\$	18,852,495	\$	18,852,495	\$ 18,404,105	\$	448,390	
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	_	\$	_	\$ 574,547	\$	574,547	
Fund Balance - January 1					 10,902,941			
Fund Balance - December 31					\$ 11,477,488			

BECKER COUNTY DETROIT LAKES, MINNESOTA BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE – ENVIRONMENTAL AFFAIRS SPECIAL REVENUE FUND – EXHIBIT A-5 YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

	Budgeted Amounts			unts	Actual	Variance with	
		Original		Final	Amounts	Fi	nal Budget
Revenues	<u> </u>						
Special assessments	\$	1,960,000	\$	1,960,000	\$ 1,769,347	\$	(190,653)
Intergovernmental		202,353		202,353	454,492		252,139
Charges for services		3,723,500		3,723,500	3,987,726		264,226
Miscellaneous		538,600		538,600	 730,449		191,849
Total Revenues	\$	6,424,453	\$	6,424,453	\$ 6,942,014	\$	517,561
Expenditures							
Current							
Sanitation							
Solid waste	\$	3,531,872	\$	3,531,872	\$ 3,725,803	\$	(193,931)
Recycling		1,996,841		1,996,841	1,032,972		963,869
Hazardous waste		251,697		251,697	264,447		(12,750)
Total Current Expenditures	\$	5,780,410	\$	5,780,410	\$ 5,023,222	\$	757,188
Capital outlay							
Sanitation	\$	111,000	\$	111,000	\$ 334,347	\$	(223,347)
Total Expenditures	\$	5,891,410	\$	5,891,410	\$ 5,357,569	\$	533,841
Excess of Revenues Over (Under)							
Expenditures	\$	533,043	\$	533,043	\$ 1,584,445	\$	1,051,402
Other Financing Sources (Uses)							
Transfers out	\$	(135,253)	\$	(135,253)	\$ (110,253)	\$	25,000
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	397,790	\$	397,790	\$ 1,474,192	\$	1,076,402
Fund Balance - January 1					 1,146,373		
Fund Balance - December 31					\$ 2,620,565		

BECKER COUNTY DETROIT LAKES, MINNESOTA SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE COUNTY'S TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS – EXHIBIT A-6 LAST TEN MEASUREMENT PERIODS

Total OPEB Liability	_	2024	 2023	_	2022	 2021	_	2020	 2019
Service cost	\$	76,906	\$ 58,002	\$	76,716	\$ 73,425	\$	62,650	\$ 43,088
Interest		55,450	20,061		19,068	24,831		30,918	26,428
Assumption changes		58,535	(181,427)		(5,281)	41,434		62,858	(22,221)
Differences between expected and actual experience		28,419	550,163		35,950	-		(70,652)	-
Benefit payments		(91,025)	 (74,550)		(41,757)	 (49,760)		(57,887)	 (50,403)
Net change in total OPEB liability	\$	128,285	\$ 372,249	\$	84,696	\$ 89,930	\$	27,887	\$ (3,108)
Total OPEB liability - beginning	_	1,354,409	 982,160		897,464	 807,534		779,647	 782,755
Total OPEB liability - ending	\$	1,482,694	\$ 1,354,409	\$	982,160	\$ 897,464	\$	807,534	\$ 779,647
Covered employee payroll	\$	18,308,842	\$ 16,066,455	\$	15,740,318	\$ 15,344,054	\$	14,861,069	\$ 14,732,422
Total OPEB liability as a percentage of payroll		8.1%	8.4%		6.2%	5.8%		5.4%	5.3%

Note 1: No assets are accumulated in a trust.

This schedule is intended to show information for ten years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

BECKER COUNTY DETROIT LAKES, MINNESOTA SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF NET PENSION LIABILITY – PERA GENERAL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT PLAN – EXHIBIT A-7 LAST TEN MEASUREMENT PERIODS

]	Employer's				
Measurement	Employer's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability	P	Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)		State's roportionate hare of the let Pension Liability Associated with Entity Name	Proportionate Share of the Net Pension te Liability and the State's Related Share of the Net Pension		Share of the Net Pension Liability and the State's Related Share of the Net Pension Liability Covered (Asset) Payroll		Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension
Date	(Asset)		(a)		(b)		(a + b)		(c)	(a/c)	Liability
2015 2016	0.1996% 0.2068%	\$	11,251,249 16,791,134	\$	- 219,297	\$	11,251,249 17,010,431	\$	13,013,679 13,001,518	86.46% 129.15%	78.19% 68.91%
2017	0.2133%		13,616,931		171,227		13,788,158		13,741,547	99.09%	75.90%
2018	0.2161%		11,988,342		393,259		12,381,601		14,525,053	82.54%	79.53%
2019	0.2048%		19,822,621		351,964		20,174,585		14,737,657	134.50%	80.23%
2020	0.2063%		12,368,628		381,501		12,750,129		14,899,754	83.01%	79.06%
2021	0.2112%		9,019,187		275,380		9,294,567		15,473,652	58.29%	87.00%
2022	0.2034%		16,109,348		472,331		16,581,679		15,376,027	104.77%	76.70%
2023	0.1826%		11,206,143		319,197		11,525,340		15,358,947	72.96%	83.10%
2024	0.1856%		7,653,696		177,452		7,831,148		15,957,587	47.96%	89.08%

The measurement date for each year is June 30.

BECKER COUNTY DETROIT LAKES, MINNESOTA SCHEDULE OF PENSION CONTRIBUTIONS – PERA GENERAL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT FUND – EXHIBIT A-8 LAST TEN YEARS

Year Ending	Statutor Require Contribut (a)	i ily ed	Actual Contributions in Relation to Statutorily Required Contributions (b)	Contribution (Deficiency) Excess (b-a)	Covered Payroll (c)	Actual Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll (b/c)
2015	\$ 955,	719 \$	955,719	\$ -	\$ 13,018,606	7.34%
2016	1,036,	762	1,024,025	(12,737)	13,823,489	7.41%
2017	1,038,	360	1,038,360	-	13,844,800	7.50%
2018	1,073,	228	1,073,228	-	14,309,712	7.50%
2019	1,092,	532	1,092,532	-	14,567,093	7.50%
2020	1,121,	693	1,121,693	-	14,955,907	7.50%
2021	1,140,	282	1,140,282	-	15,203,760	7.50%
2022	1,149,	602	1,149,602	-	15,328,027	7.50%
2023	1,151,	921	1,151,921	-	15,358,947	7.50%
2024	1,196,	819	1,196,819	-	15,957,587	7.50%

The County's year-end is December 31.

BECKER COUNTY DETROIT LAKES, MINNESOTA SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF NET PENSION LIABILITY – PERA PUBLIC EMPLOYEES POLICE AND FIRE FUND – EXHIBIT A-9 LAST TEN MEASUREMENT PERIODS

Measurement Date	Employer's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)	Propo Shar Net I Lia (A	loyer's rtionate e of the Pension bility sset) (a)	State's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability Associated with Entity Name (b)		Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability and the State's Related Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) (a + b)		Covered Payroll (c)		Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of Covered Payroll (a/c)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position
2015	0.1600%		,817,974	\$	-	\$	1,817,974	\$	1,464,703	124.12%	86.61%
2016	0.1590%	6	,380,947		-		6,380,947		1,530,512	416.92%	63.88%
2017	0.1580%	2	,133,188		-		2,133,188		1,619,229	131.74%	85.43%
2018	0.1641%	1	,749,137		-		1,749,137		1,729,030	101.16%	88.84%
2019	0.1667%	4	,408,403		-		4,408,403		1,762,335	250.15%	89.26%
2020	0.1678%	2	,211,784		52,090		2,263,874		1,895,675	116.68%	87.19%
2021	0.1576%	1	,216,505		54,696		1,271,201		1,923,675	63.24%	93.70%
2022	0.1598%	6	,953,865		303,818		7,257,683		1,969,203	353.13%	70.53%
2023	0.1621%	2	,799,256		112,736		2,911,992		2,348,045	119.22%	86.47%
2024	0.1746%	2	,297,579		87,583		2,385,162		2,510,350	91.52%	90.17%

The measurement date for each year is June 30.

BECKER COUNTY DETROIT LAKES, MINNESOTA SCHEDULE OF PENSION CONTRIBUTIONS – PERA PUBLIC EMPLOYEES POLICE AND FIRE FUND – EXHIBIT A-10 LAST TEN YEARS

Year Ending	F	eatutorily Required ntributions (a)	Con in 1 St F	Actual atributions Relation to catutorily Required atributions (b)	Contril (Defic Exce (b-	iency) ess	Covered Payroll (c)	Actual Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll (b/c)
2015	\$	241,450	\$	241,450	\$	-	\$ 1,490,433	16.20%
2016		265,680		265,680		-	1,640,001	16.20%
2017		268,296		268,296		_	1,656,151	16.20%
2018		277,503		277,503		_	1,712,983	16.20%
2019		311,763		311,763		-	1,839,310	16.95%
2020		327,562		327,562		-	1,850,633	17.70%
2021		337,060		337,060		-	1,904,294	17.70%
2022		348,549		348,549		-	1,969,203	17.70%
2023		415,604		415,604		-	2,348,045	17.70%
2024		444,332		444,332		-	2,510,350	17.70%

The County's year-end is December 31.

SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF NET PENSION LIABILITY (ASSET) – PERA PUBLIC EMPLOYEES CORRECTIONAL PLAN – EXHIBIT A-11 LAST TEN MEASUREMENT PERIODS

Measurement Date	Employer's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)	Pro Sh Ne I	nployer's portionate are of the et Pension Liability (Asset) (a)	Covered Payroll (b)	Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of Covered Payroll (a/b)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability		
2015	0.740%	\$	114,404	\$ 1,337,132	8.56%	96.95%		
2016	0.730%		2,666,792	1,380,245	193.21%	58.16%		
2017	0.710%		2,023,507	1,428,232	141.68%	67.89%		
2018	0.710%		117,800	1,444,846	8.15%	97.64%		
2019	0.727%		100,627	1,567,176	6.42%	98.17%		
2020	0.756%		204,997	1,643,854	12.47%	96.67%		
2021	0.779%		(128,041)	1,817,264	7.05%	101.60%		
2022	0.801%		2,663,852	1,815,120	146.76%	74.58%		
2023	0.808%		365,300	1,837,657	19.88%	95.94%		
2024	0.868%		264,559	2,352,994	11.24%	97.55%		

The measurement date for each year is June 30.

BECKER COUNTY DETROIT LAKES, MINNESOTA SCHEDULE OF PENSION CONTRIBUTIONS – PERA PUBLIC EMPLOYEES CORRECTIONAL PLAN – EXHIBIT A-12 LAST TEN YEARS

Year Ending	F	tatutorily Required ntributions (a)	Con in F St R	Actual tributions Relation to atutorily equired atributions (b)	Contribution (Deficiency) Excess (b-a)		Covered Payroll (c)	Actual Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll (b/c)
2015	\$	117,451	\$	117,451	\$ -	=	\$ 1,342,302	8.75%
2016		129,366		129,366	-	-	1,478,468	8.75%
2017		120,902		120,902	-	-	1,381,737	8.75%
2018		126,362		126,362	-		1,444,133	8.75%
2019		142,638		142,638	-	-	1,630,149	8.75%
2020		148,500		148,500	-	-	1,697,143	8.75%
2021		153,028		153,028	-	-	1,748,891	8.75%
2022		158,823		158,823	-	-	1,815,120	8.75%
2023		160,795		160,795	-	-	1,837,657	8.75%
2024		205,887		205,887	-	-	2,352,994	8.75%

The County's year-end is December 31.

1. <u>Budgetary Information</u>

Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles for all governmental funds. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year-end.

On or before mid-August of each year, all departments and agencies submit requests for appropriations to the County Administrator so that a budget can be prepared. Before September 30, the proposed budget is presented to the County Board for review. The Board holds public hearings, and a final budget must be prepared and adopted no later than December 31.

The Board of County Commissioners adopts an annual budget for the general fund and all major special revenue funds. The expenditure budget is approved at the fund level, the legal level of budgetary control. During the year, the Board made budgetary amendments.

2. Excess of Expenditures Over Budget

The following major governmental funds had expenditures in excess of budget for the year ended December 31, 2024:

	Expenditures		F	inal Budget	Excess		
General Fund	\$	12,504,209	\$	11,305,817	\$	1,198,392	
Public Safety		12,626,694		12,025,484		601,210	
Road and Bridge		18,961,406		16,446,459		2,514,947	
Gravel Tax		36,762		-		36,762	
Natural Resource Management		502,774		425,413		77,361	

3. Other Postemployment Benefits

The following changes in assumptions were reflected for the year ended December 31:

2024

- The health care trend rates were changed to better anticipate short term and long term medical increases.
- The discount rate was changed from 4.00% to 3.70%.

2023

- The inflation rate was changed from 2.00% to 2.50%.
- The discount rate was changed from 2.00% to 4.00%.

2022

• The health care trend rates were changed to better anticipate short term and long term medical increases.

- The mortality tables were updated from the Pub-2010 Public Retirement Plans Headcount-Weighted Mortality Tables (General, Safety) with MP-2019 Generational Improvement Scale to the Pub-2010 Public Retirement Plans Headcount-Weighted Mortality Tables (General, Safety) with MP-2021 Generational Improvement Scale.
- The salary increase rates were updated to reflect the latest experience study.
- The retirement and withdrawal rates were updated to reflect the latest experience study.
- The inflation rate was changed from 2.50% to 2.00%.

2021

• The discount rate was changed from 2.9% to 2.0%.

2020

- The health care trend rates were changed to better anticipate short term and long term medical increases.
- The mortality tables were updated from the RP-2014 Mortality Tabs with MP-2017 Generational Improvement Scale to the Pub-2010 Public Retirement Plans Headcount-Weighted Mortality Tables with MP-2019 Generational Improvement Scale.
- The salary increase rates were changed from a flat 3.00% per year for all employees to rates which vary by service and employee classification.
- The discount rate was changed from 3.80% to 2.90%.
- The Correctional employee decrements and salary increase rates were changed to be the same as Public Safety instead of General employees.
- These changes increased the liability \$62,858.

2019

• The discount rate was changed from 3.3% to 3.8%.

2018

- The health care trend rates were changed to better anticipate short term and long-term medical increases.
- The mortality tables were updated from the RP-2014 White Collar Mortality Tables with MP-2014 Generational Improvement Scale (with Blue Collar adjustment for Police and Fire Personnel) to the RP-2014 White Collar Mortality Tables with MP-2017 Generational Improvement Scale (with Blue Collar adjustment for Police and Fire Personnel).
- The retirement and withdrawal tables for all employees were updated.
- The discount rate was changed from 4.50% to 3.30%.
- The post-employment medical subsidy for one pre-age 50 Police Officer injured in the line of duty was valued for two years at January 1, 2014 and for ten years at January 1, 2018.

4. <u>Defined Benefit Pension Plans - Changes in Significant Plan Provisions, Actuarial Methods, and Assumptions</u>

The following changes were reflected in the valuation performed on behalf of the Public Employees Retirement Association for the year ended June 30:

General Employees Fund

2024 Changes

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions:

- Rates of merit and seniority were adjusted, resulting in slightly higher rates.
- Assumed rates of retirement were adjusted as follows: increase the rate of assumed unreduced retirements, slight adjustments to Rule of 90 retirement rates, and slight adjustments to early retirement rates for Tier 1 and Tier 2 members.
- Minor increase in assumed withdrawals for males and females.
- Lower rates of disability.
- Continued use of Pub-2010 general mortality table with slight rate adjustments as recommended in the most recent experience study
- Minor changes to form of payment assumptions for male and female retirees.
- Minor changes to assumptions made with respect to missing participant data.

Changes in Plan Provisions:

• The workers' compensation offset for disability benefits was eliminated. The actuarial equivalent factors updated to reflect the changes in assumptions.

2023 Changes

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions

• The investment return assumption and single discount rate were changed from 6.5 percent to 7.00 percent.

Changes in Plan Provisions

- An additional one-time direct state aid contribution of \$170.1 million will be contributed to the Plan on October 1, 2023.
- The vesting period of those hired after June 30, 2010, was changed from five years of allowable service to three years of allowable service.
- The benefit increase delay for early retirements on or after January 1, 2024, was eliminated.
- A one-time, non-compounding benefit increase of 2.5 percent minus the actual 2024 adjustment will be payable in a lump sum for calendar year 2024 by March 31, 2024.

2022 Changes

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions

• The mortality improvement scale was changed from Scale MP-2020 to Scale MP-2021.

Changes in Plan Provisions

• There have been no changes since the prior valuation.

2021 Changes

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions

- The investment return and single discount rates were changed from 7.50% to 6.50%, for financial reporting purposes.
- The mortality improvement scale was changed from Scale MP-2019 to Scale MP-2020. Changes in Plan Provisions
- There have been no changes since the prior valuation.

2020 Changes

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions

- The price inflation assumption was decreased from 2.50% to 2.25%.
- The payroll growth assumption was decreased from 3.25% to 3.00%.
- Assumed salary increase rates were changed as recommended in the June 30, 2019 experience study. The net effect is assumed rates that average 0.25% less than previous rates.
- Assumed rates of retirement were changed as recommended in the June 30, 2019 experience study. The changes result in more unreduced (normal) retirements and slightly fewer Rule of 90 and early retirements.
- Assumed rates of termination were changed as recommended in the June 30, 2019 experience study. The new rates are based on service and are generally lower than the previous rates for years 2-5 and slightly higher thereafter.
- Assumed rates of disability were changed as recommended in the June 30, 2019 experience study. The change results in fewer predicted disability retirements for males and females.
- The base mortality table for healthy annuitants and employees was changed from the RP-2014 table to the Pub-2010 General Mortality table, with adjustments. The base mortality table for disabled annuitants was changed from the RP-2014 disabled annuitant mortality table to the PUB-2010 General/Teacher disabled annuitant mortality table, with adjustments.
- The mortality improvement scale was changed from Scale MP-2018 to Scale MP-2019.
- The assumed spouse age difference was changed from two years older for females to one year older.
- The assumed number of married male new retirees electing the 100% Joint & Survivor option changed from 35% to 45%. The assumed number of married female new retirees electing the 100% Joint & Survivor option changed from 15% to 30%. The corresponding number of married new retirees electing the Life annuity option was adjusted accordingly.

Changes in Plan Provisions

• Augmentation for current privatized members was reduced to 2.0% for the period July 1, 2020 through December 31, 2023 and 0.0% after. Augmentation was eliminated for privatizations occurring after June 30, 2020.

2019 Changes

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions

• The morality projection scale was changed from MP-2017 to MP-2018.

Changes in Plan Provisions

• The employer supplemental contribution was changed prospectively, decreasing from \$31.0 million to \$21.0 million per year. The State's special funding contribution was changed prospectively, requiring \$16.0 million due per year through 2031.

2018 Changes

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions

- The morality projection scale was changed from MP-2015 to MP-2017.
- The assumed benefit increase was changed from 1.00 percent per year through 2044 and 2.50 percent per year thereafter to 1.25 percent per year.

Changes in Plan Provisions

- The augmentation adjustment in early retirement factors is eliminated over a five-year period starting July 1, 2019, resulting in actuarial equivalence after June 30, 2024.
- Interest credited on member contributions decreased from 4.00 percent to 3.00 percent, beginning July 1, 2018.
- Deferred augmentation was changed to 0.00 percent, effective January 1, 2019. Augmentation that has already accrued for deferred members will still apply.
- Contribution stabilizer provisions were repealed.
- Postretirement benefit increases were changed from 1.00 percent per year with a provision to increase to 2.50 percent upon attainment of 90.00 percent funding ratio to 50.00 percent of the Social Security Cost of Living Adjustment, not less than 1.00 percent and not more than 1.50 percent, beginning January 1, 2019.
- For retirements on or after January 1, 2024, the first benefit increase is delayed until the retiree reaches normal retirement age; does not apply to Rule of 90 retirees, disability benefit recipients, or survivors.
- Actuarial equivalent factors were updated to reflect revised mortality and interest assumptions.

2017 Changes

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions

• The combined service annuity (CSA) loads were changed from 0.80 percent for active members and 60.00 percent for vested and nonvested deferred members. The revised CSA load are now 0.00 percent for active member liability, 15.00 percent for vested deferred member liability, and 3.00 percent for nonvested deferred member liability.

• The assumed postretirement benefit increase rate was changed for 1.00 percent per year for all years to 1.00 percent per year through 2044 and 2.50 percent per year thereafter.

Changes in Plan Provisions

- The State's contribution for the Minneapolis Employees Retirement Fund equals \$16,000,000 in 2017 and 2018, and \$6,000,000 thereafter.
- The Employer Supplemental Contribution for the Minneapolis Employees Retirement Fund changed from \$21,000,000 to \$31,000,000 in calendar years 2019 to 2031. The state's contribution changed from \$16,000,000 to \$6,000,000 in calendar years 2019 to 2031.

2016 Changes

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions

- The assumed postretirement benefit increase rate was changed from 1.00 percent per year through 2035 and 2.50 percent per year thereafter to 1.00 percent per year for all years.
- The assumed investment return was changed from 7.90 percent to 7.50 percent. The single discount rate changed from 7.90 percent to 7.50 percent.
- Other assumptions were changed pursuant to the experience study June 30, 2015. The assumed future salary increases, payroll growth, and inflation were decreased by 0.25 percent to 3.25 percent for payroll growth and 2.50 percent for inflation. Changes in Plan Provisions
- There have been no changes since the prior valuation.

Changes in Plan Provisions

• There have been no changes since the prior valuation.

2015 Changes

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions

• The assumed postretirement benefit increase rate was changed from 1.00 percent per year through 2030 and 2.50 percent per year thereafter to 1.00 percent per year through 2035 and 2.50 percent per year thereafter.

Changes in Plan Provisions:

• On January 1, 2015, the Minneapolis Employees Retirement Fund was merged into the General Employees Fund, which increased the total pension liability by \$1.1 billion and increase the fiduciary plan net position by \$892 million. Upon consolidation, state and employer contributions were revised; the State's contribution of \$6.0 million, which meets the special funding situation definition, was due September 2015.

Police and Fire Fund

2024 Changes

Changes in Plan Provisions

- The State contribution of \$9.0 million per year will continue until the earlier of 1) both the Police & Fire Plan and the State Patrol Retirement Fund attain 90% funded status for three consecutive years (on an actuarial value of assets basis) or 2) July 1, 2048. The contribution was previously due to expire after attaining a 90% funded status for one year.
- The additional \$9.0 million contribution will continue until the Police & Fire Plan is fully funded for a minimum of three consecutive years on an actuarial value of assets basis, or July 1, 2048, whichever is earlier. This contribution was previously due to expire upon attainment of fully funded status on an actuarial value of assets basis for one year (or July 1, 2048 if earlier).

2023 Changes

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions

- The investment return assumption was changed from 6.5% to 7.00%.
- The single discount rate changed from 5.4% to 7.0%.

Changes in Plan Provisions

- Additional one-time direct state aid contribution of 19.4 million will be contributed to the Plan on October 1, 2023.
- Vesting requirement for new hires after June 30, 2014, was changed from a graded 20-year vesting schedule to a graded 10-year vesting schedule, with 50% vesting after five years, increasing incrementally to 100% after 10 years.
- A one-time, non-compounding benefit increase of 3.0% will be payable in a lump sum for calendar year 2024 by March 31, 2024.
- Psychological treatment is required effective July 1, 2023, prior to approval for a duty disability benefit for a psychological condition relating to the member's occupation.
- The total and permanent duty disability benefit was increased, effective July 1, 2023.

2022 Changes

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions

- The mortality improvement scale was changed from Scale MP-2020 to Scale MP-2021.
- The single discount rate changed from 6.50% to 5.40%.

Changes in Plan Provisions

• There have been no changes since the prior valuation.

2021 Changes

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions:

- The investment return and single discount rates were changed from 7.50% to 6.50%, for financial reporting purposes.
- The inflation assumption was changed from 2.50% to 2.25%.

- The payroll growth assumption was changed from 3.25% to 3.00%.
- The base mortality table for healthy annuitants and employees was changed from the RP-2014 table to the Pub-2010 Public Safety Mortality table. The mortality improvement scale was changed from MP-2019 to MP-2020.
- The base mortality table for disabled annuitants was changed from the RP-2014 healthy annuitant mortality table (with future mortality improvement according to Scale MP-2019) to the Pub-2010 Public Safety disabled annuitant mortality table (with future mortality improvement according to Scale MP-2020).
- Assumed rates of salary increase were modified as recommended in the July 14, 2020 experience study. The overall impact is a decrease in gross salary increase rates.
- Assumed rates of retirement were changed as recommended in the July 14, 2020 experience study. The changes result in slightly more unreduced retirements and fewer assumed early retirements.
- Assumed rates of withdrawal were changed from select and ultimate rates to service-based rates. The changes result in more assumed terminations.
- Assumed rates of disability were increased for ages 25-44 and decreased for ages over 49. Overall, proposed rates result in more projected disabilities.
- Assumed percent married for active female members was changed from 60% to 70%. Minor changes to form of payment assumptions were applied.

Changes in Plan Provisions

• There have been no changes since the prior valuation.

2020 Changes

• The morality projection scale was changed from MP-2018 to MP-2019.

Changes in Plan Provisions

• There have been no changes since the prior valuation.

2019 Changes

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions

• The morality projection scale was changed from MP-2017 to MP-2018.

Changes in Plan Provisions

• There have been no changes since the prior valuation.

2018 Changes

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions

• The morality projection scale was changed from MP-2016 to MP-2017.

Changes in Plan Provisions

- Postretirement benefit increases were changed to 1.00 percent for all years, with no trigger.
- An end date of July 1, 2048 was added to the existing \$9.0 million state contribution.

- New annual state aid will equal \$4.5 million in fiscal years 2019 and 2020, and \$9.0 million thereafter until the plan reaches 100 percent funding, or July 1, 2048, if earlier.
- Member contributions were changed from 10.80 percent to 11.30 percent of pay, effective January 1, 2019 and 11.80 percent of pay, effective January 1, 2020.
- Employer contributions were changed from 16.20 percent to 16.95 percent of pay, effective January 1, 2019 and 17.70 percent of pay, effective January 1, 2020.
- Interest credited on member contributions decreased from 4.00 percent to 3.00 percent, beginning July 1, 2018.
- Deferred augmentation was changed to 0.00 percent, effective January 1, 2019. Augmentation that has already accrued for deferred members will still apply.
- Actuarial equivalent factors were updated to reflect revised mortality and interest assumptions.

2017 Changes

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions

- Assumed salary increases were changed as recommended in the June 30, 2016 experience study. The net effect is proposed rates that average 0.34 percent lower than the previous rates.
- Assumed rates of retirement were changed, resulting in fewer retirements.
- The combined service annuity (CSA) load was 30.00 percent for vested and nonvested, deferred members. The CSA has been changed to 33.00 percent for vested members and 2.00 percent for nonvested members.
- The base mortality table for healthy annuitants was changed from the RP-2000 fully generational table to the RP-2014 fully generational table (with a base year of 2006), with male rates adjusted by a factor of 0.96. The mortality improvement scale was changed from Scale AA to Scale MP-2016. The base mortality table for disabled annuitants was changed from the RP-2000 disabled mortality table to the mortality tables assumed for healthy retirees.
- Assumed termination rates were decreased to 3.00 percent for the first three years of service. Rates beyond the select period of three years were adjusted, resulting in more expected terminations overall.
- Assumed percentage of married female members was decreased from 65.00 percent to 60.00 percent.
- Assumed age difference was changed from separate assumptions for male members (wives assumed to be three years younger) and female members (husbands assumed to be four years older) to the assumption that males are two years older than females.
- The assumed percentage of female members electing joint and survivor annuities was increased.
- The assumed postretirement benefit increase rate was changed from 1.00 percent for all years to 1.00 percent per year through 2064 and 2.50 percent thereafter.
- The single discount rate was changed from 5.60 percent per annum to 7.50 percent per annum.

Changes in Plan Provisions

• There have been no changes since the prior valuation.

2016 Changes

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions

- The assumed postretirement benefit increase rate was changed from 1.00 percent per year through 2037 and 2.50 percent per year thereafter to 1.00 percent per year for all future years.
- The assumed investment return was changed from 7.90 percent to 7.50 percent.
- The single discount rate changed from 7.90 percent to 5.60 percent.
- The assumed future salary increases, payroll growth, and inflation were decreased by 0.25 percent to 3.25 percent for payroll growth and 2.50 percent for inflation.

Changes in Plan Provisions

• There have been no changes since the prior valuation.

2015 Changes

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions

• The assumed postretirement benefit increase rate was changed from 1.00 percent per year through 2030 and 2.50 percent per year thereafter to 1.00 percent per year through 2037 and 2.50 percent per year thereafter.

Changes in Plan Provisions:

• The postretirement benefit increase to be paid after the attainment of the 90.00 percent funding threshold was changed from inflation up to 2.50 percent, to a fixed rate of 2.50 percent.

Correctional Fund

2024 Changes

Changes in Plan Provisions

- Employee contribution rates will increase from 5.83% of pay to 6.83% of pay, effective July 1, 2025
- Employer contribution rates will increase from 8.75% of pay to 10.25% of pay, effective July 1, 2025.
- The benefit multiplier changed from 1.9% to 2.2% for service earned after June 30, 2025.

2023 Changes

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions

- The investment return rate was changed from 6.5% to 7.00%.
- The single discount rate changed from 5.42% to 7.0%.

Changes in Plan Provisions

- Additional one-time direct state aid contribution of \$5.3 million will be contributed to the Plan on October 1, 2023.
- A one-time, non-compounding benefit increase of 2.5 percent minus the actual 2024 adjustment will be payable in a lump sum calendar year 2024 by March 31, 2024.
- The maximum benefit increase will revert back to 2.5%. The maximum increase is 1.5% and the Plan's funding ratio improves to 85% for two consecutive years on a market value of assets basis.

2022 Changes

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions

- The mortality improvement scale was changed from Scale MP-2020 to Scale MP-2021.
- The single discount rate change from 6.50% to 5.42%.
- The benefit increase assumption was changed from 2.00% per annum to 2.00% per annum through December 31, 2054 and 1.5% per annum thereafter.

Changes in Plan Provisions

• There have been no changes since the prior valuation.

2021 Changes

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions:

- The investment return and single discount rates were changed from 7.50% to 6.50%, for financial reporting purposes.
- The inflation assumption was changed from 2.50% to 2.25%.
- The payroll growth assumption was changed from 3.25% to 3.00%.
- The base mortality table for healthy annuitants and employees was changed from the RP-2014 table to the Pub-2010 Public Safety Mortality table. The mortality improvement scale was changed from MP-2019 to MP-2020.
- The base mortality table for disabled annuitants was changed from the RP-2014 healthy annuitant mortality table (with future mortality improvement according to Scale MP-2019) to the Pub-2010 Public Safety disabled annuitant mortality table (with future mortality improvement according to Scale MP-2020).
- Assumed rates of salary increase were modified as recommended in the July 10, 2020 experience study. The overall impact is a decrease in gross salary increase rates.
- Assumed rates of retirement were changed as recommended in the July 10, 2020 experience study. The changes result in slightly more unreduced retirements and fewer assumed early retirements.
- Assumed rates of withdrawal were changed as recommended in the July 10, 2020 experience study. The new rates predict more terminations, both in the three-year select period (based on service) and the ultimate rates (based on age).
- Assumed rates of disability lowered.
- Assumed percent married for active members was lowered from 85% to 75%.
- Minor changes to form of payment assumptions were applied.

Changes in Plan Provisions

• There have been no changes since the prior valuation.

2020 Changes

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions

• The morality projection scale was changed from MP-2018 to MP-2019.

Changes in Plan Provisions

• There have been no changes since the prior valuation.

2019 Changes

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions

• The morality projection scale was changed from MP-2017 to MP-2018.

Changes in Plan Provisions

• There have been no changes since the prior valuation.

2018 Changes

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions

- The single discount rate was changed from 5.96 percent per annum to 7.50 percent per annum.
- The morality projection scale was changed from MP-2016 to MP-2017.
- The assumed postretirement benefit increase was changed from 2.50 percent per year to 2.00 percent per year.

Changes in Plan Provisions

- The augmentation adjustment in early retirement factors is eliminated over a five-year period starting July 1, 2019, resulting in actuarial equivalence after June 30, 2024.
- Interest credited on member contributions decreased from 4.00 percent to 3.00 percent, beginning July 1, 2018.
- Deferred augmentation was changed to 0.00 percent, effective January 1, 2019. Augmentation that has already accrued for deferred members will still apply.
- Postretirement benefit increases were changed from 2.50 percent per year with a provision to reduce to 1.00 percent if the funding status declines to a certain level, to 100 percent of the Social Security Cost of Living Adjustment, not less than 1.00 percent and not more than 2.50 percent, beginning January 1, 2019. If the funding status declines to 85.00 percent for two consecutive years or 80.00 percent for one year, the maximum increase will be lowered to 1.50 percent.
- Actuarial equivalent factors were updated to reflect revised mortality and interest assumptions.

2017 Changes

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions

• The base mortality table for healthy annuitants was changed from the RP-2000 fully generational table to the RP-2014 fully generational table (with a base year of 2006),

with male rates adjusted by a factor of 0.96. The mortality improvement scale was changed from Scale AA to Scale MP-2016 and is applied to healthy and disabled members. The base mortality table for disabled annuitants was changed from the RP-2000 disabled mortality table to the RP-2014 disabled annuitant mortality table (with future mortality improvement according to MP-2016).

- The combined service annuity (CSA) load was 30.00 percent for vested and nonvested, deferred members. The CSA has been changed to 35.00 percent for vested members and 1.00 percent for nonvested members.
- The single discount rate was changed from 5.31 percent per annum to 5.96 percent per annum.

Changes in Plan Provisions

• There have been no changes since the prior valuation.

2016 Changes

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions

- The assumed investment return was changed from 7.90 percent to 7.50 percent. The single discount rate changed from 7.90 percent to 5.31 percent.
- The assumed future salary increases, payroll growth, and inflation were decreased by 0.25 percent to 3.25 percent for payroll growth and 2.5 percent for inflation.

Changes in Plan Provisions

• There have been no changes since the prior valuation.

2015 Changes

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions

• There have been no changes since the prior valuation.

Changes in Plan Provisions

• There have been no changes since the prior valuation.



BECKER COUNTY DETROIT LAKES, MINNESOTA NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2024

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

<u>Parks and Recreation</u> - to provide for and report maintenance of County-owned parks and public accesses for the snowmobile trails program and the ski trails program. It is funded in part by a tax levy and by grants from the Department of Natural Resources (DNR) assigned to culture and recreation.

<u>Resource Development</u> - to account for the receipt and expenditure of certain state grants restricted for conservation of natural resources. The DNR funds for tax-forfeited natural resources land are to be used for resource development, forest management, recreational development, and maintenance of County-administered, tax-forfeited lands. In addition, this fund receives a share of net receipts from forfeited tax sales.

<u>County Ditch</u> - to account for and report financing of the construction and repair of the ditch system restricted for conservation of natural resources.

<u>Natural Resource Management</u> - to account for and report the sale or lease of land and sales of timber and wood restricted for conservation of natural resources. The salary and expenditures of the County Land Commissioner and clerical wages are paid from this fund. The net balance in this fund is apportioned at the end of the year.

<u>Gravel Tax</u> - to account for and report restricted revenues from a 21.5 cents per cubic yard or 15 cents per ton production tax on gravel removed from pits in Becker County under the provisions of Minn. Stat. § 298.75.

DEBT SERVICE FUND

<u>Debt Service</u> - to account for and report the accumulation of resources for, and payment of, principal and interest on the long-term debt.

BECKER COUNTY DETROIT LAKES, MINNESOTA COMBINING BALANCE SHEET – NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS – EXHIBIT B-1 DECEMBER 31, 2024

Assets	Special Revenue Debt (Exhibit B-3) Service				Total (Exhibit 3)		
Cash and pooled investments	\$	2,027,235	\$	1,460,515	\$	3,487,750	
Taxes receivable				22.592		22.592	
Current		1.42		22,583		22,583	
Delinquent		143		7,450		7,593	
Special assessments receivable Accounts receivable, net		79,113		_		79,113	
Due from other governments		143,151		_		143,151	
Prepaid items		8,462		_		8,462	
Trepara items		0,402				0,402	
Total Assets	\$	2,258,104	\$	1,490,548	\$	3,748,652	
<u>Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of</u> <u>Resources, and Fund Balances</u>							
Liabilities							
Accounts payable	\$	1,597	\$	_	\$	1,597	
Salaries payable	Ψ	20,817	Ψ	_	Ψ	20,817	
Due to other funds		36,282		-		36,282	
Due to other governments		172,460				172,460	
Total Liabilities	\$	231,156	\$		\$	231,156	
Deferred Inflows of Resources							
Unavailable revenues	\$	143	\$	30,033	\$	30,176	
Fund Balances							
Nonspendable							
Prepaid items	\$	8,462	\$	-	\$	8,462	
Restricted							
Debt service		_		1,460,515		1,460,515	
Gravel pit closure		451,049		-		451,049	
Conservation of natural resources		1,095,534		-		1,095,534	
Assigned		471.760				471.760	
Culture and recreation	-	471,760				471,760	
Total Fund Balances	\$	2,026,805	\$	1,460,515	\$	3,487,320	
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of							
Resources, and Fund Balances	\$	2,258,104	\$	1,490,548	\$	3,748,652	

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS – EXHIBIT B-2 YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

		Special Revenue Exhibit B-4)		Debt Service	 Total Exhibit 5)
Revenues					
Taxes	\$	95,875	\$	1,530,155	\$ 1,626,030
Intergovernmental		331,894		25,238	357,132
Charges for services		20,245		60,000	80,245
Miscellaneous		545,931	_		 545,931
Total Revenues	\$	993,945	\$	1,615,393	\$ 2,609,338
Expenditures					
Current					
Culture and recreation		460,309		-	460,309
Conservation of natural resources		604,231		-	604,231
Intergovernmental					
General government		36,762		-	36,762
Conservation of natural resources		20,231		-	20,231
Debt service					
Principal		-		1,205,000	1,205,000
Interest				489,438	 489,438
Total Expenditures	_\$_	1,121,533	\$	1,694,438	\$ 2,815,971
Excess of Revenues Over (Under)					
Expenditures		(127,588)	\$	(79,045)	\$ (206,633)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Transfers in	\$	-	\$	123,225	\$ 123,225
Transfers out		(12,972)			 (12,972)
Total Other Financing Sources					
(Uses)		(12,972)		123,225	110,253
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	(140,560)	\$	44,180	\$ (96,380)
Fund Balance - January 1		2,167,365		1,416,335	3,583,700
Fund Balance - December 31	\$	2,026,805	\$	1,460,515	\$ 3,487,320

BECKER COUNTY DETROIT LAKES, MINNESOTA COMBINING BALANCE SHEET - NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS - EXHIBIT B-3 DECEMBER 31, 2024

				•	F	Resource		Gravel Tax		Total
\$ 329,070	\$	1,025,797	\$	216	\$	112,167	\$	559,985	\$	2,027,235
143		-		-		-		-		143
		-		-		_		79,113		79,113 143,151
-		6,850				1,612				8,462
\$ 472,364	\$	1,032,647	\$	216	\$	113,779	\$	639,098	\$	2,258,104
\$ 461	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,136	\$	-	\$	1,597
-		-		-				- 35 807		20,817 36,282
-		-		-				· · · · · ·		172,460
	_									. ,
\$ 461	\$		\$		\$	42,646	\$	188,049	\$	231,156
\$ 143	\$	-	\$	-	\$		\$		\$	143
\$ -	\$	6,850	\$	-	\$	1,612	\$	-	\$	8,462
_		_		_		_		451.049		451,049
_		1,025,797		216		69,521		-		1,095,534
 471,760	_	-		-						471,760
\$ 471,760	\$	1,032,647	\$	216	\$	71,133	\$	451,049	\$	2,026,805
\$ 472,364	\$	1,032,647	\$	216	\$	113,779	\$	639,098	\$	2,258,104
\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	\$ 472,364 \$ 472,364 \$ 461 \$ 143 \$ 461 \$ 471,760 \$ 471,760	Recreation Defended \$ 329,070 \$ 143,151 - \$ 472,364 \$ \$ 461 \$ - - \$ 143 \$ \$ - \$ 471,760 \$	Recreation Development \$ 329,070 \$ 1,025,797 143 - - 143,151 - - 6,850 \$ 472,364 \$ 1,032,647 \$ 461 \$ - - \$ 143 \$ - \$ 6,850 - \$ 1,025,797 - 471,760 - \$ 471,760 \$ 1,032,647	Recreation Development I \$ 329,070 \$ 1,025,797 \$ 143 - - 143,151 - - - 6,850 \$ \$ 472,364 \$ 1,032,647 \$ \$ 461 \$ - \$ \$ 461 \$ - \$ \$ 143 \$ - \$ \$ - - - - - - - - - - 1,025,797 471,760 \$ 1,032,647 \$	Recreation Development Ditch \$ 329,070 \$ 1,025,797 \$ 216 143 - - 143,151 - - - 6,850 - \$ 472,364 \$ 1,032,647 \$ 216 \$ 461 \$ - \$ - \$ 461 \$ - \$ - \$ 143 \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ 6,850 \$ - \$ - \$ 1,025,797 216 471,760 - - \$ 471,760 \$ 1,032,647 \$ 216	Parks and Recreation Resource Development County Ditch Head Mark \$ 329,070 \$ 1,025,797 \$ 216 \$ 143 143 - - - 143,151 - - - - 6,850 - - \$ 472,364 \$ 1,032,647 \$ 216 \$ \$ 461 \$ - \$ - \$ \$ 461 \$ - \$ - \$ \$ 461 \$ - \$ - \$ \$ 461 \$ - \$ - \$ \$ 461 \$ - \$ - \$ \$ 143 \$ - \$ - \$ \$ - \$ 6,850 \$ - \$ \$ - \$ 6,850 \$ - \$ \$ - \$ 1,025,797 216 \$ 471,760 \$ 1,032,647 \$ 216 \$	Recreation Development Ditch Management \$ 329,070 \$ 1,025,797 \$ 216 \$ 112,167 143 - - - - - - - 143,151 - - - - 6,850 - 1,612 \$ 472,364 \$ 1,032,647 \$ 216 \$ 113,779 \$ 461 - - - 20,817 - - - 20,817 - - - 20,817 - - - 20,308 \$ 461 \$ - \$ 20,308 \$ 461 \$ - \$ 42,646 \$ 143 \$ - \$ - \$ 6,850 \$ - \$ 1,612 - - - - - 1,025,797 216 69,521 471,760 - - - - - - - -	Parks and Recreation Resource Development County Ditch Resource Management \$ 329,070 \$ 1,025,797 \$ 216 \$ 112,167 \$ 143 - - - - - 143,151 - <td< td=""><td>Parks and Recreation Resource Development County Ditch Resource Management Gravel Tax \$ 329,070 \$ 1,025,797 \$ 216 \$ 112,167 \$ 559,985 143 - - - - 79,113 143,151 - - - - - - - 6,850 - 1,612 - - \$ 472,364 \$ 1,032,647 \$ 216 \$ 113,779 \$ 639,098 \$ 472,364 \$ 1,032,647 \$ 216 \$ 113,779 \$ 639,098 \$ 472,364 \$ 1,032,647 \$ 2. \$ 1,136 \$ - - 20,817 - - 20,817 - - 385 35,897 - 20,308 152,152 \$ 461 \$ - \$ - \$ 20,308 152,152 \$ 45 \$ - \$ 42,646 \$ 188,049 \$ 143 \$ - \$ - \$ 42,646 \$ 188,049 \$ - \$ 6,850 \$ - \$ 1,612 \$ - \$ -</td><td>Parks and Recreation Resource Development County Ditch Resource Management Gravel Tax \$ 329,070 \$ 1,025,797 \$ 216 \$ 112,167 \$ 559,985 \$ 143 - - - - - 79,113 143,151 -</td></td<>	Parks and Recreation Resource Development County Ditch Resource Management Gravel Tax \$ 329,070 \$ 1,025,797 \$ 216 \$ 112,167 \$ 559,985 143 - - - - 79,113 143,151 - - - - - - - 6,850 - 1,612 - - \$ 472,364 \$ 1,032,647 \$ 216 \$ 113,779 \$ 639,098 \$ 472,364 \$ 1,032,647 \$ 216 \$ 113,779 \$ 639,098 \$ 472,364 \$ 1,032,647 \$ 2. \$ 1,136 \$ - - 20,817 - - 20,817 - - 385 35,897 - 20,308 152,152 \$ 461 \$ - \$ - \$ 20,308 152,152 \$ 45 \$ - \$ 42,646 \$ 188,049 \$ 143 \$ - \$ - \$ 42,646 \$ 188,049 \$ - \$ 6,850 \$ - \$ 1,612 \$ - \$ -	Parks and Recreation Resource Development County Ditch Resource Management Gravel Tax \$ 329,070 \$ 1,025,797 \$ 216 \$ 112,167 \$ 559,985 \$ 143 - - - - - 79,113 143,151 -

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS – EXHIBIT B-4 YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

	arks and ecreation	_	Resource evelopment	County Ditch	F	Natural Resource inagement	Gravel Tax	Total
Revenues								
Taxes	\$ 114	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$ 95,761	\$ 95,875
Intergovernmental	244,927		86,967	-		-	-	331,894
Charges for services	17,854		2,387	-		4	-	20,245
Miscellaneous	 13,296		19,943	 		512,692	 	 545,931
Total Revenues	\$ 276,191	\$	109,297	\$ 	\$	512,696	\$ 95,761	\$ 993,945
Expenditures								
Current								
Culture and recreation	460,309		-	-		-	-	460,309
Conservation of natural resources	-		121,688	-		482,543	-	604,231
Intergovernmental								
General government	-		-	-		-	36,762	36,762
Conservation of natural resources	 			 		20,231	 	 20,231
Total Expenditures	\$ 460,309	\$	121,688	\$ 	\$	502,774	\$ 36,762	\$ 1,121,533
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	\$ (184,118)	\$	(12,391)	\$ -	\$	9,922	\$ 58,999	\$ (127,588)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Transfers out	\$ -	\$		\$ 	\$	(12,972)	\$ 	\$ (12,972)
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ (184,118)	\$	(12,391)	\$ -	\$	(3,050)	\$ 58,999	\$ (140,560)
Fund Balance - January 1	 655,878		1,045,038	216		74,183	392,050	 2,167,365
Fund Balance - December 31	\$ 471,760	\$	1,032,647	\$ 216	\$	71,133	\$ 451,049	\$ 2,026,805

BECKER COUNTY DETROIT LAKES, MINNESOTA BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE – PARKS AND RECREATION SPECIAL REVENUE FUND – EXHIBIT B-5 YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

		Budgeted	Amou	ints		Actual	Variance with		
		Original		Final		Amounts	Fin	al Budget	
Revenues									
Taxes	\$	-	\$	-	\$	114	\$	114	
Intergovernmental		310,976		310,976		244,927		(66,049)	
Charges for services		8,500		8,500		17,854		9,354	
Gifts and contributions		2,000		2,000		-		(2,000)	
Miscellaneous		40,000		40,000		13,296		(26,704)	
Total Revenues	\$	361,476	\$	361,476	\$	276,191	\$	(85,285)	
Expenditures									
Current Culture and recreation									
Recreation	\$	609,259	\$	609,259	\$	460,309	\$	148,950	
Tree canon	Ψ	000,220	Ψ	000,200	Ψ	100,505	Ψ	110,550	
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	(247,783)	\$	(247,783)	\$	(184,118)	\$	63,665	
Fund Balance - January 1						655,878			
Fund Balance - December 31					\$	471,760			

BECKER COUNTY DETROIT LAKES, MINNESOTA BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE – RESOURCE DEVELOPMENT SPECIAL REVENUE FUND – EXHIBIT B-6 YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

	Budgeted Amounts			unts	Actual	Variance with		
		Original		Final	 Amounts	Final Budget		
Revenues								
Intergovernmental	\$	91,618	\$	91,618	\$ 86,967	\$	(4,651)	
Charges for services		-		-	2,387		2,387	
Miscellaneous		65,000		65,000	 19,943		(45,057)	
Total Revenues	\$	156,618	\$	156,618	\$ 109,297	\$	(47,321)	
Expenditures Current Conservation of natural resources								
Resource development	\$	331,859	\$	331,859	\$ 121,688	\$	210,171	
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	(175,241)	\$	(175,241)	\$ (12,391)	\$	162,850	
Fund Balance - January 1					1,045,038			
Fund Balance - December 31					\$ 1,032,647			

BECKER COUNTY DETROIT LAKES, MINNESOTA BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE – NATURAL RESOURCE MANAGEMENT SPECIAL REVENUE FUND – EXHIBIT B-7 YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

	Budgeted Amounts Original Final		ints		Actual	Variance with		
		Original		Final	Α	Amounts	Fin	al Budget
Revenues								
Charges for services	\$	-	\$	-	\$	4	\$	4
Miscellaneous		414,000		414,000		512,692		98,692
Total Revenues	\$	414,000	\$	414,000	\$	512,696	\$	98,696
Expenditures								
Current								
Conservation of natural resources								
Tax forfeited sales	\$	425,413	\$	425,413	\$	482,543	\$	(57,130)
Intergovernmental								
Conservation of natural resources	\$		\$		\$	20,231	\$	(20,231)
Total Expenditures	\$	425,413	\$	425,413	\$	502,774	\$	(77,361)
Excess of Revenues Over (Under)								
Expenditures	\$	(11,413)	\$	(11,413)	\$	9,922	\$	176,057
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Transfers out	\$		\$		\$	(12,972)	\$	12,972
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	(11,413)	\$	(11,413)	\$	(3,050)	\$	8,363
Fund Balance - January 1						74,183		
Fund Balance - December 31					\$	71,133		

BECKER COUNTY DETROIT LAKES, MINNESOTA BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE – GRAVEL TAX SPECIAL REVENUE FUND – EXHIBIT B-8 YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

		Budgeted	nts		Actual	Variance with		
	O	riginal		Final	A	mounts	Fin	al Budget
Revenues								
Taxes	\$	49,211	\$	49,211	\$	95,761	\$	46,550
Expenditures								
Intergovernmental								
General government	\$		\$	_	\$	36,762	\$	(36,762)
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	49,211	\$	49,211	\$	58,999	\$	9,788
Fund Balance - January 1						392,050		
Fund Balance - December 31					\$	451,049		

BECKER COUNTY DETROIT LAKES, MINNESOTA BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE – DEBT SERVICE FUND – EXHIBIT B-9 YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

	Budgeted Amounts				Actual		Variance with	
		Original		Final		Amounts	Fin	al Budget
Revenues Taxes Intergovernmental	\$	1,550,458	\$	1,550,458	\$	1,530,155 25,238	\$	(20,303) 25,238
Charges for services		60,000		60,000		60,000		
Total Revenues	\$	1,610,458	\$	1,610,458	\$	1,615,393	\$	4,935
Expenditures								
Debt service								
Principal	\$	1,240,500	\$	1,240,500	\$	1,205,000	\$	35,500
Interest		493,183		493,183		489,438		3,745
Total Expenditures	\$	1,733,683	\$	1,733,683	\$	1,694,438	\$	39,245
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	\$	(123,225)	\$	(123,225)	\$	(79,045)	\$	44,180
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Transfers in	\$	123,225	\$	123,225	\$	123,225	\$	
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$		\$		\$	44,180	\$	44,180
Fund Balance - January 1						1,416,335		
Fund Balance - December 31					\$	1,460,515		

BECKER COUNTY DETROIT LAKES, MINNESOTA COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION – EXHIBIT C-1 FIDUCIARY FUNDS – CUSTODIAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2024

	Penalties	1	State Revenue	Sheriff Inmate
Assets Cash and pooled investments	\$ 869,025	\$	195,865	\$ 78,491
Taxes receivable for other governments Due from other governments	912,264		-	-
Due from primary government Accounts receivable	1,522		-	-
Total Assets	\$ 1,782,811	\$	195,865	\$ 78,491
<u>Liabilities</u>				
Accounts payable Due to other governments	\$ 756,406	\$	195,865	\$ -
Total Liabilities	\$ 756,406	\$	195,865	\$
Deferred Inflows of Resources				
Taxes levied for subsequent period	\$ 46,440	\$		\$ -
Net Position Restricted for:				
Individuals, organizations and other governments	\$ 979,965	\$	_	\$ 78,491

COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION – EXHIBIT C-1 (CONTINUED) FIDUCIARY FUNDS – CUSTODIAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2024

					Total
	Estate	C	'hildren's	(Custodial
R	ecoveries	I	nitiative		Funds
\$	332,872	\$	165,984	\$	1,642,237
	_		_		912,264
	-		4,521		4,521
	=		60,099		60,099
	-		· -		1,522
\$	332,872	\$	230,604	\$	2,620,643
\$	-	\$	2,341	\$	2,341
	332,872		61,838		1,346,981
\$	332,872	\$	64,179	\$	1,349,322
\$		\$	64,620	\$	111,060
\$		\$	101,805	\$	1,160,261

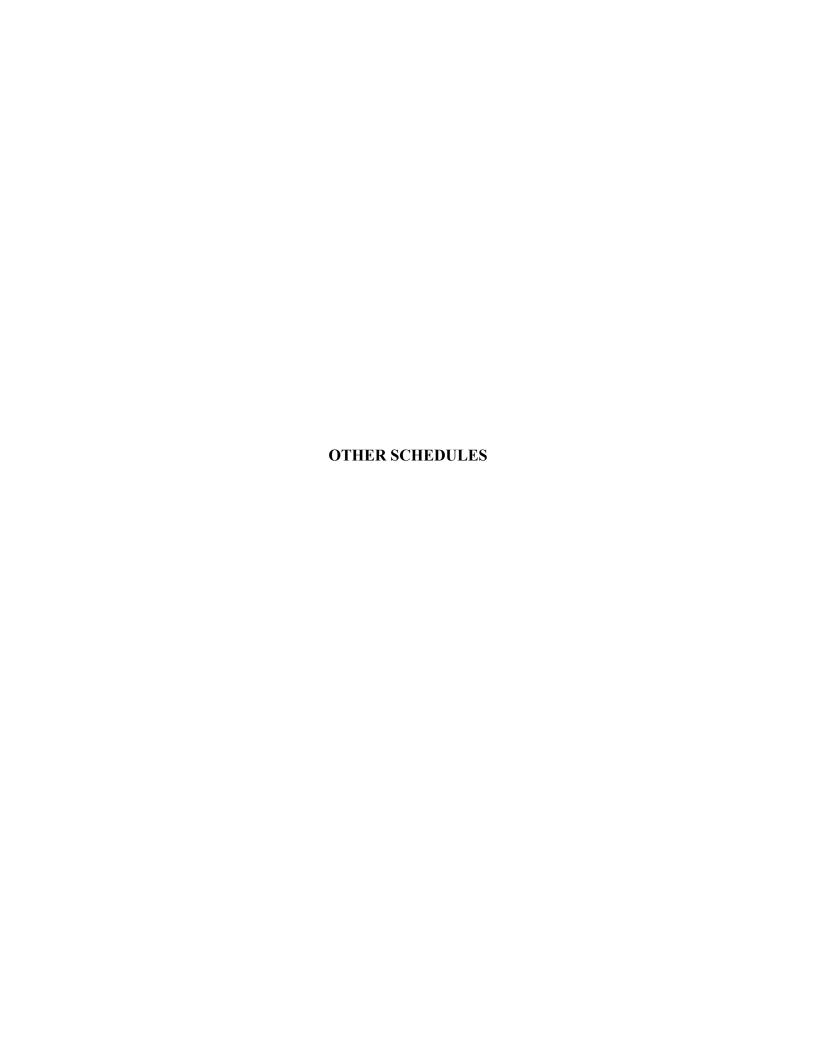
COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION – EXHIBIT C-2 FIDUCIARY FUNDS – CUSTODIAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

	Taxes and		State			Sheriff
Additions		Penalties		Revenue		Inmate
Contributions:						
Individuals	\$	-	\$	-	\$	227,849
Taxes for other governments		40,773,093		-		-
Licenses and fees collected for state		-		5,504,303		-
Grants for other entities				=_		
Total Additions	\$	40,773,093	\$	5,504,303	\$	227,849
Deductions						
Beneficiary payments	\$	_	\$	_	\$	222,973
Payments to state	Ψ	_	4	5,504,303	Ψ	
Payment to the collaborative		-		-		-
Payments to other governments		40,712,392		-		_
Total Deductions	\$	40,712,392	\$	5,504,303	\$	222,973
Net Increase (Decrease) in Fiduciary Net Position	\$	60,701	\$	_	\$	4,876
,		,				,
Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning of Year		919,264			,	73,615
Fiduciary Net Position - End of Year	\$	979,965	\$	-	\$	78,491
Fiduciary Net Position - End of Year	\$	979,965	\$		\$	78,491

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION – EXHIBIT C-2 (CONTINUED)

FIDUCIARY FUNDS – CUSTODIAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

Estate Recoveries		Children's Initiative		Total Custodial Funds		
\$	_	\$	_	\$	227,849	
Ψ	_	Ψ	_	Ψ	40,773,093	
	563,316		_		6,067,619	
	´ -		197,029		197,029	
\$	563,316	\$	197,029	\$	47,265,590	
\$	_	\$	-	\$	222,973	
	563,316		-		6,067,619	
	-		244,637		244,637	
					40,712,392	
\$	563,316	\$	244,637	\$	47,247,621	
\$	-	\$	(47,608)	\$	17,969	
			149,413		1,142,292	
\$		\$	101,805	\$	1,160,261	



BECKER COUNTY DETROIT LAKES, MINNESOTA SCHEDULE OF INTERGOVERNMENTAL REVENUE – EXHIBIT D-1 YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

	Preser		ponent		Total	
Appropriations and Shared Revenue		1 41145				101111
State						
Highway users tax	\$	7,259,021	\$	_	\$	7,259,021
County program aid	Ψ	1,742,188	Ψ	_	Ψ	1,742,188
PERA indirect aid		61,136		_		61,136
Police aid		283,257		_		283,257
Aquatic invasive species		339,887		_		339,887
Riparian buffer aid		106,905		_		106,905
E-911		226,405		_		226,405
Market value credit		315,449		2,730		318,179
Family preservation aid		294,226		-		294,226
Local homeless aid		222,113		-		222,113
Cannabis aid		2,114		-		2,114
Disparity reduction aid		738				738
Total shared revenue	\$	10,853,439	\$	2,730	\$	10,856,169
Reimbursement for Services						
State						
Minnesota Department of Human Services		2,410,946	\$		\$	2,410,946
Payments						
Local						
Payments in lieu of taxes		734,709	\$		\$	734,709
Grants						
State						
Minnesota Department/Board of						
Corrections	\$	132,535	\$	-	\$	132,535
Public Safety		109,632		-		109,632
Transportation		437,298		-		437,298
Health		318,855		-		318,855
Peace Officer Board		17,232		-		17,232
Natural Resources		312,892		-		312,892
Human Services		2,316,758		-		2,316,758
Water and Soil Resources		65,200		-		65,200
Secretary of State		77,207		-		77,207
Information Technology Services		66,368		-		66,368
Minnesota Pollution Control Agency		454,492				454,492
Total state		4,308,469	\$		\$	4,308,469

BECKER COUNTY DETROIT LAKES, MINNESOTA SCHEDULE OF INTERGOVERNMENTAL REVENUE – EXHIBIT D-1 (CONTINUED) YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

Grants (Continued) Federal	Governmental Funds		Discretely Presented Component Unit		<u>Total</u>	
Department of	¢	500.960	ď		¢	500.960
Agriculture	\$	509,860	\$	- 522.020	\$	509,860
Housing and Urban Development		70.210		532,039		532,039
Justice		78,318		-		78,318
Treasury		82,405		-		82,405
Transportation		2,027,035		-		2,027,035
Education		1,050		-		1,050
Health and Human Services		4,134,751		-		4,134,751
Homeland Security		104,324		-		104,324
Total federal	\$	6,937,743	\$	532,039	\$	7,469,782
Total state and federal grants	\$	11,246,212	\$	532,039	\$	11,778,251
Total Intergovernmental Revenue	\$	25,245,306	\$	534,769	\$	25,780,075

BECKER COUNTY DETROIT LAKES, MINNESOTA SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS (CONTINUED) YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

Federal Grantor Pass-Through Agency Program or Cluster Title	Federal Assistance Listing Number	Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number		Total Federal Expenditures		Passed Through to Subrecipients	
U.S. Department of Agriculture Passed Through Partnership4Health Community Health Board WIC Special Supplemental Nutrition Program for Women, Infants, and Children	10.557	232MN004W1003	\$	151,007	\$	-	
Passed Through Minnesota Department of Human Services State Administrative Matching Grants for the Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (Part of SNAP Cluster)	10.561	242MN101S2514		358,853			
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture			\$	509,860	\$		
U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development Direct							
Public and Indian Housing Section 8 Housing Choice Vouchers (Part of Housing Voucher Cluster)	14.850 14.871	N/A - Direct N/A - Direct	\$	83,749 448,290	\$		
Total U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development			\$	532,039	\$		
U.S. Department of Justice Passed Through Minnesota Department of Public Safety Crime Victim Assistant Grant Crime Victim Assistant Grant Crime Victim Assistant Grant Crime Victim Assistant Grant	16.575 16.575 16.575 16.575	F-CVS-2024-BCAO-14160 F-CVS-2024-BCAO-12864 F-CVS-2024-BCAO-13224 F-CVS-2024-BCAO-13714	\$	26,731 21,746 18,968 10,873	\$	- - -	
Total U.S. Department of Justice			<u>\$</u>	78,318	\$	<u> </u>	
U.S. Department of Transportation Passed Through Minnesota Department of Transportation Formula Grants for Rural Areas and Tribal Transit Program Formula Grants for Rural Areas and Tribal Transit Program Formula Grants for Rural Areas and Tribal Transit Program Formula Grants for Rural Areas and Tribal Transit Program Total Formula Grants for Rural Areas and Tribal Transit Program	20.509 20.509 20.509 20.509	Agr#1047979 Agr#1048084 Agr#1051333 Agr#1054516	\$	76,380 3,123 70,036 165,600 315,139	\$	- - - -	
Passed Through Minnesota Department of Public Safety State and Community Highway Safety (Part of Highway Safety Cluster) Minimum Penalties for Repeat Offenders for Driving While Intoxicated Total U.S. Department of Transportation	20.600 20.608	F-ENFRC24-2024-BECKERSO F-ENFRC24-2024-BECKERSO	\$ 	2,481 8,550 326,170	\$ 		
			_3	320,170	3		
U.S. Department of Treasury Direct COVID-19 Local Assistance and Tribal Consistency Fund	21.032	N/A - Direct	<u> </u>	82,405	\$		
U.S. Department of Education Passed Through Partnership4Health Community Health Board Special Education-Grants for Infants and Families	84.181	91-0300-0-1-501	\$	1,050	\$	<u>-</u>	

BECKER COUNTY DETROIT LAKES, MINNESOTA SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS (CONTINUED) YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

	Federal				
Federal Grantor	Assistance	Pass-Through	Total	Passed	
Pass-Through Agency	Listing	Entity Identifying	Federal	Through to	
Grant Program Title	Number	Numbers	Expenditures	Subrecipients	
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services					
Passed Through Partnership4Health Community Health Board					
Medical Reserve Corps Small Grant Program	93.008	Not Provided	\$ 675	\$ -	
Public Health Emergency Preparedness	93.069	NU90TP92206	8,018	-	
Early Hearing Detection and Intervention	93.251	Not Provided	850	-	
Early Hearing Detection and Intervention Information System (EHDI-IS) Surveillance Program	93.314	Not Provided	150		
Epidemiology and Laboratory Capacity for Infections Diseases (ELC)	93.323	NU50CK000508	30,994	-	
Public Health Emergency Response: Cooperative Agreement			,		
for Emergency Response: Public Health Crisis Response	93.354	NU90TP922188	28,205	-	
Temporary Assistance for Needy Families	93.558	2401MNTANF	19,277	_	
(Total Temporary Assistance for Needy Families 93.558 \$338,438)			.,		
Medical Assistance Program (Part of Medicaid Cluster)	93.778	2405MN5ADM	43,811	-	
(Total Medical Assistance Program (Medicaid Cluster) 93.778 \$1,491,232)					
Centers for Disease Control and Prevention Collaboration with Academia to					
Strengthen Public Health	93.967	Not Provided	945	-	
Maternal and Child Health Services Block Grant to the States	93.994	BO4MC32551	29,172	-	
Passed Through Polk-Norman-Mahnomen Community Health Board					
Maternal, Infant and Early Childhood Home Visiting Grant	93.870	X1043589	135,502	_	
material, main and barry contained from Froming crain	75.070	1110 1350)	155,502		
Passed Through Minnesota Department of Human Services					
MaryLee Allen Promoting Safe and Stable Families Program	93.556	2001MNFPSS	77,489	_	
Temporary Assistance for Needy Families	93.558	2401MNTANF	319,161	-	
(Total Temporary Assistance for Needy Families 93.558 \$338,438)					
Child Support Enforcement (Total Child Support Enforcement \$976,688)	93.563	2401MNCEST	852,068	-	
Child Support Enforcement (Total Child Support Enforcement \$976,688)	93.563	2401MNCSES	124,620	-	
Refugee and Entrant Assistance State/Replacement					
Designee Administered Programs	93.566	2401MNRCMA	2,515	-	
Child Care and Development Block Grant (Part of CCDF Cluster) Community-Based Child Abuse Prevention Grants	93.575 93.590	2401MNCCDF 2302MNBCAP	13,164 11,771	-	
Stephanie Tubbs Jones Child Welfare Services Program	93.645	2302MNBCAP 2301MNCWSS	2,954	-	
Foster Care Title IV-E	93.658	2401MNFOST	611,183	-	
Social Services Block Grant	93.667	2401MNSOSR	314,025	_	
John H. Chafee Foster Care Program for Successful Transition to Adulthood	93.674	2301MNCILP	4,038	_	
Children's Health Insurance Program	93.767	2305MN5021	1,024	-	
Medical Assistance Program (Part of Medicaid Cluster)	93.778	2405MN5ADM	1,434,372	-	
Medical Assistance Program (Part of Medicaid Cluster)	93.778	2405MN5MAP	13,049	-	
(Total Medical Assistance Program (Medicaid Cluster) 93.778 \$1,491,232) Block Grants for Community Mental Health Services	93.958	BO9SM087368	1,146		
·	93.936	BO35W087308		 _	
Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services			\$ 4,080,178	<u> </u>	
U.S. Department of Homeland Security					
Passed Through Minnesota Department of Natural Resources					
Boating Safety Financial Assistance	97.012	FY24 FEDERAL BOATING SAFETY EQ	\$ 67,198	\$ -	
Boating Safety Financial Assistance	97.012	FY24 FEDERAL BOATING SAFETY PA	5,500		
Total Boatin Safety Financial Assistance			72,698		
December 1 Thomas 1 Minus and December 1 Public Cofets					
Passed Through Minnesota Department of Public Safety Emergency Management Performance Grants	97.042	F-EMPG-2022-BECKERCO-4387	31,626		
Emergency Management refrontiance Grants	77.042	1-LWI G-2022-BECKERCO-4307	31,020		
Total U.S. Department of Homeland Security			\$ 104,324	\$ -	
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards			\$ 5,714,344	\$ -	
Totals by Cluster:					
Total expenditures for SNAP Cluster	\$ 358,853				
Total expenditures for Housing Choice Voucher Cluster	448,290				
Total expenditures for Highway Safety Cluster	2,481				
Total expenditures for CCDF Cluster	13,164				
Total expenditures for Medicaid Cluster	1,491,232				

BECKER COUNTY DETROIT LAKES, MINNESOTA NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

1. Reporting Entity

The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards and the EDA's presents the activities of federal award programs expended by Becker County and the Becker County Economic Development Authority (EDA), a component unit of the County. For the year ended December 31, 2024, the level of federal funding for the Becker County EDA did not require a separate single audit to be performed for the component unit, which expended \$532,039 in federal awards for the year ended December 31, 2024. The schedule does not include the federal expenditures of the Sunnyside Side Care Center enterprise fund which issues a stand-alone financial statement. The County's reporting entity is defined in Notes 1 and 7 to the financial statements.

2. Basis of Presentation

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards includes the federal grant activity of Becker County under programs of the federal government for the year ended December 31, 2024. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Because the schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of Becker County, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of Becker County.

Expenditures reported on the schedule are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, for all awards. Under the Uniform Guidance, certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.

3. De Minimis Cost Rate

Becker County has elected to not use the 10 percent de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

4. Subrecipients

Becker County did not pass federal funds to subrecipients.

5. Reconciliation to the Schedule of Intergovernmental Revenue:

Federal Grant Revenue per Schedule of Intergovernmental Revenue:	\$ 7,469,782
Expenditures above, not included as revenues on the Schedule of	
Intergovernmental Revenues	(1,821,262)
Revenues included on the Schedule of Intergovernmental Revenue that	
are not considered Federal Grant Expenditures	 65,824
Expenditures per the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	\$ 5,714,344